

Widnessex County Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North Reading, Wakefield, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

VOL. XIX : : No. 15.

WOBURN, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 1, 1870.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
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GEO. H. HUTCHINGS M. D.,

ECLECTIC

Physician and Surgeon,

Graduate of the Medical College of Philadelphia, and University of Medicine and Surgery of Pennsylvania; also, of the Eclectic Medical College of Cincinnati.

LUNGS, HUMORS, CANCERS, AND ALL CHRONIC DISEASES,

Have been treated with unprecedented success by him for the last ten years.

Dr. H. has been so successful in treating all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Spitting of Blood, Coughs, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing, Night Sweats, Wasting of the Flesh, that all who are suffering from any of these symptoms will do well to give him an early call. All diseases of the Stomach and Liver, such as Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Indigestion, Constipation and these symptoms readily yield to his modes of treatment.

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Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, &c., are cured from the blood, and are not left to poison the whole system. Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Lame-ness, from whatever cause, are treated with success by him.

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Which if not arrested is sure to lead to consumption, is quickly and permanently cured by his popular remedies.

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Office hours—12 M. to 2 P. M.; 5 to 9 P. M.

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CARPENTER AND BUILDER.

(Late of the firm of De Loria & Corbett) would respectfully inform his friends in Woburn and vicinity that he has removed to his new premises, and proposes to continue the business as formerly. Grateful for favors in the past, he hopes to merit a continuance of public confidence and patronage.

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Woburn, Nov. 9, 1867.

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Laborers furnished by the day. Having had an experience of twenty-five years in the moving and cellar business, we guarantee to give good satisfaction.

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Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Sept. 11, 1869.

GEORGE S. DODGE,

PRACTICAL

Pharmacist and Druggist,

Has opened a

New Drug and Medicine Store

IN WOBURN, ON

Main Street cor. of Walnut,

Where may be found every variety of

Medicinal Articles

Both Professional and Proprietary. Also an assortment of

Choice Toilet Articles,

FINE SOAPS, COSMETICS, HAIR AND TOOTH PREPARATIONS.

Perfumery in Great Variety,

Fancy Goods,

Stationery (both plain and initial), and every article usually found in a first class Drug Store.

We trust that none need look further for better goods or more satisfactory prices. And with your assistance in the business and strict attention thereto, we hope to merit your confidence and patronage.

Particular attention paid to preparing notices prescribed by the physicians.

GEO. S. DODGE.

Woburn, Aug. 25th, 1869.

Overcoats! Overcoats!

All our Winter Overcoats will be sold at great discount for Cash.

J. W. HAMMOND, Lyceum Building.

HORSE SHOEING.

Mr. WILLIAM P. ROBINSON, having taken the shop formerly occupied by Mr. G. Howe, on Union Street, gives notice that he is prepared to SHOE HORSES in the best manner, and with the best materials. He will pay strict attention to interfering, overreaching and tender-footed horses. All work entrusted to him will be performed with dispatch.

Shop on Union Street, near Main, Woburn. S.

To Rent.

For the winter, the house on Academy Hill adjoining Mr. James Munroe's, suitable for two families. For terms, &c., apply at this office.

A Nut Hard to Crack.

BY ALICE GARY.

Says John to his mother, "Look here! look here! My brain is on the rack—I have gotten a nut as smooth to the sight as the shell of an egg, and it's fair and white. Except for a streak of black, why that should mar it, I can't make clear." And Johnny's mother replied, "My dear, your nut will be hard to crack."

John, calling louder, "Look here! look here! I want to get on the track. And trace the meaning, for never a nut that outside fairer than this one, but for this ugly streak of black! I can't for my life its use make clear." And Johnny's mother replied, "My dear, your nut will be hard to crack."

Then John, indignant, "Look here! look here! And he gave the hammer a thwack. And there was the nut quite broke in two. And all across it, and through and through. The damaging streak of black, 'It grew with its growth,' he says, 'that's clear.' 'But why?' and his mother replied, 'My dear, that nut will be hard to crack.'"

Then John, in anger, "Look here! look here! You may have a wiser wisdom back. The nut is cracked—broke all to splint. But it doesn't get me even a tell. Toward showing why the black should spoil the clear sweet meat." "My dear, your nut will be hard to crack."

"For John, whatever way we steer, There is evil on our track; And when it came, or how it fell, No wisest man of all can tell. We only know that black is mixed with white, and pain with bliss. So all that I can say is this: Your nut will be hard to crack."

When Father Hincinthe was at the height of his popularity as a preacher at Notre Dame, he received every day an avalanche of eulogistic letters, written by male and female admirers and collectors of autographs. "Do you read all these letters?" asked one of his friends one day. "Oh no," he replied, "that would not be fair; and if I did read them I would be a fool. I oblige the public only to listen to me for an hour; can it then, oblige me to read a whole week long?"

HENSHAW & Co.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

Cast Steel Saws,

CURRIERS' BLADES, LINING AND STEPPING KNIVES.

Slickers, Scrapers and Springs.

All orders promptly attended to at their Mill in East Woburn, or at their store 33 Exchange Street, Boston.

The highest prize, a Silver Medal, was awarded to them for their display of saws, &c., at the exhibition of the Massachusetts Mechanics Charitable Association in 1869.

F. J. BANCROFT,

Organ, Piano Forte and Melodeon

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At Oliver Ditson's Music Store, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

Orders left at Horton's Bookstore in Woburn, and at the Post Office in Stoneham, will be promptly attended to.

CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

My friends, make your home beautiful. How shall we do it?

Why, buy one of these unrivalled **HURDETT** **CUTLERY** **ORNAMENTS**.

Where can they be found?

Found in every variety of style at

JOHN C. HAYNES & CO.,

33 COURT STREET, - BOSTON, MASS.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PETER KENNEY,

Dealer in

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS.

First Door South the Post Office, WOBURN, MASS.

A large and fresh assortment of Ladies', Gents', Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of every description. Rubbers and Rubber Boots selling at the lowest prices.

P. KENNEY, 11

Woburn, Dec. 31st, 1869.

A. E. THOMPSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

DRY GOODS,

Woolens and Small Wares,

West India Goods, Flour

AND GRAIN,

Grocery and Glass Ware, Paper Hangings, Paints, &c.

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J. C. OSGOOD,

33 Winter Street, - Boston.

Dealers in

DRESS, CLOAK AND MANTILLA

TRIMMINGS,

Of all kinds.

Buttons, Braid & Thread Store Goods,

French and German Corsets.

Of German Corsets we have a nice article, sixteen bones, for \$1.00.

We are constantly receiving the new styles of

TRIMMINGS

As they come out, and will sell them at the lowest market prices.

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CHELSEA BEACH.

Game and Fish Suppers.

JOSEPH NASON, Proprietor.

222 Duane Hall and Rooms secured by address—No. Chelsea P. O.

JOSEPH NASON & CO. have a good line of Game and Fish Suppers, and a large stock of

Strong Minded Government.

"Is Mr. Cutts in?" asked a gentleman, who having knocked at the door, was saluted by a woman from an upper window, with, "Well, what's wanting, now?"

"Yes, he's in, or about somewhere, I suppose," she replied; but I'm Mr. Cutts, when any business is to be done. He's Mr. Cutts, eatin' and drinkin', and sleepin' times."

"Well, my good woman," said the gentleman, "I think he will be Mr. Cutts for my business, too. I wish to see him."

"What do you want of him?" asked the show, thrusting her head still further out of the window.

"To do something for me. But I must see himself," was the reply.

"Is it real business, for pay, or only for you want? I can let your horse have a peek of oats, or I can direct you the shortest road to the Four corners, or I can—I can—why, I can do anything for you that he could; and a good deal more! I take the money, and write out receipts, and pay the men, and I trade off the produce! I'm as good a judge of stock as he is, and I can't be beat on horse-flesh!"

"But," said the gentleman, drawing down his face solemnly, "you can't take his place now. Find him for me at once."

The shrew was baffled. "Look-a-hear, mister," she continued, "may be you don't know the circumstances of the case. This here farm is mine, and it was my father's afore me; and Cutts he hadn't no more claim to it than that hen down there has! And besides, I'm seven year older than he is, and a foot higher, and weigh twenty pounds more. What's your business on my place, if I may so bold?"

"To see and talk with your husband," replied the gentleman, getting out of his chair and hitching his horse to a post, as if he meant to stay until he did see him.

"Be you a doctor? Cause there aint a livin' thing the matter with Cutts! He's the welllest man in town, and so be it," said this "woman for the times."

"No, my good woman, I'm not a doctor. Do you think your husband will be in soon? Send that boy to find him!" said the stranger.

The boy looked up in his mother's face, but he knew his own interests too well to start without orders.

"Then you're a minister, I suppose, by your black coat. I may as well tell you, and save your time, that we don't go to meetin' and don't want to. It aint no use for you to leave tractor, nor nothin', for I've got a big dairy, and haunt no time to idle away readin'; and I keep him at it so early and so late, that when he's done work he's glad to go to bed and rest."

"I'm no minister, madam; I wish for your sake I was, though," said the gentleman. "Send for your husband; I cannot wait much longer. I must see him at once."

The boy started to his feet again, and looked in his mother's eye; but it gave no marching orders.

"Look-a-hear, mister, she said, now appearing at the door, and looking defiantly at him, "you're a schoolmaster a hunting up a district school; and you think he's a committee man; but he ain't, this year."

"I never taught school and I never mean to," said the stranger.

"Ma'am Cutts," as her neighbors called her dropped her hands at her side and heaved a groan. She had found a man she couldn't manage.

"See here, now, mister," she said, "I'm one of them that can't be deceived. I can read a body right through; and I knew what you was the blessed minute I clapped eyes on you! I can tell by your everlasting arguin', that you're a lawyer! We haunt got no quarrels. Don't want no deeds drawn, nor no wills made; so if you're hunting a job out of my husband, you may as well unthitch our horse and drive on. We know enough to make a little money, and I know enough to hold on to it."

"My good woman, you entirely misunderstand my errand. I can tell no person but himself, what it is, and I must tell in confidence, alone. If he chooses, he may break it to you in the best way he can."

"O, my goodness sakes alive! Brother Liff's blowed up in a Mississippi boat, I bet! O, la me, the poor fellow! He left a little something, didn't he?"

"I never heard of him; and nobody's 'blowed up' that I know of," replied the gentleman.

"O, now I know! You're the man that wants to go to Congress, ha, and have come here a huntin' after votes. He shan't vote for you! I hate politicians, specially them that goes agin women, and thinks they was made to drudge, and nothing else. I go for free and equal rights for white folks—men and women—for scripture says, 'there isn't neither men nor women; but all's one in politics.' I believe the day's coming when such as you will have to bow the knee to women, afore you can git the big places and high

pay that's a eatin us up with taxes. You can't see my husband! We are goin' to the polls on the way to mill, and I'll promise you he votes right."

"I'm no candidate and don't know who you're talking about. Ah here comes the man I want!" And the stranger went towards Mr. Cutts, who had just leaped a pair of bars which led from the potato patch into the lane.

Mrs. Cutts flew into the house for her bonnet, to follow him; but by the time she got to the bars, her mysterious visitor and Cutts were driving rapidly down the road.

The strong-minded woman shouted after her husband, "You'd better come back, I tell you!" But the wife was the wrong way, and carried her words into the potato patch.

"Sir," said the gentleman to honest Cutts, "I have a very simple question to ask you, but I shall have to ask you in confidence. I will give you five dollars if you will promise not to repeat my words until to-morrow."

"Well, sir," replied Cutts, "I shouldn't like to answer any question that would make trouble among my neighbors. I have my hands full, I can tell you, to keep out of scrapes now; but I've done it and haunt an enemy in the world, as I know."

"But, sir, you need not reply to my question unless you are perfectly willing," said the stranger.

"Ask your question, then, sir," said Cutts, "and I will not repeat it."

"Well, Mr. Cutts, I am laying fence on the Brisley place, that I've just bought; and I was directed to inquire of you where I could buy cedar posts. A fellow in the store said, 'Cutts can tell you if his wife will let him; but she won't.' She'll insist on telling you herself, and perhaps offer to drive with you wherever you go to order them."

"I told them I would see you, and ask you only; and the young fellows bet on it. They are to give you ten dollars, and to two or three widows in town a cord of wood each, if I succeed in asking you this question alone, and making sure your wife won't know my business till after breakfast to-morrow morning."

Cutts knew his wife's "standing" too well to feel very sensitive, and taking the bill from the stranger, he smiled and said:

"I'll go with you to look out cedar posts, and keep dark, for the joke's sake; but I don't know as she will let me stay in the house to-night, for I don't own it."

"Suppose you go up to my place and see to setting the posts. I will send a boy to tell her you had to go off suddenly on a little business, and will be back in the morning," said the stranger.

"I'll do that," replied Cutts, "for I never quarrel with her, but let her have her own way. I don't want to worry myself about trifles."

"Good man," said the stranger, "there are no trifles in life. The smallest act is important, and this easy good nature of yours will ruin your family. Battle that spirit to-day, and next Sunday take your boys and go to the house of God, whatever she says, and be a real man, at the head of your own house and family."

"It's rather late to begin," said Cutts, shaking his head in a way that would have warned others from the trap in which his feet were fast. "You see the purse is hers," he added, "and that has been a crueler teacher than her will to me. But I will try to begin anew, for her good as well as the children's."

The boy was sent with the message, but he wasn't sharp enough. Ma'am Cutts discovered the whereabouts of her lord, tackled up and went after him.

All the way home and till far into the night she used her eloquence, both in pleadings and threatenings, to find out the mysterious errand of that hateful town nabob that had come into the country to separate happy families.

But Cutts yielded himself up to "dumb spirit" for the night; and no measures could induce him to talk on any subject, lest she should pry the mighty secret out of him.

About midnight she wore herself out, and went to sleep; but at break of day she began again. He then ventured to say, "As soon as breakfast is over I'll break the news to you."

"You'll never eat a morsel in my house, I can tell you," cried Zantippe, "till you've told me what that ere man wanted of you."

"Then you'll wait a good while to hear it," said Cutts, "for I've vowed I'd never tell it till I had first eaten my breakfast!" and with these words he went out.

Ma'am Cutts endured the torture as long as possible, and then got breakfast. She called to the door to no one in particular, "Come."

But Cutts didn't come. And after a while she went out to the barn and found him seated on an upturned half bushel measure, calmly peeling and eating a raw turnip.

"It does seem as if this here man possessed you!" she cried. "I never see you so self-willed as since I took you home! Your breakfast's all coolin'; do come in!"

Here was a point gained.

Cutts went in as requested, and ate his breakfast. When that was over, ma'am settled herself back in her chair, with her face full of eager expectation, and said:

"Now begin! What did that ere man want?"

"He wanted some cedar posts," replied Cutts, calmly, without looking up; "and that was all."

If an arrow had struck Ma'am Cutts, she would not have manifested more surprise and shame.

"I'm the laughing stock of this town," added Cutts, "and from this moment I turn over a new leaf. I'm henceforth head of my family, and unless this house is made mine, I finish a room in the barn—which is mine—and you will be welcome to share it with me. If not, I'll live there with the boys, and you'll find me a civil neighbor."

Ma'am Cutts' power was broken. Since then the farm is called John Cutts place, and he is the head of the house.

The Old Year.

BY RUDY.

Last night, when all the village Was lying white and still, With starlight in the valley And moonlight on the hill, I wakened from my dreaming, And hushed my heart to hear The old clock on the steeple Toll out the dying year.

They say that when the angels This blessed New Year bring, The souls that wait to listen Can hear them softly sing The same melodious anthem Of peace and love on earth. That told to Judah's shepherds The Redeemer's birth.

No sound came through the silence, But waiting there, I thought Of all the gifts and blessings The Year to me had brought; And something sang within me, "O happy heart! to-day Remember all who sorrow, And wipe their tears away."

So, in that solemn morn'g When first the first star shined, When drawn in light and glad The years of God's right hand; These words of benediction I say to me and mine: "They welcome home shall be, 'Tis deeds of love and mercy Have all been done to Me!"

Mark Twain's Idea of a Good Letter.

The most useful and interesting letters we get here from home are for children seven or eight years old. This is a petri-ritual truth. Happily they have got nothing else to talk about but home, and neighbors and family—things their betters think unworthy of transmission thousands of miles. They write simply and naturally, and without strain for effect. They tell us all they know and then stop. They seldom deal in abstractions or homilies. Consequently their epistles are brief; but, treading as they do of familiar scenes and persons, always entertaining. Now, therefore, if you learn the art of letter writing, let a child teach you. I have preserved a letter from a little girl eight years of age—preserved it as a curiosity, because it was the only letter I ever got from the States that had any information in it. It ran thus:

"ST LOUIS, 1865.

"Uncle Mark, if you were here I could tell you about Moses in the bulrushes. I know it better now. Mr. Sowberry has got his leg broke off a horse. He was riding it on Sunday. Margaret—that's the maid—Margaret has taken all the spoons, and slop buckets and old jugs out of your room, because she says she don't think you are coming back any more. You have been gone too long. Sissy McGilroy's mother has got another little baby. She has them all the time. It has blue eyes, like Mr. Swimley that boards there, and looks just like him. I have got a new doll, but Johnny Anderson pulled one of the legs out. Miss Dunsberry was here yesterday. I gave her your picture, and she said she didn't want it. My cat has got more kittens—oh! you can't think—twice as many as Lottie Belden's. And there is one—such a sweet little bull one with a short tail—and I named it for you."

SATURDAY, JAN. 1, 1870.

The Catholics and the Public Schools.

The recent discussion on the "Bible in the schools" having been provoked by the action of one prominent religious sect chiefly, it has naturally come about that people have been led to inquire what relation this sect occupies toward our schools in general. What do they think about the system of free education by the State, and what do they propose to do in case they should ever in any State become the ruling majority? Certain things have been charged against them by their opponents, which, perhaps, it is not worth while to make much account of. But the exponents of Catholic opinions among themselves have seen fit to put forth their views upon this matter, and to state at some length what they desire to have done in the premises, and what, whenever they get the power, they propose to do. It is well, we think, if we pay attention to these utterances, for the prominent men in this great communion are rarely permitted to speak upon great public questions without being able to speak the general opinion of the church to which they belong. So far as we have observed, the utterance of the church is most unequivocally hostile to the very substance and principles of our common school system. That system is based on the principle that it is the duty of the State to educate the children of the State, education being as it is believed the foundation of all public and private virtues, and the best safeguard of the liberties of the people and the perpetuity of the republic. So the State taxes the people, and provides schools where the rudiments of an education are open to all, and where all or nearly all by one force or another are brought together and taught these elements of learning.

Those who speak for the Roman church declare that it is no part of the duty of the State to educate the children, but that this is the work exclusively of the spiritual power of the church. Thus The Tablet, a Romish organ, says: "Education itself is the business of the spiritual society alone, and not of secular society. The instruction of children and youth is included in the Sacrament of Orders, and the State usurps the functions of the spiritual society when it turns educator. . . . The organization of the schools, their entire internal arrangement and management, the choice and regulation of studies, and the selection, appointment and dismissal of teachers, belong exclusively to the spiritual authority." Now the way they propose to carry this out has been explained by a prominent Catholic divine of New York City, which in brief, is this—to tax the whole State as now for the support of schools, and then to appropriate out the funds to each sect or denomination in proportion to the children of school age belonging to each, and then let each church educate its own children in such a way and to such an extent as it deems best. Now the absurdity and injustice of such a plan is clear on the face of it, and to any but a Catholic would be seen to be an insuperable barrier to its adoption. In the first place, this system would make no provision for that large class in every American community which belong to no church. And in the next place, in all communities where any denomination is small, as nearly all are, taken separately in the country towns, not enough money would come to each to sustain a school for but a few weeks in a year, so the children would go uneducated. But a third point which did not seem to occur to the reverend father whose scheme we are now considering, is this, that such a system would practically tax Protestants for the support of Romish sectarian schools, a thing which we venture to say would not be very palatable to most of the Protestant voters of the country. It would come about in this way: The proportion of children of Catholic parentage to Protestant in any community is very much in excess of the relative amount of property owned by Catholics and Protestants respectively, and as the tax is to be levied on the property and distributed pro rata according to the number of children, it is plain that the Catholic church would get in every instance from the State very much more than it had contributed to the State, and, of course, the Protestant churches would get in the same ratio so much less. And besides the same inequality and injustice would hold as between the different Protestant sects. If the use of the money is to be taken out of the hands of the State, then the collection of it ought to be, if the State is not to have the exclusive supervision of the schools, then in all justice it ought not to be called upon to support them. And if the different churches insist upon educating their own children in separate and sectarian schools, then they ought to be compelled to foot the bills. But we know of no church, save the Roman, who propose to do this, and that would not, were it not totally out of sympathy with the spirit of the age and of the progressive civilization which characterizes it—were it not, we are tempted to add, totally antagonistic to the great principles of equality and freedom of thought, speech and opinion which lie at the foundation of our republican institutions.

If the Catholic church in this country chooses to put itself across the path of liberty and progress, which this country is steadily but resistlessly pursuing, it must expect to be ground to powder beneath the tread of a great nation. It is strong in this country, but not so strong as it boasts of being, and not so strong

as it appears. It is strong in its admirable discipline and compact organization, and in the disorganized condition of Protestantism. But it cannot influence more than one-seventh of the population, and in any contest which would unite all the Protestant sects as such in an attack upon the public school system it would go down in total and ignominious ruin. We think the Catholic church too wise to invite this conflict by pressing this issue.

Death of Mr. Stanton.

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON died at 3 o'clock, Friday morning, at Washington, aged about fifty-two years. He had been ill for some time; but it was not supposed that his illness was a dangerous one, for President Grant, a few days before, appointed him an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, to take the place made vacant by the resignation of Associate Justice Grier. The appointment was made in the most complimentary manner, and not less complimentary was the rapidity and the unanimity with which the Senate confirmed the appointment. The position held by Mr. Stanton in the Lincoln Cabinet made him immortal. He did a great work, and his countrymen should hold him and his deeds in lasting and grateful remembrance.

Peabody.

The honored remains of Geo. Peabody have passed from the venerable precincts of Westminster Abbey, where the funeral services were held, and are now on their way across the Atlantic on a British man-of-war, conveyed by an American National vessel. Honors such as commonly are only paid to Kings, have signified the obsequies of this man, but cherished memories will cluster around his name, and the quiet New England church-yard where his dust will moulder, which Kings are seldom fortunate enough to inspire.

Boston and Lowell Railroad.

Messrs. Francis B. Croswell, Esq., Geo. W. Lyman, J. G. Abbott, Wm. Minot, Jr., and Hiram Hosford, directors of the Lowell Railroad, have made up their annual report for the year ending Oct. 1st. The gross revenue was \$1,064,805, and accumulation of interest on sinking fund \$19,425—total \$1,084,230. The expenses of working the road and its connections were \$698,145, payments for taxes and insurance \$70,240—total \$768,385. Difference, being net income, \$315,777. Of this after paying interest on bonds, rent, &c., \$10,355 goes into the sinking fund and \$29,192 into the contingent. From passengers the receipts were \$444,380.41; freight, \$580,756.83; mails, \$600.48; express, \$17,662.85.

The heavy items of expenditure have been: For fuel, \$98,042.55; for repairs of road, \$152,885.44. The contingent fund now stands credited with a balance of \$221,255. A small portion of this sum is invested in the sinking fund, and the remainder is in the working materials and surplus lands of corporation.

The semi-annual payments to the sinking fund are still continued, and it will stand charged on the first day of January, 1870, with about \$350,000. The directors show the need for the projected Lowell and Causeway-street depot, and say that their grounds in Boston provide a metropolitan terminus for about 900 miles of railroad. During the last four years heavy outlays have been made, and yet an 8 per cent dividend has been paid. The directors have concluded a conditional purchase, subject to approval by the stockholders. The Lexington and Arlington road will be offered to the stockholders at cost at their annual meeting by gentlemen connected with the Lowell road. The directors recommend its purchase.

Hoosac Tunnel has been interviewed and reveals the secret that the State gets into it at the rate of half a mile a year. Having taught her how to do it, Russia is now building locomotives for herself, and taking less work from us.

Three States of the Union have thus early succeeded in clearing off their war debts. Iowa is one of them.

The Archbishop of New York is chairman of the Committee on Discipline of the Ecumenical Council. The high honor of an appointment as Cardinal is believed to be in store for him.

Winnipeg.

This Territory, where the rebellion against the Dominion of Canada is at present in successful operation, it is stated, has yielded large returns to the Hudson's Bay Company, which, in 1867, imported \$200,000 worth of goods, and obtained, in return, furs valued at over two million of dollars. The officers of the company also made large fortunes. Since the construction of railroads in the northwestern parts of the United States, the trade has been diverted from Canada. In 1868 the goods sent from the Dominion to the Red River colony, now Winnipeg, amounted in value to \$14,707, while the settlers bought in the Minnesota market goods valued at \$392,453. In exchange they exported to the United States different articles, valued at \$100,938, and paying a duty of \$16,186, or \$1,479 more than the imports from Canada. The direct route to Winnipeg is by way of Minnesota, while the road working material either through a pathless wilderness or along the lakes, which are frozen up the entire winter and till late in the spring. The mode of access through Hudson's Bay is much more circuitous and difficult.

An old poet says that "absence makes the heart grow fonder." A young lady of a prosaic turn thinks that presents would have much greater effect, especially about Christmas time.

"No cards, no cake, no company, nobody's business," was recently appended to the marriage notice of a young lady of the law.

On Christmas evening, as a party of two hundred persons were celebrating the occasion in Greene county, R. I., the flooring of the room gave way, precipitating all present through the floor below into the cellar. No lives were lost, but seven or eight had limbs broken.

In Bristol, England, Monday night, the crowded audience of a theatre was startled by an alarm of fire, and in the panic ensuing eighteen persons lost their lives.

THE NEWS OF HOME.

Woburn.

1870!

The sun was visible to the naked eye yesterday.

Rev. Swift Byington, of Stoneham, preached at the Congregational church last Sunday.

Gage & Co. are offering extra inducements to purchasers of clothing in the way of reduced prices of gentlemen's garments.

Ladies wear so much false hair with their own, that it is difficult to tell which is which.

Those who have not received Christmas presents must keep hoping till New Year. There has probably been some mistake made.

The present rains have carried away the last vestiges of the snow, and we seem likely to enter the new year with streets and fields all clear.

Wm. H. Temple will sell at auction eight or nine acres of standing wood and timber in the easterly part of Woburn. See advertisement.

If Major Jones, our worthy State Constable, should pay Woburn a visit, we have not a doubt but what he would find plenty of employment. A very large mice here, Major,—several of 'em.

Gas is getting cheap, or at least a friend of ours thinks so, who "shinned" up a lamp post last Monday noon and shut off the gas, which had been escaping for several hours. His attention was called to it by the smell which filled the air.

Rev. Mr. Barnes' next "Talk on Geology," will include the Carboniferous Period, with a special reference to the Coal formation. The time of meeting is 7-12 o'clock next Monday evening. All are invited.

The prices of poultry for Christmas were exceedingly moderate compared with what they were on Thanksgiving. Many got so badly nipped on the former occasion that they dared not risk bearing the Christmas market.

Physicians affirm that it is not so alarmingly healthy in this town and vicinity as it was. The late protracted damp spell has given almost everybody a cold, cough or influenza, and there are also a few cases of typhoid fever.

The Selectmen have forbid all persons depositing ashes or other obstructions in the public streets of the town. Any person having an accumulation of ashes on hand, can have the same removed on application to the Superintendent of highways.

Pilgrim Assembly No. 3 of the Good Samaritan Brotherhood, was instituted in Boston on Wednesday evening, Dec. 20th, by the President of Board of Organization, assisted by delegates from Abraham Lincoln Assembly No. 1 of Woburn, and Good Will Assembly No. 2 of Lynn.

In the list of officers of the Grand Lodge P. and A. M., installed on the 27th ult., it being the one hundredth anniversary of the installation of General Joseph Warren as Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, we notice the name of Wm. T. Grammer of this town as Grand Marshal.

The last half of Prof. Atwood's dancing school will commence next Monday evening, and those wishing to join should do so either on that or the following Thursday evening. Two lessons a week are given, on the foregoing evenings, and the scholars are taught all the fashionable dances of the day.

We learn that a concert of sacred, secular and organ music will be given in the Unitarian church by the choir, assisted by several prominent vocalists, on the evening of Wednesday, January 12th. The many friends of Mr. W. H. Clarke will be glad to know that the organ pieces will be interpreted under his skillful hands.

There will be a watch-meeting at the Methodist vestry, Friday evening, Dec. 31st, from 8 to 12, with services appropriate to the close of the year. A love feast will be held in the church Sunday, at 8-12 A. M. Preaching by Rev. J. H. Haskell, presiding elder of this district, at 10-12. The week of prayer will be observed next week.

At the annual meeting of Post 33, G. A. R., on Thursday evening, the following officers were chosen for the next six months: Com., L. W. Osgood; S. V. C., Jacob Kendall; J. V. C., George Ayer; Adj't., H. H. Corney; Q. M., Charles K. Com; Surgeon, I. H. Stearns; Chaplain, Ambrose Bancroft; O. of D., A. S. Leslie; O. of G., C. F. White; Serg't Major, D. R. Chipman; J. M. Serg't, George F. Smith. Delegates to Dept. Convention, to be held at New Bedford, Jan. 13, 1870, L. W. Osgood, A. Bancroft, A. P. Barrett, Alternates, C. K. Conn, I. H. Stearns.

On Monday, Justice Converse sentenced James Dooley for drunkenness to one month's imprisonment in the House of Correction. Michael Foley, for assault and battery was fined \$3 and costs, which he paid. Andrew McCue arrested for the same offense was discharged. Wednesday, Catherine Leary, for selling liquor, paid a fine of \$10 and costs. Andrew Murphy being in want of a watch, watched his opportunity and slyly excavated one from the pocket of Wm. Monahan. On being arrested and brought before his honor to answer to the theft, he stated that he took the watch only in fun. This statement Monahan with true Irish fellow feeling corroborated, and there being no evidence to convict, Murphy was discharged. James Rollins, for drunkenness, was fined \$3 and costs.

Notwithstanding the severity of the weather, a large audience greeted Rev. Mr. Fay last Sunday evening, and listened with great satisfaction to his promised lecture. "The tendencies of religious thought in Germany" were ably stated from Mr. Fay's personal observation while abroad, the lecturer reserving the discussion of the religious condition of France and England to subsequent lectures which he hopes to give at some future time.

Our neighbor, Mr. Wm. Kimball, has the honor of being the oldest subscriber to a Woburn paper living in town. He began his patronage twenty-four years ago, when the first paper, the Guidepost, was started, and laid himself under the everlasting gratitude of printers generally by several times advancing money to help keep the somewhat shaky enterprise from becoming defunct altogether. And what is still more to his credit, he has always had a due appreciation of the printers' labor, and paid for his paper in advance. Neighbor K. has shown an example in this respect which we recommend others to follow.

Albert Bancroft, of this town, who was convicted and sentenced last February by the Superior Court to serve two years in the State prison for the crime of adultery, was pardoned on Wednesday last week, by the Governor. The pardon, we learn, was conditional, and his continued liberation depends upon his future good behavior. Bancroft was one of the party who desecrated the graves in our cemetery last winter. He is known as one of the worst of characters, a notorious drunkard, and a terror to the community, who has given our police and courts no little trouble. His pardon was procured, we understand, by a petition signed by men in this town who ought to know better.

Services the next Sabbath at the Chapel of the New Jerusalem, East Woburn, will be conducted by the Rev. W. H. Mayhew. Morning worship at 10:45; Holy Supper at 3 P. M.; evening lecture at 7. Subject of the lecture, "The Spiritual World: where is it? what is it? and what the situation and life of its inhabitants?" The public are invited.

Since our last issue we have learned some particulars in regard to the extraction from his uncomfortable position of the man who got stuck in a well in Winchester, last week, which deserve statement. Instead of being released by the skill of Boston men, as stated, it was through the efforts of Messrs. Martin Ellis and John Soley, of Woburn, that he was got out. The mode of operation was first to loosen the sand as much as possible by a four-inch augur; after which towels were wrapped around his legs, ropes attached, and then by working them to and fro and hoisting, they were pulled out. One leg was freed in twenty minutes, the other soon after. The credit of this little job is due Mr. Ellis and his associates, and not to the Boston men, who were inclined to laugh at the beginning of the operation. Messrs. Ellis & Co. have a reputation second to none for moving and raising buildings, and any other work that requires scientific lifting.

Christmas was a decided "success" in this town, and was made merry and memorable with various social gatherings and festivals, where Christmas presents were the great concern, the end and aim of all. The Unitarian society had a Christmas tree for the young folks on Friday evening, at their vestry, from the well-filled branches of which numerous appropriate and elegant gifts were glad the hearts of the children. The Methodist held good their reputation of ability to have a good time by distributing from two large trees a great variety of articles for the little folks, on Saturday evening. On the same evening the Congregational Sunday school had a unique entertainment, which delighted many others besides the children. The vestry was prettily decorated with flags and inscriptions, and on each side of the platform was a tree, filled with about the largest sized "horns of plenty" we ever happened to see. A magic lantern, in the hands of a skillful operator from Boston, delineated upon the wall a great variety of beautiful and pleasing pictures in a manner we have never seen surpassed, eliciting frequent and hearty applause. Some music, finely rendered, was interspersed with the exercises, and the horns were distributed among the "small fry" at the close.

On Christmas eve, the children of Trinity church Sunday school and parish assembled, together with parishioners and friends in large numbers, in the church, to enjoy the beautiful sight and abundant fruit of the annual "Christmas tree," which, surrounded by the Christ child, was resplendent with numerous blazing candles and laden with appropriate ornaments and many beautiful and precious gifts. The latter were distributed, as marked by the hand of affection, to the various recipients. The children, whose hearts were as full of joy as their faces were radiant with smiles, united in singing appropriate and beautiful Christmas carols, in a manner most creditable to their skill and taste in music. Remarks were made by the rector, explanatory of the occasion and expressive of the pleasure felt in seeing so many assembled to participate in and witness the Christmas celebration. Trinity church is tastefully decorated with winter-green wreaths and branches, and with appropriate devices and scriptural texts, in honor of the present joyous season of the church year. The church has been greatly improved by the addition of a front entrance porch. The ladies of the parish are now making an effort to furnish the church in uniform style with carpets and cushions, and by Easter they hope to accomplish their object. Through the zeal and liberality of the parishioners, aided by the friends of

church extension, the heavy debt which has hitherto embarrassed the parish is being gradually diminished. The church will be open for divine service on Friday evening, Dec. 31st, and a sermon appropriate to the close of the year. Hours for divine service on Sundays, 10-12 A. M. and 7 P. M. The Sunday school meets immediately after morning service.

Geological Lectures.

The geological "talk" of Rev. Mr. Barnes on Monday evening of last week, was upon the fossil remains of the Silurian formation. Before entering upon the details of the subject, the inquiry was raised, what is a geological formation? He said it must not be supposed that the crust of the earth is stratified into divisions that bear distinct marks of separation, so that one can say, here ends one formation and here begins another. The growth of the formations may rather be likened to that of the human body, which has its period of infancy, youth, and manhood; but the gradations from one to the other are so insensible that it is quite impossible to say exactly at what point the different stages begin and end. And yet there is no doubt that the periods referred to are facts in the progress of a human life. So with the geological epochs. They are very distinct in their general character, while they are so shaded into each other that the points of departure are not easily identified. But with regard to the different formations, it is to be observed that they are more readily ascertained by the character of the fossils found in them than by any other method. And it is not unfrequently happens that this is the only way in which a formation can be determined. Mr. Barnes then led his auditors back to that period of the earth's history when the Silurian formation was its prominent feature. At that time the surface of the earth was a succession of long, low benches, and connected with them a series of shallow waters not unlike the lagoons found in Africa and the southern part of this country. There were no mountains then, and the only elevations were the Laurentian hills, which are situated along the line that divides the United States from Canada. It is the opinion of Prof. Agassiz that these hills are the first that were thrown up or raised above the waters of the globe. From the condition of the earth at this period, it may be readily inferred that the animal life existing was entirely marine in its character. Hence the fossils in the Silurian rocks are of species that lived in the water and upon the sandy beaches, or inhabited both. They are generally of the lowest type of animals, such as the Radiates and Mollusks. Of the Vertebrates only a few specimens have been found, and these are of a low order of fishes. Mr. Barnes exhibited in some well-defined drawings upon the blackboard, as well as in some beautiful fossils, many varieties of the life of that distant epoch. He described very clearly the structure and habits of these ancient organisms, and without reference to book or notes gave their seemingly hard names with the ease and familiarity of a word in the science he was expounding. His remarks on this part of the lecture cannot be given in detail, but they were exceedingly interesting and well appreciated by those who heard them. [The above report of Mr. Barnes' lecture was unavoidably omitted last week, on account of going to press earlier than usual.]

Last Monday evening, Rev. Mr. Barnes gave a familiar lecture on the "Devonian System, or the Old Red Sandstone." Beginning with an account of the life and investigations of Hugh Miller, whose name is particularly associated with the Old Red Sandstone, Mr. Barnes proceeded to exhibit the results of his researches in this formation by Miller in Scotland and Murchison in England. With a brief notice of the structure and wide diffusion of the Devonian rocks and a sketch of the probable configuration of the earth in that period, Mr. Barnes passed to an account of its characteristic organic remains, dwelling particularly upon the abundance and singular armament of its fishes, and also upon the varieties of its fossil coral, numerous polished specimens of which were exhibited. From the fact that the Devonian corals are especially abundant and beautiful, occasion was taken to pass to an account of the coral polyps as found in modern seas. Their classification, structure and habits were briefly stated, and a detailed explanation given of the fringing and barrier reefs and those wonderful coral islands called Atolls. The structure of coral rocks, the process by which coral islands become habitable, and the received theory of the probable origin of Atoll formations were also explained. The closing statements were made of the rapid growth and the aggregate agency of these minute animals in the past and present development of the earth.

The remaining talks will be five in number as follows: "The Carboniferous period with its Coal formations." "The middle Periods with the age of Reptiles." "The Cretaceous and Tertiary formations including the age of Mammals." "The Recent Period or the age of Man, prefaced by a sketch of Glacial Phenomena, and finally a Talk on Practical Geology, or the uses of common and precious stones in the Arts and Manufactures." The public are freely and cordially invited to be present.

The State House is being brushed up preparatory to the advent of the Legislature, which occurs on Wednesday next, the 5th day of January.

It is thought that Judge Strong will succeed to the vacancy on the Supreme Bench created by Mr. Stanton's death, while the President's action with regard to Judge Hoar's nomination still remains in doubt.

The Boston Board of Aldermen have passed an order for the extension of Washington street to Haymarket Square, and of Portland street to Washington street.

Sentimentalists sing, "Give me a cot in the valley I love," but persons of a more practical turn would prefer a black walnut French bedstead.

About the most interesting place for a lady to visit in Boston is the recently opened Ladies' Pavilion, 55 Tremont street. Mr. S. S. Houghton, the proprietor, not content with the largest and most perfectly appointed retail store in America, makes it a point to offer the best bargains in all goods in which he deals, and that includes much—from a piece of velvet to a paper of pins—from a \$10 to a hat at one cent—from everything necessary to a lady's outfit to the simple toy for an infant.

Dr. George B. Loring is an advocate of female suffrage.

The two lines of express which have for some time past run to and from this town, the one by Tufts & Clark and the other by Dennis B. Winn, will be consolidated on and after this date, the last named having purchased of the others their stock and good will in this business. Mr. Winn is a son of the well known Major Winn, who for so long a period carried on the express business for this community to its great satisfaction, and who retired from it to engage in another pursuit requiring less labor and bodily exposure, which he still pursues. The mantle of the father has worthily fallen upon this son, who has already proved his capacity to meet the wants of our community in the comparative small amount of business which has been intrusted to his care. We congratulate our citizens that this important branch of business has fallen into such good hands, and we feel assured that it will be promptly and faithfully executed. Winn's Express will again resume its former prestige and be the only one that is on the route. Let us give to this young man that patronage which he deserves, and which alone can encourage him in the proper discharge of his duties.

Stephen Roberts, a colored man, who remained all night in and by the well in which the man was recently imbedded aiding and assisting him, has since been presented with fifty dollars, the contribution of friends collected by J. F. Stone, Esq. The amount has been deposited in a Savings Bank to his credit.

The return of the joyous season of Christmas was noticed in quite a number of our school houses, by the erection of Christmas trees laden with presents contributed by the parents for the children, singing and other exercises appropriate to the occasion, gotten-up under the auspices of Mr. J. C. Johnson. The celebrations connected therewith took place, some on the eve before and some on the day of Christmas, and were well attended by the parents as well as the children. The exercises were brief, but very pleasant, and afforded great enjoyment to the young folks.

The Unitarian Sunday School had a Christmas service in their hall on Sunday afternoon last. The weather prevented a large attendance of the parents and friends, but the children were out in full force. The services were appropriate to the occasion. Remarks were offered by the pastor and Rev. E. A. Eaton, especially adapted to the children, of an interesting and profitable character. At the close of the addresses the pastor presented each scholar with a card, bearing the motto "Faith, Hope and Charity," and their names written thereon, with the name of the school.

The amount realized by the fair of the ladies of the Unitarian Society has been increased by further receipts to a little over five hundred dollars.

The lecture this week in the course was by Hon. Oliver R. Clark, Subject, "Trees." The lecturer exhibited some specimens of the various kinds of wood in their rude and natural state, and others in that state of preparation to which they are brought by the hands of workmen. Out of a seemingly dry subject, the gentleman was enabled by his long experience in and familiarity with different kinds of wood, to make an interesting and profitable lecture. Notwithstanding the weather, a large number were present. The next lecture will be by Dr. Alanzo Chapin. Subject, "A Volcano which he visited while at the Sandwich Islands."

In the list of officers of the Prince Hall Grand Lodge, (colored masons), installed on St John's day (the 27th) in Boston, we notice the name of John Price of this town as Grand Senior Master.

A Word about Christmas Trees.

Mr. Editor.—I desire to say in relation to a custom which I fear is gaining ground in relation to the celebration of Christmas by our schools. And here let me say that I am the last person that would partial any of the desirable methods of celebrating that day, neither would I take one jot or tittle from the enjoyment of the children, yet I can clearly see objection to the Christmas tree as celebrated in our schools last Saturday.

First, I object to it on account of the labor it imposes upon the teachers. Most of our teachers are females, and to them the work of trimming the school rooms and attending to the trees is a great deal. It may be thought that the scholars will be willing to do the work, and make the whole a labor of love, but the burden, the responsibility, rests on the teacher, and on her alone. Often the scholars tire and then the work falls upon the teacher or her home friends. During the past week it has taken the leisure time of many of our teachers out of school, and until nine or ten o'clock P. M. to see the Christmas tree. Then, again, the teacher has no Christmas day of her time on that day must be used for her school, and the party present of a ring or upon but poorly pays for the wear and tear of the tree. Two or more of our teachers are sick and unable to attend to their duties this week, and I have no doubt but that the work of Christmas is chargeable for this.

Second, its effect upon the scholars is not good. Although the intention is that a present be given to all the children, yet this is not done. In one school, I am told, four children had no present. And this is probably true of all the schools that same were overlooked; and I tell you, Mr. Editor, the damage to these overlooked children more than outweighs the good done to the others. Then, again, many parents, who are able to give their children many and costly gifts, take this opportunity to present them through the school Christmas tree; and by this imprudence some children, by the number and cost of their presents, appear to be more deserving than others, who are less favored with rich or injudicious parents. It seems to me that if any presents are to be given, only one to each child should be allowed, and that every child in the school should have one. As one who dearly loves the children and their schools, I hope this way of celebrating Christmas will not be repeated.

Of the 66 members that compose the Senate of the United States, 49 are lawyers. The oldest is Cameron, of Pennsylvania, born in 1790. The youngest is Osborn, of Florida, born in 1839. Twenty-five are natives of New England. This is not being left out in the cold.

A fire in Philadelphia, Christmas morning caused a loss of a quarter of a million. Several other fires are reported in New York, St. Louis and other places.

Winchester.

The shoe business is in a sound and prosperous condition. Just now the shoe towns are having more growth than any others in New England.

On Monday, Julius Clement pleaded guilty to keeping liquor with intent to sell, and was fined \$10 and costs.

Stoneham.

ANXIOUS HIRING.—The Chronicle says: "There died at Medford, a week ago, a maiden lady well known to the inhabitants of the town as an eccentric character, possessed of considerable property, the disposition of which was a source of anxiety to a certain few and of curious inquiry to many more. There were but few heirs at-law, and those few, or rather two or three of them, greedy and anxious. A self-appointed committee had rummaged the premises the day previous to the burial, who reported to those assembled immediately subsequent thereto that although unable to find any will, some \$700 in silver coin, carefully packed with about \$100 in bills, sundry notes of hand and valuables of a few thousands in value, had been brought to light. They therefore suggested that something be done toward proper care of the same. A few were anxious for an immediate division of what was available and suggested the propriety of personal inspection, and for their gratification a trunk containing the here, etc., was produced and opened, exhibiting wondrous riches glistening thereat. Some fearful of their rights, and anxious for memorials, offered any price to obtain one, particularly an old arm chair sat in by General Washington while drinking from the famous punch-bowl in the possession of a Mr. Bradlee of Boston, a distant relative of the deceased. This chair was anxiously bid for by a lady mourner, it is said, who didn't care for price, and wished to take it right along in her carriage. Finally, a compromise was made, one a prominent merchant of Boston, of large experience in settling estates, was chosen to represent the heirs and take all necessary means for a settlement."

Rev. Baron Stow, D. D., formerly pastor of Rowe-street Baptist church, Boston died suddenly of apoplexy, at seven o'clock Monday morning, at his residence in the city.

A cough, Cold, or So Throat.

Requires immediate attention, as neglecting it results in an incurable Lung Disease.

Brown's Bronchial Troches

will most invariably give instant relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption, and all other Lung Diseases, they have a soothing effect. SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS use them to soothe and strengthen the voice. Owing to the good reputation and popularity of the Troches, many worthless and cheap imitations are offered, which are good for nothing. Be sure to obtain the true

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Consumption.

The Three Remedies, "SCHECHER'S PULMONIC SYRUP," "SCHECHER'S COLIC-BROTH," and "SCHECHER'S BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," are the most powerful and reliable remedies for the cure of Consumption. The peculiar action of this medicine repairs the altered state of the system, and enables the patient to digest the most nutritious food. It is a sovereign remedy for Consumption, and every other remedy fails.

"SCHECHER'S SEAWEED TONIC" for the cure of Debility, Indigestion, and all diseases arising from debility. This tonic invigorates the digestive organs, supplies the place of the gastric juices when that is lost, and enables the patient to digest the most nutritious food. It is a sovereign remedy for Debility, and every other remedy fails. "SCHECHER'S MANDRAKE PILLS," one of the most powerful and reliable remedies for the cure of Consumption. This medicine repairs the altered state of the system, and enables the patient to digest the most nutritious food. It is a sovereign remedy for Consumption, and every other remedy fails. "SCHECHER'S SEAWEED TONIC" for the cure of Debility, Indigestion, and all diseases arising from debility. This tonic invigorates the digestive organs, supplies the place of the gastric juices when that is lost, and enables the patient to digest the most nutritious food. It is a sovereign remedy for Debility, and every other remedy fails. "SCHECHER'S MANDRAKE PILLS," one of the most powerful and reliable remedies for the cure of Consumption. This medicine repairs the altered state of the system, and enables the patient to digest the most nutritious food. It is a sovereign remedy for Consumption, and every other remedy fails.

The various forms of disease, its mode of treatment, and general directions how to use his medicine, can be had gratis or sent by mail by addressing his Principal Office, No. 15 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Sea Weed Tonic, each, \$1 per bottle, or \$7.50 the half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 50 cents per box. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

New Advertisements.

Standing Wood and Timber at

AUCTION.

Sale postponed on account of the storm, to THURSDAY, January 4th, 1870, at one o'clock P. M. The Wood and Timber on eight or nine acres of land, belonging to the late Peabody & Sons, of Boston, situated in the easterly part of Woburn, near Richardson's Mills, fifty rods west of the Peabody place, and about twenty rods from Board Log, in lots to suit purchasers. Terms at sale.

WM. H. TEMPLE, Auctioneer.

Reading, Dec. 28, 1869.

Woburn Lyceum Lectures.

The last lecture of the course will be given by

Wendell Phillips Esq.,

Monday Eve'g, Jan. 10th, 1870.

Single Tickets 25 Cents.

BUY YOUR

CHRISTMAS

PRESENTS

AT

DODGE'S

JEWELRY STORE.

EARLY RISING.—Few ever lived to a great age, and fewer still ever became distinguished, who were not in the habit of early rising. You rise late, and, of course, commence your business at a late hour, and everything goes wrong all day. Franklin says, that he who rises late, may not live long, and not overtake his business at night.

Dean Swift says, that he never knew any man to attain to eminence who lay in bed of a morning.—*Todd.*

VISITING.—How many people there are in the world who have no tact in determining the length of a visit. It is a somewhat difficult matter, to be sure, but when there are frequent pauses on the part of your hostess, glances at the clock, orders given to servants, *solo voce*, etc., it is about time to say your bow. If you continue to stay on, after these hints, you will be mercilessly classed among the bores.

Mr. L. B. Weston, late publisher of the Suffolk County Journal, has bought the Malden Messenger establishment, and continues the publication of the paper.

Song—Happy New Year.

Farwell to the past, days of pleasure and sorrow,
We'll welcome the happy New Year,
Let us sing and be gay, give no thought for the morrow.

Doing right we have nothing to fear,
Farwell to melancholy, let's laugh and be jolly
While Christmas, so cheap we can buy,
George Richards we know sells CLOTHES very low.

To suit you his salesmen will try,
His CLOTHES CUSTOM-MADE are the best in the trade,
With his OVERCOATS none can compare;
His goods are the best, whether Coats, Pants or Ties.

Read his sign TWENTY-FIVE IN DICK SQUARE.

FOR THE FARM, GARDEN, AND HOUSEHOLD.—We can confidently recommend all our readers to promptly provide themselves with the American Agriculturist, for 1870. We have received the first number of the 29th Annual volume, and find it filled with a large amount of exceedingly practical, useful information, not only on every subject pertaining to soil culture, including the garden, the lawn, and the flower bed, and the care of the little plots in the City and Village household, but also for the Housekeeper, and the Children. Many excellent engravings, both beautiful and instructive, give additional interest to every number. Taken altogether, the American Agriculturist is one of the most beautiful and valuable journals in the world, adapted equally to City, Village, and Country, while it is a marvel of cheapness, owing to its unprecedented circulation, which divides the cost of preparation among so many, that a great deal can be given to each. Terms, \$1.00 a year; four copies \$5, or ten copies for \$12. It is richly worth all it costs and more. Orange Judd & Co., Publishers, 245 Broadway, N. Y.

A PARALLELOPIPED.—"Undisprived!" Whew, what a word! It's the newest thing out in Boston. Mr. Lowell has, with great labor and sweat, with the Atlantic Monthly for a fulcrum, and a very long poem entitled "The Cathedral"—*poem a poem*—for a lever, pried it off from the back of the Charles river and dropped it with a polysyllabic crash into the tide of the language. Isn't it a pretty word, though! "Undisprived!" Of course you know what it means and how it is made. It means—easy enough—the opposite of undisprived, and it is made by a process of accretion, simple as conglomeration. The foundation of the word—the basis of this four-story polysyllabic with a French roof—is "privity." You take that word to start with—go at it with a club and knock off the end of it—punch it into the shape of an active verb—freeze on the primitive prefix *dis*, and upon that tack the negative *un*—see?—just as easy as rolling off a log. After all, what's the use of having all these component, constituent and simple words, unless once in a while you can put them together—Boston fashion—and make a regular old paralleliped of a word, that you can't take to pieces without nitro-glycerine. Here's this "Undisprived," for instance. What a triumph of verbal architecture, that is. The only objection to it is that if it should happen to drop down into the tropics it's liable to thaw and break all to pieces.—*Hartford Post.*

Married.

In Stoneham, Dec. 18th, by Rev. E. B. Fairchild, Oscar F. Hinton, and Mary Jane Bowen, both of N.

In Stoneham, Dec. 24, by Rev. S. R. Blyden, Frank S. Atkinson and Lizette S. Campbell, both of Stoneham.

In Stoneham, Dec. 25th, by Rev. M. M. Parkhurst, Mr. Joseph John Edmunds to Miss Elizabeth, both of Woburn.

In Billerica, Dec. 28th, by Rev. Henry C. Fay, of Hubbardston, Mr. George Bradford of Canterbury, Conn., and Miss Augusta A. Greenwood of W.

In Wakefield, Dec. 28th, by Rev. Charles R. Bliss, Mr. Arthur E. Holt to Miss Phoebe A. Mearns of Wakefield.

To Bedford, Mass. on the 14th inst., by Rev. G. Reynolds of Concord, Mr. Albert B. Roynton, of Chatham, to Miss Lizette F. Wood, of Bedford.

In Wakefield, Dec. 21, by Rev. Charles R. Bliss, Mr. Arthur E. Holt of Wakefield, to Miss Phoebe A. Mearns of Wakefield.

In Wakefield, Dec. 25, by the same, Mr. Isaac Hale, Jr. of Bedford, to Mrs. Mattie J. Walker of Wakefield.

In Melrose Dec. 25, by Rev. J. N. Emery, Mr. George B. Dudley of New York City (formerly of East Boston) and Miss Adelle P. Churchill of Melrose.

Died.

In Woburn, Dec. 27th, infant son of John Schofield, aged 55.

In Wakefield Dec. 22, Henry B. Dana, 46 years 6 months.

In East Woburn, Dec. 25, widow Hannah Harris, 59 yrs 3 mos 4 days.

New Advertisements.

New and Pretty

Paper Hangings,

AT

REDUCED PRICES.

SPARROW HORTON,

WOBURN BOOKSTORE.

Dr. A. L. SCOVILL is the inventor of several medical preparations which have become very popular, and have been liberally used. Among his inventions are "Halls' Balsam for the Lungs," an "expectorant and Tar." For the past six years no better Lung remedy has been offered to the public. Read the following letter from Dr. Scovill referring to it:

MORRIS J. N. HARRIS & CO.,

Gentle—I make the following statement from the best conviction and knowledge of the benefit of HALL'S LUNG BALM in curing the most deep-seated Pulmonary Consumption. I have witnessed its effects on the young and the old, and I can truly say that it is by far the best expectorant remedy with which I am acquainted. For Coughs and all the early stages of Lung complaints, I believe it to be a certain cure, and if every family would keep it by them, ready to administer upon the first appearance of disease about the Lungs, there would be very few cases of fatal consumption. It cures the phlegm and matter to rise, without irritating those delicate organs (the Lungs), and without producing congestion of the bowels. It sweetens and changes all the morbid secretions to a healthy state. Yours respectfully,

A. L. SCOVILL.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

HURRAH!

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS!

THE PLACE to obtain the LARGEST variety of GOODS

For Presents,

IS THE

Woburn Bookstore.

Boys and Girls, please inform your Friends and neighbors.

SPARROW HORTON.

LOOK OUT

FOR THE

FINE DISPLAYS

OF

Holiday Goods!

Just received from New York.

Geo. F. Fosdick & Co.,

No. 5 Wade Block.

BEAUTIFUL GOODS

AND

Low Prices.

CHRISTMAS,

December 25th.

Just Received,

100 Barrels

VERY EXTRA

FLOUR,

DIRECT FROM ST. LOUIS.

ALSO,

75 Barrels

APPLES,

RUSSETS,

BALDWIN'S,

GREENINGS,

NORTHERN SPY, &c.

FOR SALE

Very Low,

BY

STEARNS, BROWN & CO.

Select Your Gifts

FOR

CHRISTMAS

AND THE

NEW YEAR,

AT

Horton's Bookstore,

Before the RUSH

PRETTY TOYS, GAMES, BOOKS,

PICTURES, FRAMES, ALBUMS,

BIBLES, CHROMOS,

Portfolios, Writing Desks, Dressing Cases, Stereoscopes, Illustrated Poems, Fancy Goods, &c.

TENEMENT TO LET.—To let, a Tenement of six rooms, on Pleasant street. Possession given about the 1st of January. Apply to J. J. R. NOX, corner Pleasant and Court streets.

Wakenfield, Dec. 18, 1869.

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G. R. GAGE & CO.,

Are offering

Extra Inducements

To Purchasers of

Winter Goods!

Gentlemen's Garments

AT

REDUCED PRICES!

They would call particular attention to their

Overcoatings,

Consisting of

Fur Beavers, Chinchillas, Castors,

and Biollis.

And a great variety of

Plaid Suitings,

The prevailing style in New York and Boston,

FRENCH,

SCOTCH,

ENGLISH and

AMERICAN

CASSIMERES,

Diagonal and Basket Weave Patterns. An extra line of MILLIONS for

Fall Overcoats,

CASHMERES

In great variety for

VESTINGS.

All of which will be made up in the

LATEST STYLES

to suit customers, and satisfaction guaranteed.

G. R. GAGE & CO.

BANK BLOCK,

WOBURN.

St. Joachim

DOLLAR

STORE

Santa Claus' Favorite!

Everybody is always pleased after an investment of

ONE DOLLAR

In the Large and Varied Assortment of

RICH FANCY GOODS,

JEWELRY,

LAVA WARE,

PARIAN WARE,

FRENCH GILT WARE, &c., &c.

New Goods Opened Every Day.

Visit St. Joachim before Buying.

You can find just what you want at

143 Washington St., Boston.

OPPOSITE OLD SOUTH.

Goods at Wholesale, 128 Federal St.

Floor Oil Cloths.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LOT OF

OIL CLOTHS, THAT ARE

THOROUGHLY SEASONED,

and those in want would do well

to examine before purchasing.

W. Woodberry,

OPPOSITE COMMON

WOBURN,

MASS.

W. S. FIFIELD,

Dealer in

Stoves, Furnaces,

Tin, Glass And Wooden Ware,

and all kinds of

Kitchen Furnishing Goods.

Also agent for the sale of the

"SILVER BELL" and "EMPEROR"

COOK STOVE.

"PALACE," and all the best varieties of

Parlor Stoves.

Henderson's Self Feeding and Base Burning

FURNACE.

Repairing done, and all kinds of tin work made to order. Tin roofing and repairing done at short notice. New Pompey set, and all kind of Pompey, Furnaces and Stove work repaired.

MAIN STREET, opposite Salem Street.

WOBURN.

The National Bank of South Reading,

AT WAKEFIELD, MASS.

The Stockholders of the National Bank of South Reading, are hereby notified that their Annual Meeting, for the choice of directors and the transaction of any other business that may be legally brought before them, will be held at their Banking House in Wakefield, on TUESDAY, the twenty-fifth day of January next, at three o'clock P. M.

For order

L. EATON, Cashier.

Wakenfield, Dec. 18, 1869.

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CHAS. A. SMITH,

Are offering

Black Silks,

Blankets,

Blankets,

New Goods,

POPLIN VELOURS, FLANNELS,

POPLIN VELOURS, FLANNELS,

Bank Building,

PLAIDS,

CLOAKINGS,

CLOAKINGS,

Woburn,

EMPRESS,

SHAWLS,

SHAWLS,

Our Motto,

ALPACAS,

LINEN DAMASK,

ALPACAS,

LINEN DAMASK,

Good Goods,

At Low Prices.

WOOLENS,

COTTONS,

WOOLENS,

COTTONS,

GHOICE GOODS

For Family Use,

AT

DODGE'S

DRUG STORE,

Main street

Woburn.

Every family requires for daily use reliable articles of standard purity and excellence. Having for years made a specialty of

STRICTLY PURE

Selected Ground Spices,

I am prepared to furnish my customers with

PURE POWD CINNAMON,

CLOVES,

ALLSPICE,

GINGER,

BLACK PEPPER,

CAYENNE PEPPER,

NUTMEGS,

MACE,

MUSTARD,

SAGE, &c.,

All strictly pure, and at prices which make it the

Pure Cream Tartar, Soda & Saleratus,

Which every housewife knows how to prize.

Flavoring Extracts and Essences

Of all kinds, of the very best quality and flavor, at

Dodge's Drug Store.

At Dodge's

JEWELRY STORE,

Only \$60 for Your Choice.

The Howe Sewing Machine,

Singer

Wood

Grover & Baker,

Wheeler & Wilson's,

Florence only \$63.

Minneapolis County Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North Reading, Wakefield, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

VOL. XIX : No. 16.

WOBURN, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 8, 1870.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 5 CENTS

GEO. H. HUTCHINGS M. D.,

ECLECTIC

Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate of the Medical College of Philadelphia, and University of Medicine and Surgery of Pennsylvania; also, of the Eclectic Medical College of Cincinnati.

LUNGS, HUMORS, CANCERS, AND ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

Have been treated with unprecedented success by him for the last ten years.

Dr. H. has been successful in treating all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Spitting of Blood, Coughs, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing, Night Sweats, Wasting of the Flesh, and all who are suffering from any of these symptoms will do well to give him an early call. All diseases of the Lungs and Liver, such as Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Indigestion, Constipation, and these symptoms ready yield to his modes of treatment.

Skin Diseases and Humors.

Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, &c., he eradicates from the blood, and is not left to poison the system. Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Lame-ness, from whatever cause, are treated with success by him.

CATARHES.

Which if not arrested is sure to lead to consump-tion, is quickly and permanently cured by his pe-nal remedies.

Particular attention paid to all diseases of Women and Children.

All remedial agents for the cure of diseases chosen from the vegetable kingdom.

Office and Residence Main Street,
(Opposite the High School.)

Office hours—12 M. to 2 P. M.; 5 to 9 P. M.

HENSHAW & Co.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

Cast Steel Saws,

CURRIERS' BLADES, LINING AND STIP-
PING KNIVES.

Slickers, Scrapers and Springs.

All orders promptly attended to at their Mill in East Woburn, or at their store at Exchange Street, Room 2, Boston.

The highest prize, a Silver Medal, was awarded to them, for their display of Saws, &c., at the exhibi-tion of the Massachusetts Mechanics' Charitable Association in 1869.

F. J. BANCROFT,

Organ, Piano Forte and Melodion

Tuner and Repairer,

At Oliver Ditson's Music Store, 277 Washington
Street, Boston.

Orders left at Horton's Bookstore in Woburn, and
at the Post Office in Stoneham, will be promptly
attended to.

CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

My friends, make your home beautiful.

How shall we do it?

Why, buy one of those unrivalled **BURDETT**
CELESTINE ORGANS.

Where can they be found?

Found in every variety of style at

JOHN C. HAYNES & CO.,

33 COURT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PETER KENNEY,

Water in

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS.

First Door South the Post Office,
Woburn, Mass.

A large and fresh assortment of Ladies', Gents',
Boys', Muscovy and Children's Boots and Shoes of
every description. Also, Rubbers and Rubber Boots
selling at the Lowest Prices.

P. KENNEY, JR.

Woburn, Dec. 1st, 1869.

A. E. THOMPSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

DRY GOODS,

Woolens and Small Wares,

West India Goods, Flour

AND GRAIN.

Grocery and Glass Ware, Paper Hangings, Paints,
&c.

No. 3 WADE BLOCK,

A. E. THOMPSON,

E. H. THOMPSON,

J. C. OSGOOD,

33 Winter Street, - Boston.

Dealers in

DRESS, CLOAK AND MANTILLA

TRIMMINGS,

Of all kinds.

Buttons, Braid & Thread Store Goods,

French and German Corsets.

Of German Corsets we have a nice article, sixteen
bones, for **1.00.**

We are constantly receiving the new styles of

TRIMMINGS

As they come out, and will sell them at the lowest
market prices.

Neptune House

CHELSEA BEACH.

Game and Fish Suppers.

JOSEPH NASON, Proprietor.

Large Hall and Rooms secured by address-
ing No. Chelsea, E. C.

THOMAS R. CORBETT

CARPENTER AND BUILDER.

(Late of the firm of De Loria & Corbett) would
respectfully inform his Friends in Woburn and vic-
inity that he has not retired from business, but
proposes to continue the business as formerly.
Grateful for favors in the past, he hopes to merit a
continuance of public confidence and patronage.

A. B. COFFIN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.

Entrance from Court Square and 23 School.

Original.

STANZAS

TO THE MEMORY OF ELA F. WILCOUGHBY.

"We know when morns shall wane.

When Summer's birds from far shall cross the sea,

When Autumn's hue shall tinge the golden grain,

But who shall teach us when to look for thee,
O Death?" —Hemans.

Faint flower, that drooped beneath the touch

Of fell consumption's breath,

Whose gentle life went out at morn

Before the monster Death.

Poor child! thy life was weary here,

Good health thy lot was unknown,

But still with earnest glow thy heart

Clung to thy earthly home.

Yes, earth to thee was beautiful;

The flowers, the grass, the trees,

All fed thy thoughts in loving trust

To find who gives us these.

For thou didst hear and heed the voice

That said, "Give me this heart,"

And gently whispers, "Come to me

And find the better part."

Thine unassuming Christian life

Shone forth amid the gloom,

And happy faith behind the cloud

Saw light and lasting bloom.

Oh, tell us not the love of Jesus

Is dreamy, aimless theme;

Thine heart's love was for him,

That thou didst love him never

And from his love thou wert free.

And if we, like thee, are faithful,

When I find myself in love with thee,

We shall meet where sorrow never

Comes to blight eternal youth.

J. R. S.

A Wife With A Will of Her Own.

Long ago, in the days of my bachelor life,

I became a young fellow, in search of a wife

With a turn for domestic affairs.

People told me that women were thoughtless and

weak.

And I, to be true to myself,

So I made up my mind that the treasure I'd seek

Was a wife with a will of her own.

For decision and firmness I hunted about,

Among epistles of love and of duty.

Till I singled a strong-minded lady-love out

As exacting as a king on his throne.

I hoped for refusal but got the reverse,

And I found myself a king on his throne.

When I found myself married for better or worse

To a wife with a will of her own.

But the honeymoon scarcely was over and past,

When I found my wife to be a little too fast.

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When I found my wife to be a little too fast,

When I found my wife to be a little too fast,

When I found my wife to be a little too fast,

NED'S WIFE.

What is more comfort-giving and

pleasant than a cushioned seat before a

bright and cheerful grate fire, with a

bottle of old port, and a box of the right

Paraga Havana by your side, and an

old and valued friend as cozily situated

opposite you? Let the cold blasts of

winter howl outside the house, and the

snow fly thick against the window-panes!

Your feet are slipped and warm on the

tender; your head reclines easily in the

cushioned chair-back, and fragrant

clouds of tobacco-increase rise in the golden

freight, and break in fleecy folds

against the ceiling; your mind untroubled

by the turmoil without, is in a dreamy,

tranquil state, delicious to experience.

Naturally, your thoughts go traveling

backward to days of the past—always

bright and pleasant days. You see in the

dim cloud-vesta of smoke troops of

shadowy figures, each suggestive of some

former time of happiness; one thought

brings another, until you sigh from sheer

surfeit of imaginative delight. Then

spring up numerous questions in your

mind, "Why did he do so?" "What was

the reason for that?" "How did it come

about?" And when I arrived at this

stage of my reverie, I suddenly broke

the silence that had reigned unbroken

for a half-hour, by asking my old friend

and school-fellow, Ned Drummond,

whom I, having returned from a life of

years abroad, had not seen since he was

in college, the following question:

"Ned, old boy, I come home and find

you married; how tell me how you got

your wife?"

Ned looked if possible, deeper into the

fire than before, smiling the while to

himself; but he answered in the follow-
ing mysterious way:

"I dug her up!"

I started in my astonishment at what

I supposed was some fanciful allusion to

the partner of his bosom as the diamond

of his household, or a nugget of gold,

but again he said, this time his

thoughts evidently busy about the said

digging process.

"Yes, Charlie, I dug her up out of a

grave—and she married me!"

I relapsed helplessly back into my

chair, saying:

"He's drunk! the wine has gone to his

head!"

Ned laughed loud and loud; but when he

regained his composure, he narrated the

following tale.

"No, Charlie," he said, "not drunk but

in sober earnest; and, since you seem to

be in the listening mood, and I am in the

story-telling mood, I will proceed to en-
lighten you on my life."

There's a moral, no doubt in my cat and dog life;
and that moral I'll give you shortly.

You should never look out for a wife of
your own, but for a wife of your own.

For a wife with a will of her own!

The True Life.

The mere lease of years is not life.

To eat, drink, and sleep; to pace around the

mill of habit, turn the wheel of

wealth, to make reason our book-keeper,

and turn into an implement of trade—

this is not life. In all this but a poor

friction of the consciousness of human-
ity is awakened, and the sanctities still

slumber which make it most worth living.

Knowledge, truth, love, beauty, faith,

alone can give vitality to the mechanism

of existence; the laugh of mirth which

vibrates through the heart, the tears

that freshen the dry waste within, the

music that brings childhood back, the

prayer that calls the future, the doubt

which makes us meditate, the death

which startles us with mystery, the

hardships that force us to struggle, the

anxiety that ends in trust, are the true

nourishment of rational beings.

Say ye that woman is not an helpmeet

for man? How was it in Hingham

Massachusetts? Why when the Metho-
dist minister, the Rev. Mr. Alderman,

was sick, his wife supplied his place.

Again, the wife of Rev. B. F. Bowles,

of the Cambridge Universalist Church,

recently supplied the Rev. Mrs. Han-
dcock's pulpit. "Supplying" a pulpit and

filling are two different things. On one

occasion the late Rufus Choate was pre-
sented from delivering a certain address

and Oliver Wendell Holmes was an-
nounced as having been engaged to "fill"

The Rejection of Judge Hoar.

It is with unfeigned regret that we chronicle the rejection by the Senate of the name of Judge Hoar, presented by the President for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. It is without exception the most foolish and indefensible thing which the Senate has done for years. It is admitted on all hands that there is no man more amply qualified in all respects as to thorough uprightness of character and purity of principles, as well as reputation; as to intellectual abilities; as to judicial and wide-minded habits of thought; and last, though not least, as to professional attainments and experience. Here is a man called from the supreme bench of a State whose judiciary stands confessedly highest of any State in the Union, to be the trusted counselor of the President on all matters of law and jurisprudence; nominated, after months of most intimate personal and official intercourse, by a President remarkable for his discernment of the fitness and capacity of men, for a place which his strongest opponents cannot question his ability to fill with unsurpassed success and credit to the country; and yet the Senate refuses to confirm the nomination by a large majority. What are the grounds for this extraordinary action? We have seen no statement of them that seemed satisfactory. Did the Senate expect a purer and more upright man to be put forward? Clearly not; nobody questions the well-established integrity of the man. Did they expect a man to be presented of fairer balance or more judicial frame of mind, or greater legal attainments? Clearly not; again, for he is the peer of any lawyer in the land, if he does not stand "first among his equals." What, then, were the reasons put forth by this august and most honorable body, the Senate? Well, some said, he is from the east, and the vacancy is in a southern circuit; and some, the Democrats, said, he is a violent Republican, and so we will oppose him in hopes of getting a more conservative man next time; but others said, he is too conservative a Republican,—we want a man of radical tendencies.

But neither of these were the real reasons which actuated most of the Senators. There were two other reasons. One which seemed to have the most weight was this: A good many of the Senators had, one time and another, had official intercourse with Mr. Hoar, and had not found him very cordial; but on the other hand, he had treated them rather curiously and cavalierly. This had very considerably injured their majesties, and so when they had occasion they took it, and vented their spite against him by refusing to confirm his nomination to the Supreme Court. But there was still another reason underlying this, and probably giving most of the force which this had in their minds. Judge Hoar is not a man "inside politics"; he is not a professional. He probably has a most cordial contempt for the whole despicable tribe known as politicians, whether they be Senators or the lackeys and fagboys of Congress, and it is not unlikely that he, being an honest man and not much skilled in the art of concealing his sentiments, not infrequently gave offence to these worthy dignitaries when they came to his office, looking after places for their henchmen. So he has paid the penalty of holding and not hiding such convictions, by having his nomination laid on the table. He may have the assurance, however, if that will do him any good, that every decent and thoughtful man in the country shares with him the same wholesome contempt of the class of men who have wrought his discomfiture, and wrought it because they knew he despised them.

But what alarms us more than anything else in this business, is not that a man of whom Massachusetts is justly proud has been denied the privilege of serving the country in the high and useful station named for him by the President, but this, rather, that this action of the Senate clearly indicates that politics has come to be a trade in this country, a guild or close corporation, in which all who are in are bound to keep the power and emoluments of the public service in their own hands by excluding all who are not of the regular tribe, and who came into the guild through the regular channels and by the recognized institutions of the craft. It is the same combination which secured the defeat of Mr. Stewart last spring, when he was nominated to the treasury department, and caused the outcry which was raised on all sides against the Secretary of the Navy and Mr. Fish, the present Secretary of State. These sealangs of the political ring clearly see that the people are becoming aroused to the danger of the country, and are beginning to discern who are the nation's greatest foes, and they know very well that when the people do wake up to this matter they will have a hard struggle to maintain their places. So they are preparing themselves beforehand, and fortifying themselves on every side. The nation will have a desperate contest in dislodging the scamps, but it must do it before long or the country will be ruined.

These are the days of domestic infelicities. It is not alone that dogs and cats delight to bark and bite, but husbands and wives are putting those useful ornaments quite into the shade.

A dead loss! Somewhere in western Massachusetts, the ladies of a benevolent society busily employed in making a quilt for the winter, when she died.

The Alabama Question.

President Grant's message to Congress seems to have stirred afresh, and somewhat deeply the English public, on the questions at issue between that country and America, growing out of the secession war. And it is an omen for good, that the people of England—at least the more intelligent and thoughtful people—are showing an interest in these questions, and to treat them fairly. In the English government we have but moderate confidence; but in the English people we have a firm trust, that they will, in the main and ultimately, do about what is believed to be fair and right.

The emigration question is exciting considerable discussion just now, and we have before us a long and exhaustive article on that subject, showing that there has been an immense increase in the number of emigrants reaching this country since 1868. The European countries sending most to the United States are Germany, Ireland, England, Sweden and Scotland. Out of 255,405 emigrants who arrived at Castle Garden during the present year only 1,024 were from France. From Germany there were 96,847, against 101,089 in 1868. From Ireland there were 68,632, against 47,571 in 1868, an increase of over 40 per cent. From England there were 41,537, against 29,695 in 1868, also an increase of 40 per cent. From Sweden, 24,683, against 14,520, an increase of seventy per cent. From Scotland there were 10,411, against 7,309 in 1868. The only one of these five countries showing a decrease from 1868 is Germany. The number of emigrants landed at Castle Garden in 1868 was 213,630, nearly 43,000 less than in 1869. The lowest estimate for the population of the United States in 1870 is forty millions. Truly, we live in a great country! History furnishes no parallel to the growth of the United States, and no instance of a happier people. The world over, mankind flees from want, poverty and oppression, to find a home in America.

The Legislature of the commonwealth met and was organized Wednesday. In the Senate, the Hon. Horace H. Coolidge of Boston, was chosen president, and Stephen N. Gifford, Esq., of Duxbury clerk. The House made choice of the Hon. Harvey Jewell of Boston as speaker, and William S. Robinson, Esq., of Malden as clerk. Major John Morissey was elected sergeant-at-arms by a concurrent vote of the two Houses. After the adjournment, His Excellency the Governor, the Executive Council and the two branches of the legislature marched, under the escort of the Independent Cadets, to the Old South Church, where the annual election sermon was preached by Professor Julius H. Seelye of Amherst College.

The Boston Herald appeared on Saturday morning in a new dress, throughout and considerably enlarged. The Herald is one of the best dailies in New England, and we are glad to see it take another step in advance.

RIGHTS AND WRONGS OF PASSENGERS.—Mr. Wm. H. Emerson, of Boston, proposes to try the question legally, whether a railroad conductor has a right to put a passenger off a train for refusing to pay extra fare after failing to buy his ticket at the station—especially when he had no time to get the ticket. We have noticed that in some crowded stations the time allowed passengers to get their tickets is very much condensed—so much so that it is some manner of selecting (for women especially) to procure baggage checks after getting tickets—and the baggage men require the tickets to be shown first. Some railway usages require reforming.

HOW THE MORMONS ARE TO BE HANDLED.—Mr. Callum of Illinois, chairman of the House Committee on Territories, has drafted a bill relating to Utah providing for the re-organization of the courts in that territory, prescribing the duties of marshals and their deputies, and also the manner of selecting grand and petit jurors. Among its provisions is one that no person living in the practice of bigamy or polygamy shall hold office or be admitted to the rights of citizenship, and persons charged with the crime of polygamy are to be prosecuted in United States courts, and on conviction be punished by fine and imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Everybody is trying to collect money from everybody just now, and everybody isn't always satisfied. When money is tight people hate to pay their debts. It seems so, at least, in Western exchange on this point says: "If you owe me but a single dollar, go and pay him; when there is so little money we ought to keep it moving around lively. Jim owed us and we owed Bill, and Bill owed Jim. Jim got mad because we made him pay one morning last week; but we paid Bill and Bill paid Jim, and Jim went to bed that night happy as a clam, with just as much money as he had in the morning, and three men out of debt."

Best discovered method of starvation—"gentle" boarding-houses.

The faith of the Shakers among us appears to be quite unshaken.

1870 has promptly shown its ability to match the worst achievements of 1869 in producing stormy Sundays.

The recent mild weather is having an effect upon vegetation, which gives signs of taking too early a start.

The first seven days of January are of the same length—9:23—and the shortest in the year.

The statement of the public debt Monday shows a reduction of \$4,812,781.92 during last month, and a total reduction since March first, 1869, of \$76,710,306.70.

A bold attempt was made to rob the National Bank at Framingham at an early hour on Sunday morning. The thieves succeeded in blowing off the outer door to the safe, because frightened, left the premises hastily and their burglarious tools behind.

The Cabinet officers have become prohibitionists, or rather old-fashioned Washingtonians, to this extent, that they agreed among themselves to hold temperance receptions during the holidays, with plenty to eat, but no intoxicating drinks.

THE NEWS OF HOME.

Woburn.

The Northern Lights made a most imposing display last Monday morning.

Eight persons were received into the Congregational church last Sabbath.

Rev. Mr. Barnes' next Geological Talk will be postponed one week, occurring on the 17th inst., instead of the 10th.

The Labor Reform Club have a transparency in front of their headquarters and reading room, over Soles' market.

Our lady readers are referred to Miss Carleton's announcement of thirty days' sale at her millinery rooms.

Between 25,000 and 30,000 hides have been received at the various tanneries in this town, since the first of last September.

Land on Main street, north of the hotel, sells at one dollar a foot. On Pleasant street the price is eighteen and twenty cents a foot.

Rev. Mr. Dennen will deliver another of his popular lectures in the church, next Sunday evening, at seven o'clock. Subject, "Penalty." Seats free.

The house of Alvah Buckman, on Fairmount street, had part of the tin roofing, which was new and only partially fastened, torn up in the gale of Sunday night, and a chimney demolished.

Prof. Charles Carroll Everett, of Cambridge, will preach in the Unitarian church next Sunday morning at 10 1/2 o'clock.

The several evangelical churches in town have held a series of very interesting union meetings during the week, the last of which will be at the Methodist vestry this (Friday) evening.

John McCarty, who was so badly burned a few weeks ago by falling upon a stove, has since died of lockjaw, caused by the severe shock to the nervous system.

A great improvement on Pleasant street has been made by the putting of a handsome iron fence in front of his house by H. W. Davis.

Captain Andrew Bartlett, seamen's missionary in Boston, will give an address in behalf of our seamen in the Congregational church at North Woburn, Sabbath forenoon, Jan. 9th.

Our readers must not forget the lecture by Wendell Phillips next Monday evening, which closes the Lyceum course as announced, and will be on hand to hear this eminent and eloquent speaker. Single tickets, twenty-five cents.

To readily ascertain the day of the month, look at Dodge's advertisement in another column, where you will also learn the place to buy all kinds of drugs, medicines, perfumery, stationery and cigars.

A social was announced for Thursday evening at the Congregational vestry, but owing to the union meeting in the Baptist church and the desire of people to attend, there was not a large number present. A very pleasant evening was passed, however, and all enjoyed it.

Now landing, another Cargo of that superior Lackawanna Coal—egg stove and nut sizes. Also a large lot of dry Spruce Laths, Shingles, and Hemlock boards, for sale low for cash, by J. E. Littlefield & Sons.

A. T. Young is the agent for Valentine & Butler's Alum Patent Fireproof and Burglar Safe, a sample of which can be seen at C. A. Smith's store. Every one having valuable papers, bonds, jewelry, etc., should have one of these eminently superior safes.

We are glad to record that enough tickets have been sold to secure the course of lectures on English history by Dr. Lord, and it only remains for those who have not yet bought a ticket to step right up and get one. The price is within the reach of all—only \$1. The first lecture will be delivered on Tuesday evening, January 12th.

Messrs. J. Gould and T. C. Young, conductors on the Woburn Branch Railroad, were waited upon in the conductors' room in the Lowell Railroad depot at 2 o'clock on Saturday, when Mr. F. I. Pratt, of Medford Street, presented them, on behalf of the Woburn Road, with two elegant solid gold badges. The gentlemen recipients made appropriate responses.

E. G. Berry has removed his place of business from the corner of Main and Salem streets to his new shop on Main street, opposite Union, where he has one of the neatest and cosiest rooms for his business we know of. The second story of the building is fitted up for a tenement. Mr. Berry has on hand a fine assortment of harnesses, trunks, valises, whips, etc., and does all kinds of repairing in his line with neatness and despatch. Read his new advertisement.

Mr. J. P. Barrett, the organist of the Baptist society, is making additions to a fine German pipe organ which is now being set up in the residence of Mr. Wm. H. Clarke. This instrument is a very remarkable one of the kind, containing two banks of keys, sixteen stops and twenty-seven pedal notes, a description of which we shall give upon its completion. Mr. Barrett is connected with a church organ manufactory in Boston, and not only understands how to play, but is a skillful and ingenious workman, who is thoroughly conversant with the intricate mechanism of the organ.

On Thursday, Henry Beatty, while under the quarrelsome influence of Patrick Fitz's or some other man's liquor, committed an assault on the said Patrick, and the first thing he knew was fastened there by Justice Converse \$5 and costs. The trial of Beatty developed the fact that Fitz sold liquor, where-

upon a complaint was entered, and he was fined \$10 and costs, and gave bonds of \$1000 not to violate the liquor laws for one year.

The Stoneham Branch railroad, which cost \$90,000, has been purchased for \$50,000 by the Boston & Lowell railroad, which road has always operated it at a good profit. The increase of business on this branch has been rapid with a prospect of still greater increase. The Lowell road has also purchased the Lexington and Arlington road for \$140,000, and now offer to sell the Eastern road their present passenger station and bridge and about four acres of flats in Cambridge for \$525,000. There seems to be little doubt that the two road will unite in increasing their terminal facilities. The new depot of the Lowell road will be about 600x150 feet.

A grand vocal and instrumental concert, of which a short notice was made last week, will be given next Wednesday evening in the Unitarian church. From the well known musical character of the artists who take part in the entertainment, our citizens may depend upon hearing and enjoying some of the finest harmonies extant. The vocal music will be by the choir of the church, assisted by Misses Mary D. Wyman and Anna Champney, and Messrs. C. T. Lang and T. Robie, and the instrumental music by William H. Clarke, organist, and F. H. Wood as pianist. Full particulars may be learned by reference to the advertisement in another column.

No sensible man who has any property that is liable to become a prey to fire, should neglect to see that such property is fully insured in a first class insurance company, and to this end we would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in another column of B. T. H. Porter, whose success as an insurance agent is only equalled by the popularity of the companies for whom he insures. He is a veteran in the business, having been in it eleven years, during which time large numbers of our citizens have become insured. The Aetna, People's, Holyoke Mutual, Merrimack Mutual, Cambridge Mutual, and Citizens' Mutual fire insurance companies are represented by Mr. Porter, all of which are first class corporations. His office is at No. 7 Wade Block, rear of P. L. Converse's, where he may be found daily from 8 to 9 A. M. and from 7 to 8 P. M. Give him a call.

Geological Lecture.—Mr. Barnes, on Monday evening last, was upon the carboniferous period in the history of the earth. The subject was prefaced with an account of the well-known and widely diffused elemental substance called carbon. This element in nature performs a very important part in the economy of the world. It is found in combination with many other substances, and is a prime constituent of the vegetable organisms. In its pure and simple state it is known under three forms. One of these is charcoal, another, plumbago, or the black lead of commerce (which is no lead at all), and another, and the most surprising when contrasted with those just named, is the diamond. Carbon can not be volatilized or sublimated and remain in its pure state. When it takes the gaseous form, it has become chemically united with oxygen, nitrogen or some other elemental gas. It is called in this form it is heavier than common air. It can be poured from one vessel into another. While to animal life this gas is one of the most destructive agents, to the vegetable kingdom it is a chief source of growth and vitality by its being taken up by animals in the process of respiration, and they would soon become the victims of their own exhalations were the gas not absorbed by the leaves of plants and trees. This is brought about by the power of separating the oxygen from the carbon, and while setting the former free to give renewed vitality to the atmosphere, they leave the latter to be converted into vegetable fibre.

Referring now to the carboniferous period, Mr. B. said that a enormous supply of carbon at that epoch, produced from easily explained causes, was the occasion of the monstrous vegetable growths which gave to the period its name. A picture of the earth (to the mind's eye) at that stage of its development was then presented. The long low, flat, shallow seas of the silurian formation, and the greater elevation of the devonian epoch, had now become half revealed continents, broken into archipelagos of islands and seas. From the noxious character of the gas above described, and which was now so extensively generated, it is apparent that animal life could exist only in its lower forms. And upon examining the deposits, it is true that none of the higher types are found among the fossils of the time. Neither the petrifications of plants show any of the flowery varieties or the delicate organisms of modern vegetable life. The extraordinary size which vegetation reached at this period, is quite marvellous. Ferns, and plants of similar structure, attained a height of eighty or one hundred feet. A species of the asparagus grew as high as thirty feet. Compared with the most luxuriant growths of the present tropics, the vegetation was doubled and trebled during the carboniferous period. As this formation is the seat of the great coal measures of the world, these were referred to, and the two principal theories of their deposition explained—one by the drift wood collected at the mouths of rivers and estuaries, the other, the vegetable life which grew in the vegetation over vast spaces of time. That coal is of vegetable origin is abundantly proved by the texture of the material, and the numerous specimens of fossilized leaves, branches and trunks of trees, found clearly defined in the coal strata. The different kinds of coal were exhibited and their composition explained. The two principal varieties are the bituminous and the anthracite. The bituminous kinds burn with a flame of more or less intensity, and form into a mass while burning, while the anthracite shows but a slight blue flame and masses only when heated to a high degree. The coal measures of England are almost exclusively of the first class, and those of this country are chiefly of the last. Petroleum, or the crude oil found in the coal regions, is traced to the same vegetable origin. Amber is also a product of the carboniferous period. It is a gum, which extended from those high predecessors of our graceful ferns, and symmetrical coniferous trees. Becoming petrified, it has always been esteemed as one of the most beautiful ornaments of historic times. Insects were sometimes involved in the adhesive gum, and have thus been preserved through the ages in their golden sarcophagi. A fine specimen of an ancient beetle, thus entombed, was shown to the audience. The lecture thus imperfectly sketched, was one of the best of the course, and greatly interested a large number of hearers.

Winchester.

The annual meeting of the First Congregational church for the transaction of business, was held in the vestry, on Monday evening, the 31st inst. The meeting, which was well attended, was opened with prayer by the pastor, who requested that some one else might be called to preside, and Mr. James H. Prince was appointed to that office. The records of the church were read by the clerk, Stephen Thompson, Esq. Reports were received from the various officers and committees of the church, and the following officers chosen for the ensuing year, viz: Clerk, Stephen Thompson; Treasurer, Andrew N. Shepherd; Standing Committee, Rev. S. A. Holt, Dr. A. Chapin, Harrison Parker, with the deacons and pastor, ex officio members; Superintendent of the Sabbath School, S. B. Pratt; Committee on Charities, Dea. O. R. Clark. The report of charitable contributions the past year was as follows, viz:

American and Foreign Christian Union,	\$82.00
American Educational Society,	12.00
African Episcopal Church South,	47.38
Foreign Missions,	1,189.63
Mass. Bible Society,	122.00
African Church (Mission),	22.46
Massachusetts Missionary Association,	22.00
Hunt Mission,	22.00
Poor of the Church,	298.10
Mass. Anti-Slavery Society,	16.50
Western Miss. Society,	219.25
S. S. Collections,	1,019.30

This is, of course, over and above the amount raised for parish expenses during the year, which is four thousand dollars and more. The number of persons admitted to the church during the year was five, two in the profession of faith, and three by letter. The number dismissed and recommended to other churches, six; adult baptisms, one; infant baptisms, nine. The number of deaths was eleven. Only one year (1863) in the history of the church have as many been reported. Of the eleven persons deceased the past year, seven were upwards of sixty years of age. The oldest was Abel Houghton, aged 84, and the youngest, Miss Anna S. Whitten, 27. The names of the others are Samuel S. Richardson, Jane Wright, Mary P. Tenney, Mary L. Richardson, Sarah P. Morse, Joseph Hume, Samuel M. Rice, Lydia M. Rand, Mary J. Stevens. The present membership of the church is 333. After the transaction of some miscellaneous business, the meeting was dismissed by benediction from the pastor.

We were pleased to see that our conductors on the Woburn Branch were so kindly remembered on New Year's day by the presentation of golden badges of their office to them by the season ticket passengers on this line. Our friends, Gould and Young, are richly deserving of these tributes, as also John, the baggage master at the depot, in Boston, who received a purse of \$100 as a substantial appreciation of his services, by the patrons of the railroad. In common with the residents of other towns upon the line of our railroad, we feel much indebted to these railroad officials, who, by their uniform courtesy, have served to make our travelling pleasant and devoid of many disagreeable things which are often attendant upon it.

A special communication of William Parkman Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, was held last Wednesday evening in their hall, for a public installation of the officers for the present year. A large number of the wives and daughters of the brethren were present, and added much to the pleasant features of the occasion. By invitation, Most Worshipful Brother William Parkman performed the ceremonies of installation, in a very impressive manner, assisted by Worshipful Brother Josiah F. Stone. The following named brethren were inducted into the respective offices, viz:

W. M.—Edwin Augustus Wadleigh.
S. W.—Charles Henry Mosley.
J. W.—Alfred Washington Quimby.
Treas.—Cephas Church.
Sec'y.—Henry Wright.
Chaplain.—Rev. George Cooke.
Marshal.—Charles Harrison Danham.
D.—Charles Edward Follen.
G.—Phineas Whitney Swan.
John C. Adams.
James Charles Johnson.
S. S.—Thomas Watson, Jr.
J. S.—James McIntyre.
Pater.—Joseph Daniel Tharion.

After the ceremonies, the company partook of refreshments provided by Bro. Still of Woburn, and united in social converse and enjoyment. The occasion was one of the most pleasant gatherings of the season, and the beautiful rooms of the Lodge were filled with the fair forms of the ladies, eager to see and hear what they could about the mysteries of the Order. At 10 1/2 o'clock the company broke up, carrying with them recollections of the most pleasing and satisfactory character.

Christmas Trees in the Winchester Schools.

Mr. Editor.—A correspondent, in your JOURNAL of last week, has made known to its readers that on Christmas day there were trees placed in our school-houses for the children. But he has not stated in the practice that he has felt it necessary to state them in a newspaper article. He objects to them because of the labor which it imposes on the teachers in getting them ready—employing them early and late, and even disabling them from teaching. His great objection, however, is the moral, or while many—the children of the rich—receive many and valuable presents, the poorer ones receive fewer, or perhaps none, will be mortified and depressed at the manifestations of inequality.

I do not know, Mr. Editor, who wrote you that letter. I do not know. He signed himself H. He evidently cannot be a parent; for a father, familiar with the institutions and yearnings of children would read the workings of matters differently; and for the same reason, the writer could not have been a mother.

There were erected six Christmas trees in the different elementary school-houses. They were designed to furnish the children a pleasant and profitable mode of celebrating the day; of meeting their teachers and friends, and by a manifestation of the liberal and kindler feelings, re-

ceive and impart a gratification which furnish pleasant and joyful recollections through the year. The kind and cordial understanding thus produced between teachers and pupils must be beneficial in their efforts at ameliorating and mollifying the disciplinary management of a free school. And further, there are among us, many poor children who experience less of the sunshine of human kindness in their homes, to whom the Christmas tree is a source of special delight. They find their presents which they would not otherwise receive. If they fail, as it says several did, they may be disappointed, but will understand that it was a mistake. They will see the children of wealthy parents receive more presents than themselves, as they see the same children every day, better clothed and better fed, but we will not keep them from school in consequence. They will be obliged to witness social inequalities in the way of "societies," and to acquire in it. Had it been present, as it is to be presumed he was not, it is probable that the joy and rejoicing and the happy, animated faces of the children would have rectified his crazy imaginings.

Two of the teachers in preparing for the occasion overworked themselves, and were kept away from their schools for a couple of days—not a week. Such a result can be easily prevented by a little management and forethought. If they are pleased with the plan no one else has cause to complain. They are probably not wearied in the matter. To say that they thereby have been Christened for themselves, is heretical, not accordant with fact and sound doctrine—opposed to all moral teaching, for no truth is more potent than that those who do the greatest happiness of others, acquire the largest share for themselves.

Winchester, Jan. 4, 1870.

Reading.

Rev. L. D. Hills, of Bath Me., has accepted a call from the Baptist church, Reading.

The Reading folks are to enjoy a course of six lectures, from first class talent.

The End of "Lord Hubert Ainsley."

Last summer there appeared in this city a young man calling himself Lord Hubert L. S. Ainsley. He ingratiated himself into fashionable society, dressed fashionably, gave fine dinners, and rode in an English dog-cart drawn by a horse, "bobbed" in a style supposed to be English, and at his back was a "tiger" in all the dignity of top boots, gilt buttons and cockade. With a claim to a title and so much appearance of wealth, his society was courted by some of the wealthy persons. He formed the acquaintance of a wealthy young lady living on Staten Island, and soon it became known that they were engaged to be married. About this time it was whispered in "fashionable circles" that the fellow was an impostor, and that no such name as "Lord Ainsley" appeared in the English Book of the Peerage. These rumors became so widespread and annoying that the mother of the young lady despatched a messenger to England to ascertain about the antecedents of the man. The instructions were fully carried out, and it was discovered that the person claiming to be a lord had been an English valet to a French gentleman in Paris, where he had mastered two or three languages, and learned the ways of "society"; that his name was Richard Radford, and that his father was the keeper of a stable in London; and that, finally, he was a mere adventurer and gambler. Notwithstanding this report, the newspaper exposure, and the scandal which followed, the young woman clung to the man and married him.

The rest is soon told. He made a brief trip to Philadelphia, attracted attention by the excellence of his dinners, and then returned to this city, where he engaged a furnished house on Madison avenue. For a few weeks he followed up the same style of living, and then took lodgings in an obscure boarding-house in the same neighborhood. A day or two ago his wife arose from bed to find her diamonds, money, watch and her "English lord," all gone. On the table lay a note stating that he had gone never to return. The wife returned to her mother on Staten Island, where she is said to be lying dangerously ill of brain fever.

It should be added that this impostor succeeded in making his way among a certain kind of wealthy society in spite of warnings of the press; that he was able to persuade the daughter of wealthy family to marry him, in spite of the fact that his pretensions had been exposed in public as well as in private; and that long after it was most clearly ascertained that he was an impostor his invitations to dinners and other festivities were freely accepted by many persons who made pretensions to social standing.

—N. Y. Evening Post.

SHOE AND LEATHER DEALERS.—At the monthly meeting of the New England Shoe and Leather Manufacturers' and Dealers' Association, held Wednesday in Boston, a committee appointed at a previous meeting to nominate a Committee on Credits, with a view to the establishment, in connection with the Shoe and Leather Exchange which it is proposed to open, of a bureau of information as to the commercial standing and solvency of buyers, reported progress, and asked for further time, which was granted. Two new members were added to the committee, which now consists of Messrs. Cummings, Emery, Parker, Spaulding and Mayhew. The executive committee reported that they were looking for suitable rooms for the daily meetings of the trade, and hoped soon to report satisfactorily on the subject. The names of about 120 new members were announced, and much interest and confidence were evinced by the gentlemen present in the success of the association.

Mr. Warden Haynes makes a pretty good showing for the State Prison the past three years. The profits for that period amount to \$78,548. Is there another institution of the kind in the country which can equal it?

Employment produces cheerfulness; a celebrated divine once said that he "knew a man to come home in high spirits from a funeral because he had the management of it."

Father Hyacinthe has arrived in France.

Dr. Livingstone is again heard from. St. Paul, Minn., is now the centre of seven railroads.

December—the last ember of the dying year.

A terrible bore. The inside of a fifteen-inch gun.

Paris has a widow who has been married eleven times.

Brigham Young says he has "one wife and a great many women."

Men who call their wives birds should expect to buy them from the bird market.

Miss Jelf, of Elizabeth, New Jersey, owns up to being an old maid. She has just passed her 104th birthday.

WORTHY OF NOTICE.—Exchange says there is scarcely a day passes that we do not hear either from persons coming into our office, or in some other way, of the success of Johnson's Liniment in the cure of coughs and colds, so prevalent about town just now.

If we can benefit the readers of the Journal any by recommending Parson's Purgative Pills to be the best anti-bilious medicine in the country, we are willing to do so. We have had about an equal chance to know as anyone.

General Sheridan asks \$10,000 for his eighty-acre farm in Pike township, Illinois. It has coal, and will soon have a railroad to it. This farm sold nearly a year since at less than \$4000.

A Happy New Year.

On the top wave of happiness some men float and seem to be in ivory rolls.

While others with poverty struggle through life never reaching the rich man's goal.

Some gentlemen rise Christmas will wear, some pay prices high and some low.

But if you would buy at a VERY LOW PRICE TO RICHARDS' you surely should go.

The Crown would buy of all kinds of goods, and Liberty every one knows.

Its healthy, happy, and rich friends sell.

When e'er you are there look in Dock Sq. a RE, He wishes you all a HAPPY NEW YEAR.

With a pure full of greenbacks and gold!

Just look at his prices, you'll find they are not dear.

NO BETTER GOODS EVER WERE SOLD.

A cough, Cold, or So Throat.

Requires immediate attention, as neglect often results in an incurable Lung Disease.

Brown's Bronchial Troches will most invariably give instant relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, they have a soothing effect.

SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Owing to the good reputation and popularity of the Troches, many worthless and cheap imitations are offered, which are good for nothing. Be sure to get the true.

SANTA CLARA.

Winchester, Jan. 4, 1870.

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SHOE AND LEATHER DEALERS.—At the monthly meeting of the New England Shoe and Leather Manufacturers' and Dealers' Association, held Wednesday in Boston, a committee appointed at a previous meeting to nominate a Committee on Credits, with a view to the establishment, in connection with the Shoe and Leather Exchange which it is proposed to open, of a bureau of information as to the commercial standing and solvency of buyers, reported progress, and asked for further time, which was granted. Two new members were added to the committee, which now consists of Messrs. Cummings, Emery, Parker, Spaulding and Mayhew. The executive

Found at last! A remedy that not only relieves, but cures that enemy of mankind, Consumption, as well as the numerous affections which result from it, in the shape of Coughs, Colic, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, &c. The remedy is made by Dr. W. F. FOWLE & SONS, Woburn, Mass., prepared by Seth W. Fowle & Sons, Woburn, Mass.

A Minnesota woman, who doesn't want to vote, has a sick husband and a wild farm on her hands last season. She set to work, cut the brush from eight acres and dug out the grub, broke and fenced it; put in two acres of corn and potatoes, hoed and harvested them, and also one hundred and sixty bushels of turnips and one hundred and sixty bushels of wheat. She also, during the summer, dug a cellar for the house, and did her housework.

An advertisement seriously announces a new song with the modest request—"O give me back that yesterday!" A companion to the above, "O, could you spare to-morrow?" is in preparation, to be followed by the sequel lyric of "You haven't got such a thing as next week about you, have you?"

"Warrington" expresses the opinion that the method of paying members by the session rather than by the day, will secure a short term of our State Legislature.

THE BOY OF THE PERIOD.—The New Orleans Pleasure of recent date, has the following: A lady walking along Canal street, yesterday evening was attracted by the bright eyes and blonde curls of a little urchin seated on the curb. She approached, and asked him if he was a new boy.

"No, mam; I ain't nothin'." "Have you no home?" "No."

"Wouldn't you like to have one?" "You bet!"

"You should not speak so freely, my son. But, come, how would you like for a mother?"

The little fellow scanned her from head to foot a moment, and then inquired "Would you whip me?"

"Not unless you were bad." "Lem me go bar footed!"

"No." "Play horse?" "No."

"Pull the cat's tail?" "No." "Lick the puddin' dish."

"No." "Cuss?" "No." "Chaw tobacco?" "No."

"Smoke?" "No." "Then, go along with you; you don't know any thing, I reckon next you'd say a feller shouldn't cross his legs and sin."

"Come along Josie!" And the little fellow's face glowed with a sense of ineffable contempt.

The present high price of butter is attributed to the use of the piano instead of the churn among farmers daughters.

Married. In Woburn, Jan. 6th, by Rev. S. R. Denison, Mr. Francis Cummings to Miss Martha J. Richardson, all of Woburn.

In Woburn, Jan. 1st, by P. L. Converse, Esq., John H. Gustin, of Danvers, to Angelica G. Morrison, of Woburn.

In Woburn, Dec. 23, by Rev. Mr. Barnes, Mr. S. P. Holston, of Boston, to Miss Anna C. G. Brown, of Woburn, formerly of Groton.

In Woburn, Dec. 29th, by Rev. S. R. Denison, Mr. George J. Munroe to Miss Sarah M. Nichols, both of Woburn.

In Stoneham, Jan. 3, by Rev. W. H. Fitzpatrick, John Feeley and Catherine Dohd, both of Stoneham.

Died. In Woburn, Dec. 25, Mrs. Hannah Harris, widow of the late William Harris, of New Ipswich, N. H., aged 59 years, 5 months, 4 days.

In Woburn, Dec. 21st, Timothy Bridgen, aged 72 years.

New Advertisements. Look! Look!

I would respectfully announce to the people of Woburn and vicinity, that I have moved from the corner of Main and Salem streets, to my

NEW SHOP, On Main, opposite Union St.

And shall keep constantly on hand a good assortment of

HARNESSES, TRUNKS, Valises, Whips, &c.,

And would invite all to call and see me before purchasing elsewhere.

Jobbing Done at Short Notice.

CARRIAGE TRIMMING Done with neatness and dispatch.

E. G. BERRY.

WHITFORD'S Meat and Vegetable MARKET,

Next Door South the Central House, MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

Where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale all kinds of

Fresh & Salt Meats, BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, HAM, LARD, TRIPE,

Vegetables, Fruit, Poultry, Pigs Feet, Sausages, DRIED BEEF.

And all articles usually found in a first class Meat and Vegetable Market.

H. WHITFORD.

When we consider the vast amount to which the business of Mr. S. S. Houghton amounts each year, the capacity of his great stores at Tremont Row, 55 and 72 Tremont street, and the legion of attentive employees to attend customers, we can readily account for the large spectacle presented by his splendid new Ladies' Pavilion, at 55 Tremont street.

Entering in his efforts to meet every taste and requirement of the public, prompt and exact in all business transactions, liberal and courteous in all the details of his immense yearly trade, Mr. Houghton has built for himself a reputation second to no other house in his business.

The highest quotation for gold the past year was on May 20, when it reached 144 3/4. The lowest was on the 30th ult. when it declined to 119 1/2. The highest quotation since the suspension of specie payments was in July, 1864, when it touched 255.

Prof. Agassiz is in poor health.

Old and Reliable Companies, For which he is Agent. He is also prepared to

Insure Property of all kinds, And to any amount, in all of the best American and English Companies represented in this Commonwealth. Persons desiring of obtaining insurance are invited to call and examine reports of the various companies.

Office No. 7 Wade Block, Up Stairs, rear of P. L. Converse, Esq.'s office, Hours, 8 to 9 A. M.; 7 to 8 P. M. Woburn, Jan. 4, 1870.

Ætna Insurance Co., HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital, \$3,000,000. Assets, \$5,500,000. Losses paid in 50 years over \$26,000,000.

J. GOODNOW, Sec. L. J. HENDEE, Pres. B. T. H. PORTER, Ag't at Woburn

People's Company, OF WORCESTER, MASS.

Capital, \$200,000. Assets, \$625,000. HENRY CHAPIN, President. AUG. N. CURRIER, Sec.

B. T. H. PORTER, Ag't at Woburn

Holyoke Mut. Fire Ins. Co. OF SALEM.

Statement October 1, 1869: Amount Insured, \$16,571,584.16. Cash Assets, \$10,409.42. Notes, \$54,652.28.

No extra hazardous property insured. Dividends of profits made to members. No losses unpaid. AUGUSTUS STORY, President. THOS. H. JOHNSON, Sec.

B. T. H. PORTER, Agent at Woburn.

Merrimac Mut. Fire Ins. Co. OF ANDOVER, MASS.

Amount Insured, \$5,204,267.00. Cash Assets, \$8,406.18. Insures the safe custody of property. SAMUEL GLAY, Sec.

B. T. H. PORTER, Agent for Woburn.

Cambridge Mut. Fire Ins. Co. OF CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

Amount Insured, \$1,000,000. Cash Assets, \$10,409.42. Insures the safe custody of property. SAMUEL GLAY, Sec.

B. T. H. PORTER, Agent for Woburn.

Citizens Mut. Fire Ins. Co., BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

E. C. SPARHAWK, President. S. W. TILBURN, Secretary. B. T. H. PORTER, Agent.

E. O. SOLES' NEW Meat and Vegetable MARKET,

On Main St., Woburn Center, First Door South of Woburn Bookstore.

Keeps constantly on hand, the best quality and all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats, VEGETABLES AND FRUITS IN THEIR SEASON.

Poultry, Lard, Tripe, DRIED & SMOKED MEATS

AND HOME MADE SAUSAGES, Of the very best quality.

GAME FURNISHED TO ORDER.

His new store is the best and largest in town, and he hopes to always supply the best in his line, to secure a liberal share of patronage.

E. O. SOLES.

Consumption. The Three Remedies, "SCHECHER'S PULMONIC SYRUP," for the cure of Coughs, Colic, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, &c. The remedy is made by Dr. W. F. FOWLE & SONS, Woburn, Mass., prepared by Seth W. Fowle & Sons, Woburn, Mass.

"SCHECHER'S SEA-WEED TONIC" for the cure of Dyspepsia or Indigestion, and all diseases arising from debility. This tonic invigorates the digestive organs, supplies the place of the gastric juice when that is deficient, and then enables the patient to digest the most nutritious food. It is a sovereign remedy for all cases of indigestion.

"SCHECHER'S MANDRAKE PILLS," one of the most valuable medicines ever discovered, being a vegetable substitute for calomel, and having all the useful properties ascribed to that mineral, without producing any of its injurious effects.

To these three remedies, Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, adds his unrivaled success in the treatment of Pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens morbid matter, discharges it, and purifies the blood. The Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, remove all obstructions therefrom, give the organ a healthy tone, and cure Liver Complaint, which is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption. The Sea-Weed Tonic invigorates the powers of the stomach, and by strengthening the digestion and bringing it to a normal condition, improves the quality of the blood, by which means the formation of ulcers or tubercles in the lungs becomes impossible.

The combined action of these medicines, as thus explained, will cure every case of Consumption, if the remedy is used in time, and the use of them is persevered in sufficiently to bring the case to a favorable termination.

Dr. Schenck's Almanac, containing a full treatise on the various forms of disease, his mode of treatment, and general directions how to use his medicines, can be had gratis or sent by mail by addressing his Principal Office, No. 13 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Sea Weed Tonic, each, \$1.50 per bottle, or \$7.50 the half dozen; Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

CALL AT DODGE'S

Drug Store,

FOR ALL KINDS OF

FAMILY MEDICINES

AND

Medicinal Articles.

THE STRICTEST

Personal Attention

Miniature Almanac

JANUARY, 1870.

8 9 10 11 12 13 14

PAID TO THE

PREPARATION

OF ALL

MEDICINES

Upon Physician's Prescriptions,

AT

Dodge's Drug Store,

Next Door to Lyceum Building,

WOBURN.

BUY YOUR

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

AT

DODGE'S

JEWELRY STORE.

You can have any article of

HAIR WORK

Solid Silver Ware

Made to order, at less than Boston prices. You can buy all kinds of

AMERICAN WATCHES

AT DODGE'S,

AT LOW PRICES.

Howard Watches, Waltham Watches, Elgin Watches

A good assortment always on hand, in gold and silver cases.

Floor Oil Cloths.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LOT OF OIL CLOTHS, THAT ARE

THOROUGHLY SEASONED,

and those in want would do well to examine before purchasing.

W. Woodberry, OPPOSITE COMMON WOBURN, MASS.

Christmas and New Year!

What is better for a present than a Good Picture!

Good Pictures of adults taken in cloudy weather. Bring the children in the forenoon, to

TILESTON'S PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS, Opposite the Methodist Church, WOBURN.

CHAS. A. SMITH, New Store! New Goods!

BLACK SILKS, BLANKETS, BLACK SILKS, BLANKETS,

New Goods,

POPLIN VELOURS, FLANNELS, POPLIN VELOURS, FLANNELS,

Bank Building,

PLAIDS, CLOAKINGS, PLAIDS, CLOAKINGS,

Woburn,

EMPRESS, EMPRESS, SHAWLS, SHAWLS,

Our Motto,

ALPACAS, LINEN DAMASK, ALPACAS, LINEN DAMASK,

Good Goods,

At Low Prices.

WOOLENS, COTTONS, WOOLENS, COTTONS,

G. R. GAGE & CO.,

Are offering

Extra Inducements

To Purchasers of

Winter Goods!

Gentlemen's Garments

REDUCED PRICES!

They would call particular attention to their

Overcoatings,

For Beavers, Chinchillas, Castors, and Biollis.

And a great variety of

Plaid Suitings,

The prevailing style in New York and Boston.

FRENCH, SCOTCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN

CASSIMERES,

Diagonal and Basket Weave Patterns. An extra line of MELTOS for

Fall Overcoats,

CASHMERES

In great variety for

VESTINGS.

All of which will be made up in the

LATEST STYLES

to suit customers, and satisfaction guaranteed.

G. R. GAGE & CO.

BANK BLOCK, WOBURN.

Woburn Lyceum Lectures.

The last lecture of the course will be given by Wendell Phillips Esq.,

Monday Eve'g, Jan. 10th, 1870.

Single Tickets 25 Cents.

James McIntyre, MILLINERY,

Dry & Fancy Goods,

SMALL WARES, &c., MAIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.

An assortment of

Velvets, Ribbons, Laces, Veils,

Velvet Ribbons, Ruches, Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Gloves, Mittens, Cottons, Flannels, Trimmings, Corsets, Lingerie, White Goods, Aprons, Corsets, Linen Quills, Blankets, Hoop Skirts, Hair Nets, Buttons, Trimmings, Hosiery, Nubias, Small Wares, Yarns, Baiting, &c.

LADIES' AND GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING,

Gent's Paper Collars, Neckties, Scarfs, Dress Shirts, Suspensors, Socks, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hats and Caps, &c., &c., &c.

All at Lowest Cash Prices.

Next Store North of Lyceum Building, Woburn, 1819.

LUMBER

AND

COAL.

Constantly receiving, by car and cargo, all kinds of Eastern and Western

Pine and Spruce Lumber,

CEDAR, PINE AND SPRUCE

SHINGLES,

All grades

Laths

AND

Clapboards,

FENCE PICKETS, all widths.

CEDAR, CHESTNUT AND LOCUST POSTS,

TANNERS' and CURRIERS'

Pit and Hanging Sticks,

On hand and cut to order,

All of which will be sold LOW for CASH, at the

Old Stand on Main Street, And at Railroad Freight Yard.

Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

J. E. LITTLEFIELD & SONS.

DRESS-MAKING.

MISS J. G. CARR

Would announce to the ladies of Woburn that she is prepared to cut and make dresses in the latest and most approved styles, and respectfully solicits their patronage. Also, Pinking and Machine Stitching done to order. Residence of HENRY BULFINGH, Pleasant Street, Woburn.

DIARIES

FOR 1870.

A large assortment, for sale at GEO. F. FOSDICK & CO'S.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

MAKES THE WEAK STRONG

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS—J. M. Littlefield, ss. Supreme Judicial Court, October Term, 1869. Amelia F. Alard, Libellant for Divorce, vs. John F. Alard. In the above entitled libel for a divorce, it is now ordered, that a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony be entered in favor of the said Amelia F. Alard, for the cause of the adultery of the said John F. Alard, to be made absolute after the expiration of six months from the date of this decree, upon compliance with the terms thereof, unless sufficient cause to the contrary shall appear.

And the Libellant is required to publish an attested copy of this order in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper published in Woburn, in said County, once a week for six successive weeks, the first publication to be within one month from the date of this order; that all persons interested may, within said six months, show cause, if any they have, why said decree should not be made absolute.

By the Court, JNO. JAS. SAWYER, Asst. Clerk. December 4th, 1869. A true copy. Attest, JNO. JAS. SAWYER, Clerk.

JAMES W. TURNER, PHOTOGRAPHER,

47 Hanover Street, Boston.

CHRISTMAS, December 25th.

Just Received,

100 Barrels

VERY EXTRA

FLOUR,

DIRECT FROM ST. LOUIS.

ALSO,

75 Barrels

APPLES,

RUSSETS,

BALDWIN'S, GREENINGS,

NORTHERN SPY, &c.

FOR SALE

Very Low,

BY

STEARNS, BROWN & CO.

At Dodge's

JEWELRY STORE,

Only \$60 for Your Choice.

The Howe Sewing Machine, Singer, Grover & Baker, Wheeler & Wilson's, Florence only \$63.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

One of the best articles for a CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENT,

Sewing Machine.

Every Machine warranted to give satisfaction. Machines delivered anywhere within ten miles free of charge. Persons purchasing machines will be desired to operate them either at my store or at their homes. Also all kinds of Machine Needles and Bins.

First National Bank of Woburn.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the First National Bank of Woburn, will be held at their banking room in Woburn, on TUESDAY, the eleventh day of January next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the choice of directors, and for the transaction of any other legal business which may come before them.

Woburn, Dec. 9th, 1869. E. J. JENKS Cashier.

Sewing Machines to Let

BY THE WEEK OR MONTH,

AT DODGE'S,

BEAUTIFUL SETS OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

INSERTED FOR \$15 AND \$20, BY DR. C. T. LANO,

WINN STREET, W. CUBEN.

Dr. A. L. SCOVILL is the inventor of several medical preparations which have become very popular, and have been liberally used. Among his inventions are "Hall's Kidney and Lung" and "Liver and Bowel." For the past six years no better Lung remedy has been offered to the public. Read the following letter from Dr. SCOVILL, referring to it:

Messrs. J. N. HARRIS & CO.,

Gentlemen:—I make the following statement from a perfect conviction and knowledge of the benefit of ALLEN'S LUNG REMEDY in curing the most deep-seated Pulmonary Consumption. I have witnessed its effects on the young and the old, and I can truly say that it is by far the best expectorant remedy with which I am acquainted. For Coughs, and all the early stages of Lung complaints, I believe it to be a certain and every family would keep it by them, ready to administer upon the first appearance of disease about the Lungs, there would be very few cases of fatal consumption. It causes the

GRAIN.


the best quality of Grain constantly on hand, and
 sold by S. SIMONDS, at Woburn Grain Mill.

Teeth, Teeth,
 for \$15, \$20, and \$25 a Set.
 Teeth Filled, Teeth Extracted.
 GAS OR ETHER ADMINISTERED.
V. F. STONE.
 DENTIST,

WINTER STREET,
Over Chandler & Co.'s, Room 16,
BOSTON.

FOUTZ'S
CELEBRATED
Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly re-invigorate broken down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the




Incident to this animal, such as LUNG
VER, GLANDERS, YELLOW
TER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DIS-
PHER, FEVERS, FOUNDER,
SSES OF APPETITE AND VITAL
ERGY, &c. Its use improves
wind, increases the appetites
as smooth and glossy skin—and
transforms the miserable skeleton
to a fine-looking and spirited horse.



To keepers of Cows this prepara-
tion is invaluable. It is a sure pre-

ventive against Rinderpest, Hollow Horn, etc. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it excites their appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.


In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-fourth of a paper to a paper in a barrel of the above diseases will be treated or entirely prevented. If given



time, a certain preventive and
cure for the Illeg Cholera.

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor,
BALTIMORE, Md.

For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout
the United States, Canadas and South America.



brodeloths Cassimeres

AND
VESTINGS,
every shade and quality, together with every
article usually kept in a Tailor's store, all of
which he offers at very low prices for CASH, at
Kelley's Building, Woburn,
P. TEARE, Merchant Tailor.
March 13, 1869. 251st

FUNERAL AND FURNISHING
UNDERTAKER.
 COFFIN WAREHOUSE,
 Railroad st., near corner of Main,
 WOBURN.
 SKETCHES and COFFINS of various Styles and

ness in the old way. I have a sufficient number of these preservers for Woburn and the neighboring towns, and can furnish you with one or two horses, and Carriages as desired.

Residence, East Street, near Green. 29

Josiah Hovey,
AUCTIONEER,
SURVEYOR & CONVEYANCER

BOSTON AND LOWELL
 at Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Story Brook
 Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowell
 Railroads.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY.

Sunday May 18th, 1863, trains will leave

Bell,	7, 10 am, 12 noon, 2 p.m., 3.45, 5, 6 p.m.
Hill Billeria,	7.00, 10, 12 m, 2.30, 5.00, p.m.
America & Wilmington,	7.00, 10, 12.30, 5.
Dumfries, N. Weburn,	10 a.m, 4.00, p.m.
Wm W. P.,	7.00, 10.00, a.m., 3.30, 5.00 p.m.
Town,	7.00, 8.00, 10 a.m., 12.15, 3, 4.30, 6.30,
Chester,	6.45, 7.00, 9, 11.30 a.m., 12.15
P. J. A. Siles,	6.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30 p.m.
Medford,	6.45, 10, 11.30 a.m., 12.15, 2.30,
J. A. Siles,	6.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30 p.m.
Lodge Hill 6.45,	10.00, 11.30 a.m., 3.15, 5.30

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE
 11:17-1:09 p.m., 9:50 a.m., 12:15 p.m., 1:15-5:30 p.m., 5:36 p.m.
 Billerica 7:09, 9:29 a.m., 1:22, 3:41, p.m.
 Billerica 7:16, 9:40 a.m., 1:29, 3:47 p.m.
 Boston 7:29, 9:55 a.m., 1:29, 3:55, p.m.
 Wilmington 7:31 a.m., 3:41 p.m.
 Woburn 7:34 a.m., 3:45 p.m.
 Barn W. 7:39 a.m., 3:53, 6:04 p.m.

chester at 6:05, 7:05, 7:45, 9:05, 10:20 a.m.; 1:40, 2:55, 3:55, 4:20, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15 p.m.
Medford at 6:10, 7:15, 7:55, 9:15, 10:30 a.m.; 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15 p.m.
Hill at 6:19, 7:19, 9:19, 10:30 a.m.; 1:35, 3:10, 4:15, 5:28 p.m.
Arrival of trains from Nashua.
Thorn Depot.
7 a.m. train from Lowell stops at College and Winter Hill, to leave passengers for the station before Woburn W. Place. Also stops at Mystic Winter Hill for Boston passengers.

Woburn Branch.
 Leaves Woburn Centre, leaves Boston 6.45
 11.39, a.m. 12.15, 3, 4, 5.15, 6.19, 6.49, 7.39,
 8 p.m.
 Returns leave Woburn Centre for Boston at
 7.59, 7.49, 8.18.25, a.m. 1.15, 5.69, 6.59, 8.18
 Wednesdays 11.15 and Saturdays at 10.39 p.m.

Stoneham Branch.
 The train on this Road will leave Boston at Lowell Railroad Depot for Stoneham, at 6.00 A. M., 8.15, 9.3, 4.5-15, 6.30 P. M.
 The train will leave Stoneham for Boston at 5.49, and 7.39, 10.15, A. 1.00, 4.49, and 6.39, P. M.
 The train will leave Boston for Stoneham at 5.41, 11.30 and Saturdays at 10.30
 The train will leave Stoneham for Boston on Wednesdays 11.05 and Saturdays at 6.05, p. m.
 B. & N. S. L. R.
 B. L. and N. & L. R. R.

ters printed at this Office.

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Middlesex County Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North Reading, Wakefield, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XIX : No. 17.

WOBURN, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 15, 1870.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 5 CENTS

GEO. H. HUTCHINGS M. D.,
ECLECTIC

Physician and Surgeon,

Graduate of the Medical College of Philadelphia, and University of Medicine and Surgery of Pennsylvania; also, of the Eclectic Medical College of Cincinnati.

LUNGS, HUMORS, CANCERS, AND ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

Have been treated with unprecedented success by him for the last ten years.

Dr. H. has been so successful in treating all diseases of the Lungs and Lungs, such as Spitting of Blood, Coughs, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing, Night Sweats, Wasting of the Flesh, that all who are suffering from any of these symptoms will do well to give him an early call. All diseases of the Stomach and Liver, such as Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Indigestion, Constipation, and those symptoms resulting from the use of opium, are treated with success by him.

Skin Diseases and Humors.

Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, &c., he eradicates from the blood, and are not left to poison the system. Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Lame-ness, from whatever cause, are treated with success by him.

CATARH.

Which, if not arrested is sure to lead to consumption, is quickly and permanently cured by his popular remedies.

Particular attention paid to all diseases of Women and Children.

All remedial agents for the cure of diseases chosen from the vegetable kingdom.

Office and Residence Main Street,
(Opposite the High School.)

Office hours—12 M. to 2 P. M.; 5 to 9 P. M.

HENSHAW & Co.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

Cast Steel Saws,

CURRIERS' BLADES, LIXING AND STEEL-PIPING KNIVES,

Slickers, Scrapers and Springs.

All orders promptly attended to at their Mill in East Woburn, or at their store at Exchange street, Room 2, Boston.

The highest prize, a Silver Medal, was awarded to them for their display of Cast Steel Saws, at the exhibition of the Massachusetts Mechanics Charitable Association in 1869.

F. J. BANCROFT,

Organ, Piano Forte and Melodeon

Tuner and Repairer,

At Oliver Ditson's Music Store, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

Orders left at Harton's Bookstore in Woburn, and at the Post Office in Stoneham, will be promptly attended to.

CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

My friends, make your home beautiful.

How shall we do it?

Why, buy one of those unrivalled HURDLETT CELESTIAL ORNAMENTS.

Where can they be found?

Found in every variety of style at

JOHN C. HAYNES & CO.,

33 CORNHILL STREET, - BOSTON, MASS.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PETER KENNEY,

Dealer in

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS.

First Door South the Post Office,

WOBURN, MASS.

A large and fresh assortment of Ladies', Gents', Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of every description. Rubbers and Rubber Boots selling at the lowest prices.

P. KENNEY.

Woburn, Dec. 1st, 1869.

A. E. THOMPSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

DRY GOODS,

Woolens and Small Wares,

West India Goods, Flour

AND GRAIN,

Groceries and Glass Ware, Paper Hangings, Paints, Oils, &c.

No. 3 WADE BLOCK,

A. E. THOMPSON,

E. B. NICHOLS,

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J. C. OSGOOD,

Dealers in

33 Winter Street, - Boston.

DRESS, CLOAK AND MANTILLA

TRIMMINGS,

Of all kinds.

Buttons, Braid & Thread Store Goods,

French and German Corsets.

Of German Corsets we have a nice article, sixteen bones, fit & good.

We are constantly receiving the new styles of

TRIMMINGS

As they come out, and will sell them at the lowest market prices.

Neptune House

CHELSEA BEACH.

Game and Fish Suppers.

JOSEPH NASON, Proprietor.

Esplanade Hall and Rooms secured by address—No. 10 Chelsea P. O.

THOMAS R. CORBETT

CARPENTER AND BUILDERS.

(Late of the firm of the Loring & Corbett), would respectfully inform his friends in Woburn and vicinity that he has retired from business, but proposes to continue the business as formerly, for the benefit of his friends, and to secure a continuance of public confidence and patronage.

A. B. COF IN,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

No. 1 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.

Marriage from Court Square and 23 School.

New Store! New Goods!

JAMES MCINTYRE.

MILLINERY,

Dry & Fancy Goods,

SMALL WARES, &c.,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.

An assortment of

Velvets, Ribbons, Laces, Veils,

Velvet Ribbons, Ruches, Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Mittens, Cottons, Plan-
tations, Delaines, Canebrakes, Muslins,
White Goods, Aprons, Corsets, Linen
Gulls, Blankets, Hoop Skirts, Hair
Nets, Buttons, Trimmings,
Hoods, Nubias, Small Wares,
Yarns, Baiting, &c.

LAIDIES' AND GENTS'

UNDERCLOTHING,

Gent's Paper Collars, Neckties, Scarfs, Dress Shirts,
Suspenders, Socks, Gloves, Handkerchiefs,
Hats and Caps, &c., &c.

All at Lowest Cash Prices.

NEXT STORE NORTH OF LYCEUM BUILD-
ING, WOBURN.

Christmas and New Year!

What is better for a present than a Good Picture!

Good Pictures of adults taken in cloudy weather. Bring the children in the morning, to

TILESTON'S PHOTOGRAPH

ROOMS,

Opposite the Methodist Church,
WOBURN.

GEORGE H. MILLER,

Paper Hanger.

Orders left at Mr. Stone's, Water Street, or at his house on FAIRMOUNT STREET, Woburn, will be promptly attended to.

M. ELLIS & CO.,

BUILDING MOVERS, STONE MASONS

AND CELLAR BUILDERS,

Park St., Rear of Baptist Church,
WOBURN.

Laborers furnished by the day. Having an excellent power in the moving and cellar business, we guarantee to give good satisfaction.

C. S. ADKINS,

Keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of

WRITING PAPER,

ENVELOPES, S, PENCILS AND INK

AL

Diaries, Blank Books,

Albums, Games and Toys.

ALL THE

Daily Newspapers

AND PERIODICALS OF THE DAY.

A fine assortment of

CONFECTONERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAP, AND

PERFUMERY,

Agent for the sale of

Hovey's Hair Balm,

Which is the best preparation for the hair in the market, and gives entire satisfaction.

Next Door to the Post Office

MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

J. P. BARRETT,

CHURCH, PARLOR ORGANS, MELODEONS

AND PIANOS

TUNED AND REPAIRED.

Also, Teacher of Music. Residence, Railroad Street, Woburn, July 18—6m.

Dr. A. L. SCOVILLE is the inventor of several medical preparations which have become very popular and have been liberally used. Among his inventions are "HALL'S Balsam for the Lungs" and "Liverwort and Tar." For the past six years he has been engaged in the manufacture of these preparations, and has secured for them the most complete and perfect of the law. He is now preparing to issue a new and improved edition of his "Balsam for the Lungs," and is also preparing to issue a new and improved edition of his "Liverwort and Tar." He is also preparing to issue a new and improved edition of his "Balsam for the Lungs," and is also preparing to issue a new and improved edition of his "Liverwort and Tar."

Messrs. J. N. HARRIS & CO.,

Gentlemen:—I make the following statement from a perfect conviction and knowledge of the facts: I have witnessed the effects of the Balsam for the Lungs, and I can truly say that it is by far the best expectorant remedy with which I am acquainted. For Coughs and all the early stages of Lung complaints, I believe it to be a certain cure, and if every family would keep it by them, ready to administer upon the first appearance of disease about the Lungs, there would be very few cases of fatal consumption. It cures the phlegm and matter to issue, without irritating those delicate organs (the Lungs), and without producing excitation of the bowels. It treats, cures and changes all the morbid secretions to a healthy state. Yours respectfully, A. L. SCOVILLE.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

Floor Oil Cloths.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LOT OF

OIL CLOTHS, THAT ARE

THOROUGHLY SEASONED,

and those in want would do well

to examine before purchasing.

W. Woodberry,

OPPOSITE COMMON

WOBURN,

MASS.

Just received a fresh lot of

Eight Day and 30 Hour Clocks,

AND TIMEPIECES, at

DODGE'S.

Cooking and Courting.

Dear Ned—no doubt you'll be surprised when you receive and read this letter; I've called against the marriage state. But then, you see, I know no better. I've met a lovely girl out here. Her manner is so sweet and winning; we're soon to be well. Ned, my dear, I'll tell you all from the beginning.

I want to ask her out to ride. Last Wednesday—it was perfect weather; she said she couldn't, possibly. The servants had gone off together. (Her maid always runs away. At cousin's funeral to be looking.) I've met her, and she must stay. She said, to do that branch of cooking.

"Oh, let me help you," then I cried: "I'll be a cook, too—how jolly!" She laughed, and answered, with a smile, "All right! but you'll repeat your folly. For I shall be a tyrant, sir."

A good hard work you'll have to grapple; so sit down there, and don't you stir. But take that knife and parer that apple."

She relished her slave above her air. That lovely art, so plump and rounded; Outside the morning sun alone bright. Inside, the dough she softly pounded. Her little fingers sprinkled flour. And rolled the pie crust up in masses; I tasted the most delicious morsel. Salt butter, sugar, and molasses.

With deep reflection, her sweet eyes Gazed on each pot and pan and kettle; She sliced the apples, filled her pie. And then the upper crust did settle. Her rippling waves of golden hair In one great coil were tightly related; But locks would break it here and there, And curl about where they lay.

And then her slave came down, and I Fastened it up the longest time. Her arm, Ned, was so fair and snowy. So tender, and so smooth, and so shy; Somehow, that made me all the better; Her hair tips looked so red on my shoulder.

We're to be married, Ned, next month; Come and attend the wedding revels. I really think that bachelors And the most miserable devil. You'd better go for some girl's hand. And if you are cooking, I'll be there. You'd better make a fine demand. Why, just try cooking together. (Harold Advocate.)

The Incumbent of Bagshot.

BY THE BARON SCHLITFENBACH.

I had arrived from Oxford, and was standing at the book-stall of the Pad-dington terminus inquiring for a cheap edition of one of Lever's early novels, when a middle-aged man, a clergyman, came up to the same stall, and asked the bustling newspaper man, who was holding a bundle of newspapers still wet from the press, for a second hand copy of Warburton's "Crescent and the Cross."

I hardly knew why, but the face of my fellow-purchaser struck me as a remarkable one; and being a little of an artist and about as much of a physiognomist, I could, gray eyes, a close-pressed mouth, and a full bold chin, indicating an inflexible will—were the chief points I observed, combining to produce the face of a man of strong sense and determination. For a missionary, I thought, or a layman, I thought, or a soldier, I thought, or a man of religion, such a face seemed to promise every qualification. His manner, quiet, self-possessed, imperturbable, was just what might have been expected from such a countenance. As a head of my day, as my doctor in the hour of danger, as my priest, as my Bishop, I could have believed and confided in such a man. A magnetic sense of power, physical and mental, seemed to pass from him and instantly overcome my weaker will.

"How much?" I said; "two shillings?"

"Two shillings,"

I took out my purse, but found, to my mortification, I had no more silver, and only the two £20 notes my father had sent for my trip to Cornwall.

"I am sorry," I said, to the bookseller, "I have no silver, and only two £20 notes. I suppose I could not take the book and pay for it when I return from Cornwall?"

"Not exactly," said the man insolently, as he slapped the damp papers together; "I've done that once too often. No, not for Joseph."

"You need not be insolent," I said, rather indifferently.

"We don't give credit, sir, at this establishment."

"Pray allow me to have the pleasure of paying for the book in question," said my fellow-purchaser, stepping toward me. "I think I heard you say you were going west—to Cornwall. So I am. We are, perhaps, going to the same hotel."

Thanked him, accepted his offer, and explained that I had some notes in my purse, but no silver. I was going to the Great Western Hotel.

So was he. My luggage and his, he believed, had just gone on by the same truck. We walked together to the hotel. He proved himself to be a thorough, travelled man of the world, full of anecdote and humorous allusion. Reverend Henry Atkins, Vicarage, Bagshot, that was the name and address he gave, as we stood in the hotel office taking our bedrooms. We were both, we found, going to Exeter by the 7:15 P. M. train the next day. I changed one of my notes, paid back the small sum borrowed, thanked him, and we parted.

"I hope we shall meet again," he said on parting. He followed the porter who carried his trunk and bag up stairs. I watched him as he went up out of sight, and said to myself, "That man was born for a statesman or a General; what a pity such a mind should be restricted to the petty cares of a small parish! Well," thought I, "if every one was in his right place, the world would be very different."

I went to the theatre that night to see the last burlesque, as eager for London amusements as an Oxford man who had been reading hard for his degree might sit for being. I did not stay for the last piece, and got back to the hotel about half-past eleven. To while away half an hour I strolled into a billiard room near the hotel. There was a radish sort of pseudo-military man there playing with a friend, a little Jew. They played reasonably well, and once or twice the Captain (as he was called) made a winning hazard that rather

astonished me, had it not been obviously the effect of luck more than of skill. At the end of the game the Jew left, and the Captain, after one or two experimental strokes, in which he failed, asked me if I had any objection to a game. I accepted the invitation, being rather proud of my play. Just as I had selected my cue and chalked the end, the little Jew returned and perched himself on a high seat close to the marker. Five shillings a game the Captain proposed, just to prevent it being insipid.

"One gets so doosed careless," he said, "if one doesn't play for something—Mossy, be kind enough to touch the bell. I must have some brandy hot—that infernal damn we had at Greenwich has, I declare, made me feel quite queer."

The waiter came, and after a gulp of the brandy, the Captain said he felt more himself, and made one or two very fair strokes; then he fell off again, and missed two.

"Fred, you're no good to-night; not a bit of good," said the Jew. "I shall put my money on this gentleman, for he plays a good steady game."

I made three very good strokes in succession, encouraged by this praise, (as that I was) and every time I scored the Jew rolled back in his seat and exclaimed with unctious.

"Stroke, indeed!"

As I turned to chalk my cue and take the red ball out of the left hand top pocket, into which I had struck it last time, I was surprised, the stern calm face of my friend of the morning fixed steadily on me. He had come in unnoticed by me, and was sitting near the marker, and speaking to him in a low voice. I nodded to him, and went on with the game, which I won, of course.

"Like my confounded luck!" said the Captain, tossing down the five shillings and spitefully digging his cue into the chalk till it actually squeaked with pain; "but I'm always a happy-go-lucky; come I'll have another go."

"That's right, Fred," said the Jew; "never say die, but, lord, you're no match for this gentleman. You never could do the long stroke; you never put side enough on, does he, marker?"

The drowsy marker, who had been mechanically doing out the score, shrugged his shoulders and said, "I don't know."

"The Captain plays a very good game when he tries; but he does not always leave 'em as he should do."

"Suppose we have a little more liquid before we begin again," said the Captain to me. "What shall it be? I feel awfully dry. Let's have some more brandy, sir. I must go and secure my bed. I didn't tell them I should sleep here. Come along Mossy, and see about yours."

The moment they had gone, the Vicar of Bagshot came straight up to me with a very serious and earnest expression on his face.

"You may think me intrusive," he said, "but do let me strongly advise you to play another game with that fellow. That is Macdonald, one of the most notorious billiard sharps in London; the Jew is an accomplice. The next I feel let you win the first game; he'll now propose higher stakes, and win. Take care, too, or they'll devour your brandy. They've gone out now to get something to make it into your head faster before the betting begins. I have no motive, my friend, in this. I feel for you, a young man unacquainted with London tricks. Hush! here they come."

Just at that moment the brandy and the two thieves came in. I observed the Jew instantly go towards the smoking glass and stir one of them round as he turned.

The Captain pulled off his coat, turned up his right shirt cuff, and spotted the red ball with his usual gay nonchalance. "You begin," he said.

"Thank you," said I, putting on my coat, "I don't think I shall play any more to-night."

"Not play? not play? why you engaged with me," he said, looking around the room in surprise, half in suspicion, half in anger. "May I ask, sir, what has produced this sudden change of intention?"

"Marker," said I, "you may take that brandy and water—I have had enough; I'm afraid you'll find it rather strong."

"O, I see," said the Captain, unsmiling at once and advancing threateningly toward the Vicar, who was watching him like a hawk. "This fellow here, wherever he may be, has been good enough to slander me and my friend while my back was turned. And pray, sir, who are you?"

As he said this he walked up to the Vicar, flourishing the butt end of his cue menacingly. "I don't know your name," he said, with long, impudent stare, "but you are a villainous fellow, and you're as like a lag I once knew in Australia as two peas. You remember Gentleman Jack, Mossy?"

"Of course I do, and help me, but he's the very image of him!" jabbered the Jew.

"You were, then, I presume, in the same chain gang," said the Vicar, as he rose and clenched his fist. "I'll bear this insolence no longer. You are both notorious billiard sharps; the marker knows it, and he has been paid for admitting it. The police all know you; you work more and I'll ring the bell and send the waiter for a constable and give you in charge. Now you be off. I won't take the trouble to knock down this sham Captain for his insolence—a feather weight must see. This fellow here, wherever he may be, has been good enough to slander me and my friend while my back was turned. And pray, sir, who are you?"

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The Legislature and the Governor's Address.

The great and general court met in its annual session, on Wednesday of last week, electing Mr. Jewell speaker of the house, and Mr. Coddige, of Suffolk, president of the Senate. On Saturday, the Governor delivered his annual address before both houses met in convention. While we have never doubted the large ability of Governor Claflin, while, indeed, we have always fully believed in his practical, honest, efficient statesmanship, we were more than usually gratified in the personal of this address, so very full it is of both matter of fact detail and wise suggestion.

The financial condition of the State receives his careful study, and being a sound financier in his private capacity, as his success as a business man clearly shows, his suggestions ought to be heeded, being as they are in most part moderate and practical. We learn that the State debt now amounts to upwards of thirty millions of dollars, and that we are pledged to some four or five millions more. Against all this there is an offset which now reduces the liability of the State to pay principal and interest on about thirteen and one-half millions, the rest being provided for by sinking funds and other resources. But we think too much cannot be given by the Legislature to the recommendation of the Governor that no more grants be given to any more projects, no matter how plausible they may be. Certainly, it is due to the tax payers, overburdened and pressed down, and to the business of the State almost literally crushed to death by taxes, that if we cannot have our burdens lightened and made easier, we shall not have new loads put upon us. Every tax payer in the State ought at once to put his foot down in this matter, and to watch every representative and senator in the Legislature very carefully and to use his influence with such as he can to prevent further useless expenditure. We hope every voter will see what course his particular representative should take on this matter, and if he votes for any scheme of puffing out the money of the State to aid any private interest, they will vote next fall to retain that member at home. Spot them. Retrenchment, not lavish expense, is the true watchword for the people.

The Governor gives a careful statement of all the leading interests of the State. The penal institutions, educational interests, State charities, and prohibition of course, being the things which take the most of his and of the reader's attention. Certainly the Governor's remarks in regard to our prison discipline and our State charities are such as to commend themselves to every thoughtful man in the Commonwealth. They breathe the very spirit of charity and Christian love, and are in accord with the advancing and humane civilization of the age. We trust they may not be unheeded, but that this State shall be permitted to lead all the others in adopting such a system of prison discipline as will be in accord with the Christian spirit of the age, and with the true idea of punishment as the author of Christianity administers it.

With regard to prohibition, the Governor speaks in no equivocal words. It is clear, we think, that the free man party have no reason to expect that Gov. Claflin would sign any law repealing, or in any way crippling the present efficient prohibitory law.

We trust the Legislature will heed the Governor's parting injunction, to have a short session. Let it be short and full of work, and the people will be happy.

Mrs. Stowe's new book, embodying her defence against the attacks made upon her for the Byron expose, as announced, appeared on the 4th inst. It is seen that she re-affirms her first statements as to the assertions of Lady Byron, and fortifies them by additional facts.

The latest scandal in New York city is the elopement of the Rev. Mr. Cook, pastor of the West 7th street Methodist Episcopal church, with a young unmarried lady, a member of his church, who belongs to one of the first families. He leaves a young wife and two children.

All the New York papers comment favorably on the first appearance of Echter, the actor, Monday night. The McFarland trial is again postponed till March. The defence will be "phrenical insanity." A bail-headed association has been organized in Gotham. Greeley has had his salary raised to \$10,000 a year by the Tribune Association. John Garvey was beaten and thrown out of a two story window in Baxter street, last Thursday night, and died Monday.

The woman sadrage people are creeping ahead by very slow degrees. Wyoming has yielded and granted suffrage to women; Colorado will it is evident, follow suit. Michigan sets an example for the recognition of woman's rights by opening her State University to the fair sex. And now congress will be called upon.

The Legislature evidently means to have a short session; that is, it talks about it. So does everybody about the millennium. We should be pleased to see either; and better, both.

Harper's Ferry has only about two hundred souls, not including John Brown's, which is marching on.

So many men are very "short" about this time, says the N. Y. Eve. Post, that Tom Thumb and Commodore Nutt have ceased to be curiosities.

Astonishing fashions in spring hats and bonnets are promised. Perhaps the bonnet will be worn under the chin, and a bow-knot tied on the top of the head.

THE NEWS OF HOME.

Woburn.

A January thaw this week.

For sure prognostic of the weather, see Josh Billings Farmer's Almanax.

The Catholic Society of this town are getting ready for a fair, to be held at Lyceum Hall, to commence Feb. 1st, and continue one week.

The best of the lecture season is by no means over, as may be seen from the advertisement and notice of Dr. Lord's Historical lectures.

C. G. Hawkins caught at Burbank pond, East Woburn, one day this week, a fine string of pickerel, one of which weighed 3-4 pounds and another 3-2 pounds.

Whitford's market is a good place to buy all kind of fresh and salt meats, vegetables, fruits, etc. Some very nice Texas oranges have been received, and are worth early consideration.

The three evangelical churches in town have held their union meetings through this week, those last week having proved so interesting.

Hartwell & Reynolds have had in their market the past week a specimen of pork weighing six hundred pounds, raised by G. H. Conn.

Rev. Dr. Barrows presented the cause of the society for which he is laboring, at the Congregational church, last Sabbath morning.

Mr. J. G. Cole and James Tweed, Jr., of this town, will start next Monday on a trip to South Carolina, to look after the cotton interests in that State, where Mr. Cole has a son engaged in cotton raising.

The highway at the foot of Wood's hill is being widened, and a substantial bank wall built on the south side, which is a much needed improvement in the right spot.

Among the many weekly publications to be found on Horton's counter, is Every Saturday, No. 3 of the new series, a splendid number in point of illustrations. The literary contents are of the first quality.

E. O. Soles has had a neat counting room fitted up in the front part of his market, an evidence of prosperity that all who like to see a first-class market well kept are pleased to notice.

The Ladies' Charitable Society connected with the Unitarian church are to have a series of soirees in Sill's Hall, the first one occurring on Wednesday evening next, the 19th. A first rate time can be relied upon with certainty.

Those who wish to select a sewing machine at a place where all styles are sold, and who want to get a bargain, are requested to note F. B. Dodge's advertisement in another column.

Last Sunday, Wm. H. Richardson, of Woburn, attempted to cross what is known as the "basin" in Winchester, but the ice broke and let him in. William H. Burnham, who was near, took off his coat, and throwing it towards Richardson succeeded in pulling him ashore.

Mr. James Doory asks us state that the item in our paper a week or two ago, to the effect that he had been sent to the House of Correction for thirty days, is incorrect. He was sent to the hospital department of that institution at his own request, for medical treatment, indulgence in intoxicating drink having made serious inroads upon his health.

We have received the January number of Peters' Musical Monthly. For the small sum of thirty cents the number furnishes a surprising amount of music, comprising waltzes, quadrilles, marches, polkas, galops, mazurkas, and songs with piano accompaniments, all of large variety and considerable excellence.

We have seen tested a new article for cleaning paint, "Dade's Eureka Compound," that removes quickly and with perfect ease all sorts of dirt and stains from doors, partitions, furniture, and the like. P. W. Gorham is the agent, on whom at his shop on Main street, opposite Walnut, we would advise our house-keeping friends to call. He sells it wholesale and retail. See advertisement.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank of Woburn, held January 11th, the following gentlemen were chosen as a Board of Directors for the ensuing year: J. B. Winn, M. F. Winn, Charles Bond, Stephen Nichols, John Hill of Stoneham, E. N. Blake, Horace Conn, John Johnson, W. T. Grammer. At a subsequent meeting on the Board elect, J. B. Winn was chosen president.

Rev. Mr. Barnes' next "Talk on Geology," will be given next Monday evening, at 7-1-2 o'clock. Subject, "The Geological middle age," with an account of its wonderful reptilian life. Numerous large and valuable fossils, will be exhibited and described; among them, a complete and beautiful petrification of the "Ichthyosaurus," or extinct fish-reptile of the Lias. These lectures are free to all.

State Constable John E. Tidd, assisted by officers Geo. H. Howard and Albert Gilman, paid a visit to Timothy O'Donnell's domicile on "the plains," in Winchester, on Wednesday, much to that worthy's discomposure, inasmuch as he seized about forty-five gallons of whiskey, four of rum, one of wine, one of gin, and thirty of ale, which Timothy was in the habit of retailing to thirsty customers. This is the largest seizure yet made in this vicinity.

Our exchanges seem filled with blood. Horrible murders, affrays and quarrels are everywhere reported.

The lecture in the Congregational church last Sunday evening, by Rev. Mr. Dennen, was from Matt. 23, 46: "And these shall go away into everlasting punishment." It was of a more doctrinal character than his previous efforts, but calculated to deeply interest an intelligent audience, whether fully accepting his views or not. He considered the subject of future punishment, dividing his remarks under the heads of the doctrine of annihilation, of restoration, and of endless punishment, upholding the latter.

There will be a Sabbath school concert at the Baptist church, next Sabbath evening, at 6-1-2 o'clock. Rev. Dr. Hovey, of Newton Center, will give important incidents in the history of the Bible, and illustrate them from diagrams, including a fac simile of the inscription of the celebrated Rosetta stone; an illustration of the ancient method of writing; the form of ancient books; hieroglyphics and their interpretation; the chained Bible; the burning of the Bible at Oxford, &c., &c. The ripe scholarship of Dr. Hovey has eminently prepared him for this service, and all are invited to hear him.

The committees of the Legislature were on Tuesday appointed by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, among whose number we find the names of our own citizens who represent us in the General Court. In the Senate, Hon. J. G. Pollard is chairman of the committee on Mercantile Affairs, an important position, and is a member of the committee on Printing and of that on Engrossed Bills. In the House, Col. Grammer is a member of the committee on Prisons, and is one of the members of the first division. S. C. Trull, of Stoneham, is on the Leave of Absence committee. William Winn, of Burlington, is a member of the Fifth Division.

A woman representing herself to be "poor but honest," went to a highly-respectable and engaging gentleman in town one day last week, and having told a straightforward story solicited help to aid her in purchasing a stove, the which was spoken for at Willey's. The sympathies of the gentleman and several of the Selectmen, who were present, were enlisted, and as a result some fourteen or fifteen dollars were obtained. The woman told a reverend gentleman her story, but he suspected something and promised to investigate the case. Upon doing so, it was found to be a very neat swindle, and a smart confidence woman was among the missing, much to the surprise of the kind-hearted individuals.

Rev. John Lord, LL.D., will commence the course of historical lectures heretofore announced by giving the first at the Congregational lecture-room, next Tuesday evening, Jan. 18th. Subject, "Oliver Cromwell." The entire number to be delivered is five, and the remaining four will be selected from a collection of about fifty written by the speaker. He is now delivering a course of these lectures to large audiences in Boston, the price of admission to each being a dollar. Here the price of the whole five is but a dollar, affording an opportunity for the people of Woburn to improve seldom met with. The educational advantages of listening to Dr. Lord will fully equal the pleasure experienced by his eloquence and fine speaking, and we cannot too strongly urge the public to see that he has a full house and an appreciative audience. Tickets can be obtained of the committee, Rev. Messrs. Dennen, Townley and Barnes, and at Horton's, Fostick's, A. E. Thompson's and the post office.

The dramatic and musical entertainment to be given in Lyceum Hall, next Wednesday evening, Jan. 19th, will doubtless be one of the best amateur performances ever presented in this town. The scenery used on this occasion will be supplied by Messrs. Story & Fenno, of Boston. The arch of the proscenium is very tastefully decorated with scrolls and flowers. Surmounting the top is a painted bust of Shakespeare, and on each of the wings are life-size paintings of Venetian warriors, clad in full armor. The scenes to be used in the two plays are in perfect keeping with the proscenium. In fact, it is the most complete amateur set we have ever seen. A word about the music. A quartette of young Boston artists, under the direction of Mr. Leon Keach, will perform the overture to "The Poet and Peasant," so well received at the recent concert at the Unitarian church, the "Celeste Waltz," a just written by Mr. William H. Clarke, and the "Blue Danube" waltz by Strauss. Mr. Jesse Stevens will amuse the audience with his comical delineations of the Dutch character. The dramatic portion of the entertainment will consist of the drama, "Bread on the Waters," and a comedy called "Shoddy." These will be sustained by our local amateurs.

Wendall Phillips gave the last lecture of the Lyceum course on Monday evening. A crowded hall welcomed him, and his speaking was listened to with much pleasure and attention. The subject was, "The questions of To-morrow." Temperance was first considered as to its relation to the ballot-box and government. He said, the ballot-box is the corner stone of our government, and our whole future well-being depends upon the men and the opinions which control it. Rum and the capital invested in the transaction of the rum business, are wielding a great influence in this country, and through the votes of their adherents and dependents can turn almost any election to suit themselves. The prohibitory law is the result of the groppings of the true Yankee spirit, seeking relief from this state of affairs. The labor question, female suffrage, and Chinese immigration were other topics which claimed a part of the lecture. Mr. Phillips said that

if women were allowed to vote and hold office, better laws would be made, society would become purer, and a way of escape from the powerful tendencies of the age be opened. It is when men and women take hold and work together on the same footing that society is lifted up, and in the time to come nothing but their united influence through the ballot-box can save the country from the evils which overshadow it. It was interesting in the extreme to hear this veteran speaker, the audience testifying their gratification by frequent applause. The course thus ended has been very successful, thanks to a competent committee and a generous public.

On Tuesday evening last, "Valley Ranch," the new residence of John B. Davis, was the scene of a "gay and festive" occasion. At eight o'clock, about thirty veterans of the late war arrived at the door, conveyed in ambulances provided by mine host, the Colonel. After marching inside and making themselves at home by engaging in amusements of various kinds, they were somewhat surprised to see marching into the rooms their "better halves," who were supposed to be at home, quietly enjoying their domestic duties. The appearance of the ladies created some excitement, and much sport for a time, rather upsetting the programme of amusements, and somewhat astonishing the veterans by the strategy displayed by the Colonel in taking their camp by surprise, notwithstanding the picket guard and entrenchments. The party soon became composed, and those whose disabilities would allow repaired to the hall, where by the music of the Orchestra they tripped the light fantastic toe till the chief bugler sounded the call to ration, and all joined the march to the supper room and sat them down to tables deeply laden with eatables in great variety. Then came "present arms," and all became very much engaged in the drill of arms, especially the attack on those chowders, (in which mine host has had so much experience,) and soon they were obliged to "order arms" without exhausting the supplies. Dancing was then resumed for a while, succeeded by singing by the glee club and an informal concert on brass instruments and the big viol by amateurs. Only two of the veterans appeared in uniforms that had seen service, but they were quite conspicuous. The early hours of morning having arrived the company retreated in good order in the ambulances, apparently well satisfied with the result of the campaign.

The Concert Wednesday Evening.

The concert at the Unitarian church last Wednesday evening was of a very high-toned and pleasing character, giving abundant satisfaction to those who appreciate fine music. The opening organ music, by W. H. Clarke, was in his best style of execution, and his performance was heartily encored. But it was unfortunate that the resources of the instrument at his command were too limited to give proper breadth and expression to the selections he had made. But the cleverness and fertility shown in surmounting the imperfections were the more creditable to the performer. In the beautiful melody of "Wait for angels," as well as the exquisite harmonies of the "Poet and Peasant," the delicacy of touch and felicity of expression drew forth the hearty plaudits of the audience, and in the latter piece won a deserved encore. The singing was faultless. "O come let us worship," a double quartette, was followed by a song from Mr. H. T. Remick, "Rocked in the cradle of the deep." He has a full, rich bass voice, that does one good to listen to, and he was obliged to answer a hearty encore. Miss Clough, Miss Wyman, Miss Champney and Mrs. Wood gave a grand piece, "The Lord is my Shepherd," by Schubert. Selections from Schumann and Handel were played upon the organ, a duet sung by Miss Mary Wyman and Mr. G. M. Champney, and "Ave Verum" by the double quartette closed part first. Part second began with a piano solo by Mr. F. H. Wood that "took the house" and called forth repetition instantly. We have heard eminent German pianists, whose skill was celebrated, but we think Mr. Wood's exhibition was fully equal to their best. We have never had with a resident pianist possessing the ability of Mr. Wood. His talents were so well exhibited at this concert, that we trust our citizens will afford him sufficient inducement in the way of pupils, to abide constantly with us. "The Mariners' was trio, sung by Miss Clough, Mr. Champney and Dr. Lang very prettily. A quartette from Romberg was succeeded with a song by Miss Clough, "List to the music of my song." She always sings well, and in this instance her rendering of a very difficult piece was most justly applauded to a reappearance. The overture to "Poet and Peasant," by Mr. Clarke upon the organ, and a trio piece, preceded a song by Miss Mary Wyman, "Robert, toi qui j'aime." Miss Wyman possesses a clear, sweet, flexible voice, a natural, unaffected style of expression, and her singing gave unalloyed pleasure to the listeners. A bass solo and double quartette closed the entertainment. All the artists sustained their parts with great credit to themselves and satisfaction to the audience. Mr. Wood played the accompaniments on one of Chickering's concert grand pianos.

There is already much interest manifested in the purchase of a new organ for this church, and as it is the wealthiest society in the town, we have no doubt but that arrangements to that effect will soon be completed.

25 cents will buy at Horton's a nice box containing 25 sheets Paper, and Envelopes, good quality, with pretty initial letter. Selling fast. Call soon.

MEAL'S celebrated STENOGRAPHY, made to order for any name, at short notice. Leave your orders at Horton's Bookstore.

The hydropneumosis is coming. The accumulation of ice at the north pole will become so great in about six thousand years from now that the world will tip over, and the water from the north will overwhelm us. Grease your boots and stand ready.

During the year the deposits in Massachusetts savings bank have increased upwards of \$17,000,000.

The Mystic Press indignantly denounces the high prices of meat, and says that on beef we pay "twenty-three and a half cents profit, or seven and a half cents profit per pound, more than the entire cost, before the inflation of charges began."

The case of the Lewis child, recently abducted from the St. James Hotel in Boston, was decided by Judge Corlizo, of New York, Saturday, and the child is to be restored to the custody of the mother.

Some clever Englishman has caricatured Mrs. Stowe's attack on the name and memory of Byron, by writing "The True Story of Mrs. Shakespeare." It has some good fun in it.

A woman in St. Louis has taken a contract to macadamize the streets. This is better than the fashion recently in vogue having the streets swept by women.

Two ladies recently won a nice oyster supper in Illinois by holding their tongues two hours. Our funny imp says there will not be many suppers won in that way.

C. J. Mack, the foreman of Excelsior Engine Company of his town, while presiding at a meeting of his company, on last Monday evening, was agreeably surprised by his friends of Daniel Webster Engine Company of Malden, and by them through Mr. Flanagan, their foreman, with a foreman's hat, of the best and most approved kind. Afterwards both companies repaired, by invitation, to the residence of Capt. Mack, and had a pleasant, sociable time, as firemen on such occasions always have.

R. Morris Copeland, Esq., formerly of this town, lectured in the course of this week upon "Highways and byways."

The next lecture in the course will be given by Rev. George Cooke, on Tuesday evening next. Subject, "Underground," and the two following Tuesday evenings Dr. Frederick Winsor, and Rev. Richard Metcalf will lecture.

The pastor of the Unitarian society will preach in the city of Washington, D. C., for the next two Sundays. The pulpit here was occupied last Sunday by Rev. Edward J. Young, formerly of Newton, now a professor in Harvard College.

In the list of officers of William Parkman Lodge, the name of J. Winslow Richardson installed as I. S., was omitted.

A gentleman by the name of Brown undertook a few evenings since in returning home, to cross one of the ponds of water on the ice, but which gave way and precipitated him into the water. His cries attracted the attention of Mr. James Russell, who proceeded to the spot and rescued him from a watery grave.

We desire to call the attention of our readers to the fact that there has been instituted in our town recently a laundry upon the co-operative principle. The plan of the laundry is, that of a company owning stock in shares of ten dollars each, each member having the privilege of sending the family washing at a certain low price per dozen, now fixed at forty cents. For outsiders, there is a price list like those used in the Boston and Chelsea laundries, the prices ranging lower than those in these cities.

If there is any profit at the end of a year on the invested shares, the interest will be paid, amounting to not more than ten per cent. per annum. All profits beyond this sum are divided among the shareholders in proportion to the amount they have paid for work done, thus reducing the price per dozen equally for all. Any loss will be shared in the same manner. The laundry is located near the centre depot, and is fitted up in the best manner with hydraulic washing machines, steam boiler, drying room, &c., with a full supply of river water, and is ready to do all kinds of washing at reasonable rates. Orders sent to the post office in this town will be received and attended to, and if sufficient encouragement is given a wagon will run regularly three days in the week to Woburn and Arlington. Some few shares in the stock remain unsold, and all desirous of encouraging this enterprise are invited to unite in it. The movement is in the hands of some of our most worthy and active people, who are ever ready to engage in whatever work will serve to advance the public interests. We commend it to all our readers as a matter worthy of their consideration.

Christmas Trees Again.

WINCHESTER, Jan. 13th, 1870.
MR. EDITOR:—The writer has no wish to prolong the controversy between "K" and "Santa Claus," only to make a remark or two. I have frequently noticed that when any criticism has been made upon the doings of our school committee, it has been the committee or their defenders, generally make this reply in part, that the writer of the criticism has probably no children and as a consequence, (which I deny) knows nothing about children, and has none of a parent's judgment, and is one whose suggestions are not worthy to be heeded.
Now I happen, by a fortunate circumstance, to know why K. is, and so far as to his qualification as a parent, I know that he is the father of many children by one hundred percent, than all the present school committee last Christmas day, who have ever had, and these children have been mostly educated in the Winchester schools; and the number of his children present in the school, as before, My Biddy, who is a girl, is greater than all of the children of the present school committee of Winchester. But children or no children, I do know that the words he has written if heeded will gladden the hearts of most of our school teachers.

A FOREIGN TEACHER IN WINCHESTER.

A very brilliant meteor broke over North Billerica, with an audible report, on 8 o'clock P. M., on the 3d inst. It was moving from the zenith toward the southwest when it exploded, and the light was of the color of incandescent iron. The explosion was heard in Lowell.

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A very pleasant surprise and presentation took place Tuesday evening, Jan. 11. Mr. F. J. Bancroft has for some six years presided at the organ of the Old South Congregational church, and has been musical instructor in the Sabbath school. On the evening named, the choir and school went to his house on West street, and surprised him with the presentation of a large and beautiful chromo picture. Miss Alice B. Temple tendered the gift in a neat little speech, to which Mr. Bancroft replied in a happy manner. A good time was enjoyed by all who were present.

The Christian Union Society of Reading is making preparation for a grand fair of four days, commencing Feb. 8th.

The barn of Mr. C. M. Barrill, in West Medford, was entered Thursday night, and a light and valuable silver-mounted harness and a large ebon skin robe stolen therefrom. Within a short time quite a number of thefts of this character have taken place in Medford, Arlington and that vicinity.

The suit of James Skinner & Co., vs. J. P. Flint & Bro., was tried before the Supreme court at Salem, Judge Bingham, presiding, and resulted in a verdict for plaintiffs, after a trial of four days. This was a case growing out of a sale of spill leather amounting to \$800, sold to J. Page, Jr., of Quincy, said stock being sold on conditions which were not complied with by Page, he becoming bankrupt a few days afterwards, having sold the stock in an unusual state, to the defendants. The stock was traced to Ipswich, and there taken in a writ of replevin.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—This Board at their meeting on Wednesday organized for the year by the choice of Leonard Huntress of Tewksbury for chairman. They elected as Overseers of the House of Correction James M. Usher of Medford, Thomas Rice, Jr., of Newton and G. D. B. Blanchard of Malden.

An exchange hits the nail on the head when it says:

"It would be an excellent thing if more of the people who travel had common sense. If they had they would not crowd round a train of cars, as they now do, as soon as it has stopped, and before it has started, and then make the conductors greatly hinder both themselves and others, besides the injury they do the cause of piety. They completely stand on the passage-way both in and out of the cars, and often provoke those inside who want to get out to damn them. Such people perhaps have common sense, but they keep it some of them keep their railroad ticket, where it takes them a great while to find it when it is called for. If they would only stop long enough to get out their common sense they would know better. The best rule would be always to get in at the front and get out at the rear door of the car. If those who travel much would adopt this rule, this nuisance would be abated. If the railroad companies would enforce it, as they might, it would be ended."

Those high-bred, gentlemanlike savages, the Apaches, have scalped nearly one-ninth of the white population of Arizona in eighteen months.

The House took quite a step towards a short session, Thursday, by adopting a rule that motions for reconsideration of bills and resolves shall be discussed but thirty minutes, the speeches being limited to five minutes. Another rule was adopted requiring the Clerk to publish a list of absentees at any roll call had for want of quorum. Mr. Fitzgerald, of Boston, on leave, introduced a bill to repeal the law establishing a State police, the question to be submitted to the people at a special election to be held on the 1st of March. It was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Saturday was the 55th anniversary of the Battle of New Orleans.

BIDDY.—From rosy morn to dewy eve, who is it makes my soul to grieve, and after all doth take French leave?—My Biddy.

Who roasts my meat into a coal? Who breaks my nicest china bowl, and says she "didn't, on her soul"?—My Biddy.

Who polishes the kitchen floor, and in a half an hour or more has it precisely as before?—My Biddy.

Who comes and goes whenever she chooses, and injures whatever she uses, and now and then to work refuses?—My Biddy.

Who slams, and bangs, and breaks and smashes? Who tears and rends, and knocks and dashes? Who tips and spills, and slops, and splashes?—My Biddy.

And shall I ever cease to be in bondage unto such as thee? My way is dark—I cannot see, for Biddy, I only know my misery; I wish thee ever 'ere the next I only wish that I were free—from Biddy.

The Wyoming girls can vote at eighteen, but the Wyoming boys must wait until they are twenty-one, like the rest of us.

An Iowa man lately swallowed a needle and it was pulled out of the back of his neck four days after.

Consumption.—SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and every form of Consumption, will, by its powerful action, disengage the system from the corrupt matter by expecoration, purify the blood, and thus secure Consumption, when every other remedy fails.

"SCHENCK'S SEA-WEED TONIC," for the cure of Dyspepsia and Indigestion, and all diseases arising from debility. This tonic invigorates the digestive organs, supplies the place of the gastric juice when that has been lost, and thus enables the patient to digest the most nutritious food. It is a sovereign remedy for all cases of Indigestion.

New Advertisements.

Eureka! Eureka!

Dade's Eureka Compound!

A NEW PREPARATION

For Cleaning Paint!

The greatest discovery yet made for cleaning paint is Dade's Eureka Compound. It removes dirt of all kinds from paint, leaving it as clear, white and clean as when newly put on. Does not injure the paint, nor rub it off. Requires no hard work in its application, and never fails.

For sale wholesale and retail by P. W. GORHAM.

Any one wishing to see it tested, can do so by calling at his show shop on Main street.

FRED. GAGE,

House Painter, Grainer,

AND GLAZIER.

ALL KINDS OF COLORS MIXED, PAINTS, PUTTY AND GLASS ON HAND AND FOR SALE.

Blinds furnished, Painted and Hung to order.

Shop Rear of M. E. Church, Walnut STREET, WOBURN.

Furs at Auction.

Will be sold at Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 24, 1870, at the Congregational Church, in Woburn, FIVE FEWS in said Church, all desirable breeds, numbered, respectively as follows: 100, 170, 180, 190, 270. The sale will be at 4 o'clock P. M.

Per order of the Committee.

Woburn, Jan. 12, 1870.

Historical Lectures.

REV. JOHN LORD, LL.D.

Will deliver a course of FIVE LECTURES, at the Vestry of the Congregational Church, Woburn, commencing on

Tuesday Evening, Jan. 18th, 1870.

Subject of first Lecture,—"Oliver Cromwell."

Course Tickets \$2.00. Tickets for sale at Horton's Bookstore, Fostick's Drug Store, A. E. Thompson's grocery store, at the Post Office, and the committee, Rev. Messrs. Dennen, Townley and Barnes.

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EVERY PAIR OF

Ladies', Gents', Misses', Boys' and Children's

Boots and Shoes.

Comprising my ENTIRE STOCK, will be offered for sale

WITHOUT REGARD TO COST,

Preparatory to closing for repairs.


Every pair of BOOTS and SHOES, out of style, or at least shop worn, will be sold at a

GREAT SACRIFICE.

Every pair will be marked in plain figures. This is an opportunity seldom offered to buy the VERY BEST GOODS AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

THEO. H. BELL,

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Middlesex County Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North Reading, Wakefield, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

VOL. XIX : No. 18.

WOBURN, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1870.

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ECLECTIC

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GRADUATE of the Medical College of Philadelphia, and University of Medicine and Surgery, Pennsylvania; also, of the Eclectic Medical College of Cincinnati.

LUNGS, HUMORS, CANCERS, AND ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

Have been treated with unprecedented success by him for the last ten years.

Dr. H. has been so successful in treating all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Spitting of Blood, Coughs, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing, Night Sweats, Wasting of the Flesh, that all who are suffering from any of these symptoms will do well to give him an early call. All diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Indigestion, Constipation, and these symptoms readily yield to his new modes of treatment.

Skin Diseases and Humors.

Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, &c., he eradicates from the blood, and are not left to poison the system. Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Lame-ness, from whatever cause, are treated with success by him.

CATARH.

Which if not arrested is sure to lead to consumption, is quickly and permanently cured by his popular remedy. Particular attention paid to all diseases of Women and Children. All remedial agents for the cure of diseases chosen from the vegetable kingdom.

Office and Residence Main Street,
(Opposite the High School.)

Office hours—12 M. to 2 P. M.; 5 to 9 P. M.

HENSHAW & Co.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

Cast Steel Saws,

CUTTERS, BLADES, LINES, AND STAMPING KNIVES.

Slickers, Scrapers and Springs.

All orders promptly attended to at their Mill in East Woburn, or at their store at Exchange street, Room 2, Boston.

The highest price, a Silver Medal, was awarded to them for their display of Saws, &c., at the exhibition of the Massachusetts Mechanics' Association in 1869.

1511

F. J. BANCROFT,

Organ, Piano Forte and Melodeon

Tuner and Repairer,

At Oliver Ditson's Music Store, 27 Washington Street, Boston.

Orders left at Horton's Bookstore in Woburn, and at the Post Office in Stoneham, will be promptly attended to.

1512

CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

My friends, make your home beautiful.

How shall we do it?

Why, buy one of those unrivalled BURETT CELESTIAL ORGANS.

Where can they be found?

Found in every variety of style at

JOHN C. HAYNES & CO.,

25 COURT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PETER KENNEY,

Dealer in

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS.

First Door South the Post Office,

WOBURN, MASS.

A large and fresh assortment of Ladies', Gents', Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of every description. Rubbers and Rubber Boots selling at the lowest prices.

P. KENNEY, 11

Woburn, Dec. 1st, 1869.

A. E. THOMPSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

DRY GOODS,

Woolens and Small Wares,

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AND GRAIN.

Groceries and Glass Ware, Paper Hangings, Paints, &c.

No. 3 WADE BLOCK,

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J. C. OSGOOD,

33 Winter Street, Boston.

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DRESS, CLOAK AND MANTILLA

TRIMMINGS,

Of all kinds.

Buttons, Braid & Thread Store Goods,

French and German Corsets.

Of German Corsets we have a nice article, sixteen bones, for \$1.00.

We are constantly receiving the new styles of

TRIMMINGS

As they come out, and will sell them at the lowest market prices.

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Neptune House

CHELSEA BEACH.

Game and Fish Suppers.

JOSEPH NASON, Proprietor.

227 Dance Hall and Rooms secured by address- ing No. Chelsea P. O.

46

THOMAS R. CORBETT

CARPENTER AND BUILD-ER.

(Late of the firm of De Loria & Corbett), and especially inform his friends in Woburn and vicinity that he has not retired from business, but is anxious to continue the business as heretofore, and is grateful for favors in the past, he hopes to merit a continuance of public confidence and patronage.

1513

A. B. COFFIN,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.

Entrance from Court Square and 23 School.

How the Money Comes.

Queen John has sung how money goes! But how it comes, who knows? Why every Yankee mother's son can tell you how "the thing" is done. It comes by honest toil and trade; By winning steeple and driving spade; And building ships, ballrooms and dreams; And that's the way the money comes.

How does it come? Why as it goes, By spinning, weaving, knitting hose, By stitching shirts and coats for Jews, Erecting churches, renting pews, And manufacturing boots and shoes; For thimble and twist, and cane and huer, And hams and hearts, tongues, lungs and tums, And that's the way the money comes.

The money comes—how did I say? Not always in an honest way. It comes by trick as well as toil; But how is that? Why, think as will, By putting pennies in coffee bags; By swamping matches, knives and razors, And peddling wooden clocks and plums; And that's the way the money comes.

To Wed or Not to Wed.

To wed, or not to wed, that is the question! Whether 'tis cheaper for mankind to suffer The thousand ills of single blessedness, Or take up arms against an eager, claiming spouse, For better or for worse, and thus to find, To court to wed—no more, and with a word, A simple word, to cast off boarding houses, Black and cool forever. 'Tis a consummation Devoutly to be wished. To court, to wed, To wed, and not to wed, they go! Ay! there's the rub!

For in that state of bliss what ills may come! Swiches, pinches, Grecian lemons and paint— I guess I'll pass! That's the reason We bachelors are so afraid to marry. For who would bear the life of wretched women, Or learn the galling secret of a hot or too, Or with a weekly (difficult to thread) Miss's humble, say a broken one, Or tie a necktie in a double knot?

When just by saying "I when person asks us "Will you have her?" We needn't do it? Who'd grant and grow about with raging tooth, Or any other ill, without a wife to throw his boots From which, (unless he's left a widow Or quickly gets divorced or runs away) No fellow ever returns!

This holds us back, And makes us rather hear the ills we have Than fly to those we know not of. Thus, having done a wife and dyed our beard, We make the prospect of a wife and crafty widow, The danger of madness of uncertainty, The game of unsophisticated girls, And dare not flee these by wedding.

A FREE LOVER HUSBAND SEEKS HIS AFFINITY.—A Leavenworth paper tells the following story of men and things as they exist at Mount City:

"My dear," said a married man, stepping up affectionately to his wife the other morning, "I have found much solace lately in the doctrine of 'affinity,' and I think, without obtruding on your privacy, that I have observed a similar peculiarity in your own sensitive soul. Let us obey our instincts." "Love," murmured the lady, "you look into my heart as into a mirror." That night the gentleman came home and found his pillow occupied by the head of a neighbor. Like a good husband he stepped away softly for fear of disturbing his wife, and sought the wife of the man who was occupying his bed, and in whom he thought it probable he might find another "affinity." On finding her however, he was surprised to discover that her fondness for "affinities" had been otherwise appeased. He now began to think that the doctrine was spreading quite rapidly and that he was left out in the cold. Not wishing to run all around the town, and despairing to find a lady who had not an "affinity" already at hand, he betook himself to a hay stack, where he slept all night, and got back to find his wife ready with a hot breakfast, her hair all nicely smoothed down and looking as fresh as a peach. That is the way the "affinity" dodge works.

MRS. PARLINGTON.—"Don't carry on so," said Mrs. Parlington to the as she saw him resting his head on the ground in a vain attempt to throw his heels in the air. There was solicitude in her tone and a corn broom in her hand as she looked at him.

"You must not act so gymnastically, dear," continued she, "you will force all the brains you have got into your head if you do. You can't do like the circus riders, because Providence has made them o'purpose for what they do, out of ingee rubber, and it don't hurt 'em at all. They ain't got bodies like other people, and can turn heels over head with perfect impunity. Don't do it!" screamed she, as the boy stood on one leg upon the wood-house, and made a feint as if about to throw a somerset, "you'll debase your neck by-and-by with your nonsense, and then you'll regret it as long as you live." He desisted, as the dame smiled and held a circular piece of copper before his gaze; such persuasive potency had that smile over him, backed by the copper!

A couple of Yankee girls put a bulfrog into the hired man's bed to see if they could get him to talk. Dan threw the frog out of the window and never said a word. Soon after he put a bushel of chestnut burs into the girls' bed, and about the time he thought they would make the least shadow, Daniel went to their door and rattled the latch furiously. Out went the light, and in went the girls; but they didn't stick, though the burs did. Calling to them, he begged them to be quiet; he only wanted to know if they had seen that pesky bulfrog; he'd give two dollars to find him.

Blondin's favorite performance now is crossing a tight rope on a bicycle, with a man on his back.

Velvet boots, the color of the dress, are worn with elaborate costumes.

Ten old women, widows, are all keeping house together at Palmyra, N. Y.

Miss Briggs's Enemy.

Mr. Perry was an old bachelor, and Miss Briggs was an old maid. He lived in the brick house on the hill, and she lived in the cottage opposite, and they were mortal enemies. He despised her because she kept a canary and two cats, and she hated him because he kept a huge mastiff and knock-kneed horse.

"Why on earth the man don't get a decent horse is more than I can imagine," she would say, as he plodded up to the door. "I believe that he is too mean and miserable to buy one."

Miss Briggs would hardly have felt pleased had she known that Mr. Perry rode back and forth on his old, worn-out piece of horseflesh, merely for the purpose of annoying her.

They never spoke, but yet they managed to keep up a perfect warfare by disagreeable manners and wrathful glances.

She sat hour by hour beneath the canary bird in her window, with her cats, perched upon the sill, and her knitting in her hand, throwing glances of scorn to the opposite side, where he with a cigar and newspaper, and boots a few inches higher than his head, received and paid them back with interest.

His detestable dog came and ran through her garden, thereby destroying all her beautiful tulips and hyacinths, and she gave him a hot bath which he howled to his master, and when said master remonstrated, she sent word that she would treat him worse next time.

Her little red cow broke through his enclosure and devoured his turnips and cabbages, and he led her home and informed Miss Briggs that a second offence would give her a comfortable pasture in the pound.

For two years they lived and fought, and no one could bring about peace between them. It was a pity, the neighbors all said, for Miss Briggs was a dear little soul, and there was not a finer man in the country than Mr. Perry.

"Julia, my love," said Mrs. Perkins, one afternoon as she entered the cozy parlor, "I am going to have a party, and I want you to come down in the afternoon to tea, and remain during the evening. Every one will be there."

"Will that old back over the way be there?"

"Mr. Perry? Oh yes! We couldn't get along without him."

"Then that settles the matter. I shan't go."

"Now, Julia, don't be so foolish! If you remain at home he will think you are afraid of him."

Miss Briggs thought the matter over. Well, it would look a little like it, and she would not have him think so for the world—the conceited wretch!

Mrs. Perkins went home, and it was arranged that Miss Briggs was to spend the afternoon and remain for the party.

She was a pretty little woman, and it was always a puzzle to everybody why she never married. She had a round, rosy face, clear brown eyes, and beautiful hair and sweet mouth, and if she was near thirty there was not a smarter woman in that town.

She stood before the gilt-framed looking glass in the little chamber, and fastened her lace collar over the neck of her maroon colored dress with a plain gold brooch, and began to think that she looked very well. There was a bright healthy flush upon her cheek, and her eyes were full of light and beauty.

She walked into Mrs. Perkins' sitting room and she found her awaiting her with a smiling face. She thought she must be in very good humor, but said nothing, allowing the good lady to smile as long and pleasantly as she wished.

She understood it all when supper time came, and Perkins entered, followed by Mr. Perry. This was a well laid plan to make the two become friends.

Miss Briggs bit her lips, and inwardly vowed that nothing should tempt her to give "that man" her hand in friendship. She hated him.

He was placed directly opposite at the table, and many times forced to pass the biscuits, cakes or preserves, and Miss Briggs accepted them, although she declared to Mrs. Perkins after supper that they almost choked her.

Before evening they both were persuaded to overlook the horse and cow difficulty and be civil, and Miss Briggs was frightened when she found herself talking to him with ease and pleasant familiarity.

The party was a success, and although the sports were generally monopolized by the younger portion, they found room for the old maid and her enemy, and several times she found herself doing the most ridiculous things in the way of paying forfeits.

At the end of the evening Miss Briggs was at the door, ready to depart, when he called out:

"Miss Briggs, I am going right up your way. Will you ride?"

Would she ride, and behind that old horse, and beside that detestable man? She was wondering whether she would or not, when Mrs. Perkins came and triumphantly led her out and packed her into the carriage.

It was as dark as pitch, and they had to let the horse go his own way, and find it the best he could. He did very well until they reached the cottage, and then he was bewildered.

Mr. Perry spoke, jerked the reins, but to no purpose. He then took out the whip. Whether his natural dislike of the article, or the memories of the indignities he had suffered from the hands of the owner of the cottage overcame him, it is hard to decide, but at all events he kicked up his heels, ran a few rods and fell, overturning the buggy and its precious contents.

Miss Briggs was up in a moment, unharmed, but Mr. Perry was as silent as the grave. She ran shouting through the darkness, until Mr. Perry's "help" came out to her assistance.

They found the poor man half dead beneath the carriage, and while Dan was at work, Miss Briggs ran home for her own servant. After much hard labor they succeeded in extricating him from the wreck, but he was senseless, and they bore him home and sent for the village doctor. Upon examination they found his leg to be broken, and thus Miss Briggs's enemy was at her mercy.

The days and weeks that followed were dreadful ones to the poor sufferer, but Miss Briggs never left him. Day and night she stood beside him, and his little plump hands administered to every want.

He forgot the cow and his turnips. She forgot the cats and canary. He only saw a little woman, with a pretty, rosy face, trim figure and tender hands, and would you believe it, he fell in love.

How could he help it? She had sat by him through the long dreary days of pain, she had brought him his preserves, her wine and nice invigorating cordials. She had made blanc manure and custards, and in all probability saved his life.

What could he do? Nothing but fall in love.

"Miss Briggs," he said one day, when he was able to sit up.

"Well, Mr. Perry."

"You have been very good to me, and I feel as though I owed you a great deal."

"There, now, stop just where you are. You owe me nothing."

"But would you mind if I trespassed a little further on your good nature?"

"Not at all."

"Well, Miss Briggs, will you take me in charge for the rest of my natural life?"

"What?"

"Will you marry me? There?"

Miss Briggs blushed, and her answer came thus:

"I will marry you!"

There was a wedding a few weeks later, and Mrs. Perkins prepared the wedding supper.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry live in the brick house, and the cottage is rented to a young man and his wife, to whom Mrs. Perry bequeathed her cats and canary.

The mastiff and the knock-kneed old horse are with their forefathers.

A Gale on the White Mountains.

Professor Huntington, who has taken up his residence on Mount Moosilauk for scientific purposes, says the storm on the 21 instant was very severe. The wind gauge was used and it was ascertained that the wind was blowing at the rate of ninety-five miles per hour. In the afternoon the wind increased, and he went out with the gauge again. The rain was pouring, but he managed to hold the gauge for five minutes, and then, after four attempts, each time being thrown down by the wind, he succeeded in getting back into the house. This time they found that the velocity of the wind was 101 miles per hour, and Professor Huntington thought if the gauge had been properly held it would have shown that the velocity was 120 miles per hour. The walls of the house are of stone, but such was the force of the wind on the roof, that every part of the inside trembled like a leaf, and so loud was the roar that one had to shout to make the other hear, although not more than six feet distant. The rain fell in torrents.

Educational interests in Massachusetts make gradual and sure progress. In the year 1845 the people taxed themselves for \$1,000,000 to educate their children. Last year they taxed themselves for over \$1,400,000 for the same purpose.

At the forthcoming Fat Men's Convention at Lewiston, Me., there will be some big people. It is said that there is one clergyman in the county who is six feet four inches tall, weighing 235 pounds. The fat men of Columbus, Ohio, wish to be present.

Brigham Young preaches against fancy cookery, and prescribes "Johnny cakes" for the diet of saints.

Why was Pharoah's daughter like a bill discount? Because she got a little prophet (profit) out of the rushes on the banks.

Three children, recently lost, were found starved to death in the woods of New Jersey.

Miss Santa has ratified the fifteenth amendment.

THE FUNERAL FLEET.

War ships are now being called their warlike state, and had their bravery in mourning grey. To hear across the sea a funeral dirge—Great admiral, or captain passed away.

But now what admiral's, what captain's bier Doth our majestic monarch bear o'er sea? That thus in ashon grey she dronks her gear, And half-mast this her flag thus mourningly?

Wherefore this mortuary chapel fair Above this coffin with illumined crown? Those stalwart sailors with bowed heads and bare, In an unadorned death-watch ranged around?

Some mighty man of war this nautilus must be, Thus by an English war-ship graveyards borne, To a far-shore, where she dronks her gear, And half-mast this her flag thus mourningly?

He was a warrior—thus proudly borne, Thus proudly conveyed o'er sea to his grave, But one whose battlefields no scrolls adorn, Where fame writes the achievements of the brave.

He fought the silent fight with want and woe—He fought whose right hand knoweth not the deed That left-hand death, who no trumpet blew, Assert no merit, and demand no need.

A captain in the warfare, under Christ, A captain in chief—suffering and sin, Who in love's strength, unquitting, and unquitting, Went forth, his victory over to win!

On such a warrior's body it seems well That Old World's war-ship, with New World's arm, Awaken of the time when love shall quell Warfare to peace, and turn each foe to friend.

TABLE CONVERSATION.—You will find that a great deal of character is imparted and received at the table. Parents too often forget this; and therefore instead of swallowing your food in sullen silence, instead of brooding over your business, instead of severely talking about others, let the conversation at the table be genial, kind, social and cheering. Don't bring disagreeable things to the table in your conversation, any more than you would in your dishes. For this reason, too, the more good company you have at your table, is an educator to the family. Hence the intelligence and the refinement and appropriate behavior of a family which is given to hospitality. Never feel that intelligent visitors can be anything but a blessing to you and yours. How few have fully gotten hold of the fact, that company and conversation at the table are no small part of education.

A SPANISH TRUTH.—Thousands die annually from neglected coughs and colds, which soon ripen into consumption, or other equally fatal diseases of the lungs, when the timely use of a single bottle of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry their lives could have been preserved to a green old age.

SECRETS OF HEALTH.—First, keep warm; second, eat regularly and slowly; third, maintain regular bodily habits; fourth, take early and very light suppers; fifth, keep a clean skin; sixth, get plenty of sleep at night; seventh, keep cheerful and respectable company; eighth, keep out of debt; ninth, don't set your mind on things you don't need; tenth, mind your own business; eleventh, don't set yourself up to be a sharper; of any kind; twelfth, subdue curiosity; thirteenth, avoid drugs.

France is talking of heating buildings by electricity, and now Philadelphia is successfully experimenting in lighting the street lamps with the same invisible power. We shall next see batteries in every house instead of matches, and smokers carrying them round in their pockets.

Napoleon goes to bed at 10 o'clock. Musical Doctor—Fiddle D. D. Domestic infelicities—Cold feet. The hardships of the ocean—The iron clads.

There are 2814 light-houses in the world. The Lord Mayor of London is a printer.

Alaska is one seventh the size of the United States. An Ohio horse has just died at the age of 51.

A terrible bore. The inside of a fifteen leaf gun. A romance of the middle ages—An old maid's love-letter.

Reisetown is the pet name of Elizabeth N. J.

A canvass-knot—a tie in the election returns.

Does the day rate of gold affect the rate of silver.

Texas beef is hunted wild in the fields of western New York.

The Philadelphia Age speaks of Richardson-McFarland, and their wife.

The circulation of the London Times is only half what it was three years ago. The Lawrence Eagle calls pickered "fresh water sharks."

"Very delicate" and "kinder sad-like" is a female criticism of Mark Twain's oratory.

The very latest style of boot has the toe turned up like an old fashioned skate. Savannah dogs trot about the streets with advertisements printed on their blankets.

The largest Sunday school in the world is said to be at Stockport, England, numbering 5,000.

Roast turkey, stuffed with boiled chestnuts, is a fashionable dish at New York. In old times people were accustomed to kneel at prayers, but now they think they kneedn't.

Eugenie took home to Paris from her visit to Egypt a humorous orange-out-ang.

Absinthe contains 75 per cent of the highest proof alcohol, and that is what makes it so terrible in its effects. Senator Sprague is watching for an opportunity to make a ten-hour speech on the eight-hour law.

A San Francisco lady, who had an eye knocked out by a rocket, sees ten thousand dollars' damages with the remaining orb.

Boots Under the Bed.

Miss Lydia White had two lovers. Tom Green and Willie Jones.

Both were good looking, well-to-do young mechanics, and both loved her devotedly, if their own vehement assertions could be credited. Lydia was in something of a dilemma concerning them.

She had no particular preference for either of them, but she wanted to be married sometime, and Mr. White was opposed to long courtships, and Aunt Jane kept assuring her that her bed and table linen would get yellow with being packed away in the bureau so long; and she also took frequent opportunities of remarking that none of her girls ever was single after they had reached the age of eighteen; not, not a minute!

And as Lydia counted her years four more than eighteen, of course this latter insinuation of Aunt Jane's cut deeply.

Lydia turned the matter over seriously in her mind, and argued it with herself, pro and con. Which should she take, Green or Jones?

She was in some degree romantic, and she had indulged in gorgeous dreams of marrying a second Napoleon as to courage; in fact, if there was any quality that she especially admired in a man, it was bravery.

When she said anything about this in the hearing of Tom or Willie, they begged her to put them to the test—they would joyfully die for her if she stood in need of such a sacrifice, they assured her over and over again.

One Sunday evening, as indeed was frequently the case, Jones and Green both happened to call at Lydia's at about the same time.

100

Middlesex County Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North Reading, Wakefield, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

VOL. XIX : No. 19.

WOBURN, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 29, 1870.

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CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

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How shall we do it?

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Where can they be found?

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(Late of the firm of De Loria & Corbett) would respectfully inform his friends in Woburn and vicinity that he has not retired from business, but proposes to continue the business as formerly. Grateful for favors in the past, he hopes to merit a continuance of public confidence and patronage.

A. B. COFFIN,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

No. 4 NILES BLOCK, Boston.

Entrance from Court Square and 25 School-

Wind the Clock.

A NEW YEAR ODE.

Wind, oh! grandeur, wind the clock,
Enough thy years are running down;
Count the hours till death shall knock,
Win faith's smile to meet his frown—
Wind the clock, wind the clock,
Wear the cross and win the crown.

Wind, oh! mother, wind the clock,
Though thy years run brightly still;
Timely feed thy little flock,
Ere thy steps go down the hill!
Wind the clock, wind the clock,
Autumn's war, winter's chill!

Wind, fair youth, oh! wind the clock,
Though thy years run sweet and strong;
Soon will come life's battles-hoek,
Drowning Pleasure's siren song;
Wind the clock, wind the clock,
Joy is short, remorse is long!

Wind, sweet child, oh! wind the clock,
Though thy sweet years are scarce begun—
Yonder kingdom of the flock,
Morning's gold is easy won!
Wind the clock, wind the clock,
For the shadow tracks the sun.

Wind, oh! prophet, wind the clock,
Ere the coming year has gone;
Wisdom's secret stores unlock,
Meanings of the years unborn;
Wind the clock, wind the clock,
Night and Morning, wind and warn!

Wind, oh! Saviour, wind the clock,
For our lives are running down;
One more year, oh! stand and knock,
One more year delay thy frown!
Wind the clock, wind the clock,
Fruit may yet the fig-tree crown!
—From the Churchman.

Winter.

BY A BOY.

Winter is the coldest season of the year, because it comes in the winter mostly. In some countries winter comes in the summer, and then it is very pleasant. I wish winter came in summer in this country, which is the best Government the sun ever shone upon. Then we could go skating barefoot and slide down hill in linen trousers. We could snowball without our fingers getting cold, and men who go out sleigh-riding wouldn't have to stop at every tavern as they do now. It snows more in winter than at any other season of the year. This is because so many cutters and sleighs are made then.

Skating is great fun in winter. The boys get their skates when the Bay is frozen over and race, play tag, break through the ice and get wet all over (they get drowned sometimes and are brought home all dripping, which makes their mothers scold, getting water on the carpet in the front room), fall and break their heads, and enjoy themselves in many other ways. A wicked boy once stole my skates and run off with them and I couldn't catch him. Mother said, "never mind, judgment will overtake him."

Well, if judgment does judgment will have to be pretty lively on his legs, for that boy runs bully.

There ain't much sleigh riding except in winter. Folks don't seem to care about it in warm weather. Grown up boys and girls like to go sleigh riding. The boys generally drive with one hand and help the girls hold their muffs with the other. Brother Bob let me go along a little way once when he took Celia and Annie Crane out sleigh riding, and I thought he paid more attention to holding the muffs than he did to holding the horse.

Ice grows much better in winter than in summer, which was an inconvenience before the discovery of ice houses. Water that is left out of doors is apt to freeze at this season. Some folks take in their wells and cisterns on a cold night and keep them by the fire, so they don't freeze.

Snow balling is another winter sport. I have snow balled in the summer, but we used stones and hard apples. It isn't so amusing as it is in the winter, somehow.

An Awful Story.

There was once an awful little girl who had an "awful" to everything. She lived in an awful house, in an awful street, in an awful village, which was an awful distance from every other awful place. She went to an awful school, where she had an awful teacher, who gave her awful lessons out of awful books. Every day she was awful hungry, she ate an awful amount of food, so that she looked awful healthy. Her hat was awful small, and her feet were awful large. She went to an awful preacher. When she took an awful walk, she climbed an awful hill, and when she got awful tired she sat down under an awful tree to rest herself. In summer she found herself awful hot, and in winter awful cold. When it didn't rain, there was an awful drought, and when the awful drought was over there was an awful rain. So that this awful girl will come to an awful state, and if she don't get over saying "awful" about everything, I am afraid she will, by and by, come to an awful end.

Nuts for the million—Peanuts.

Can two weak members make one firm?

All the rage—A woman in high temper.

The blowing of the advertisers is what makes the trade winds.

The Woman Question.

Photographs of the Leaders.

MISS SUSAN B. ANTHONY

Is the Bismarck; she plans the campaigns, provides the munitions of war, organizes the raw recruits, sets the squadrons in the field. Indeed in presence of a timid lieutenant, she sometimes heads the charge; but she is most effective as the directing generalissimo. Her headquarters were long ago transferred to New York City; Rochester was a pent up Utica to her. Miss Anthony is a quick, bright, nervous, alert woman of fifty or so—not at all inclined to *embonpoint*—sharp-eyed, even behind her spectacles. She is a "smart" executive, and is the chief motive-power of the movement. She presides over the treasury; she cuts the Gordian hard-knots, and when the noisy uncontrollables get by the ears at the conventions she is the one who straightway drags them asunder and turns chaos to order again. In every dilemma, she is unanimously summoned.

As a speaker, she is angular and rigid, but sharp, trenchant, incisive, cutting through to the heart of whatever topic she touches. She would be awkward if she were not a woman; but as the elder Weller remarked "They can't be coked if they want to." She is not what in the unpolished districts is called bashful, but is directed by a singular combination of modesty and audacity. When she succeeds in coaxing a governor to preside at her meetings, she faces him down on the spot with the question: "Now, Governor, you wish the women to vote, don't you?" Before escaping the platform, he is generally compelled to confess that he does, and to subscribe for the Revolution in presence of the assembly!

The Cleveland convention was an overt act of rebellion against Miss Anthony's leadership, especially against the vagaries of that incomparable egotist, Train; but she showed herself a shrewd diplomatist, for instead of vainly trying to spike the guns of the insubordinate Livermore, Stone & Co., she marched into their convention, and drew the harmless fire when she was at the right end of the battery. The malcontents are a strong party and it is not probable that the revolution against the Revolution will be suppressed.

LUCY STONE

Is still preeminently the orator of the movement; readiness in debate, most fertile in illustration, most eloquent in appeal. She will move an audience till they forget her sex, and remember only her cause. She has an oval and ruddy, but thoughtful face; a compact head, towering in the moral regions, and wide at the organs of force; a clear, mild eye, and a voice that is all melody. She is the wife of Henry B. Blackwell, also somewhat famous in the field of reform; and is not only one of the mothers of this cause, but mother also of an interesting family of children.

"Mrs. Blackwell," I said, one day, desiring to question her about the organization.

"Mrs. Stone, if you please—" she smilingly corrected me.

When I expressed a desire to be enlightened further, she continued:

"My husband's name is Blackwell—mine is Stone. When we were married, I told him I did not wish to assume his name, as by so doing I should lose my social identity. He said I was clearly right—he shouldn't wish to be called 'Mr. Stone'—so I have retained my maiden name, and when I meet my old friends on the street, they don't say: 'Mrs.—a Mrs.—a—let's see, I've forgotten your new name.' Even my husband calls me Mrs. Stone. I think I see," she proceeded, "in the retention of the maiden-name, as Beecher Stowe, a growing tendency to assert this individuality. I expect that, by and by, women will cease to be called by their husband's names; and I am sure that in the world to come each soul will be known by its own name, and not by another's."

ELIZABETH CADY STANTON,

Wife of Henry B. Stanton, and daughter of the late Judge Cady, came bravely, at an early day, and brought wealth and social position to the side of an unpopular cause. She is a stately and strikingly handsome woman of sixty, her white hair curled into an aureole around her forehead, a round face, free from the lines of care, a serious voice, and open blue eyes, with a twinkle of merriment in them—signs of the overflowing humor which sometimes turns the serious voice to badinage. Mrs. Stanton always appears upon the platform well dressed. She does not ignore silk, nor anathematize velvet, and does not pretend to have a soul above point lace. Thus arrayed she does not give the poor "white male" much peace. She prepares her speeches as carefully as Sumner does, and they are methodical, logical, forcible, running from irony to grave argument. Her impressive personal appearance is the *vis a tergo*; and though she is not by any means a mere figure-head she would be surprised to know how potently her face backs up her words.

MISS MARY A. LIVERMORE, Of Chicago, is the Western Head Centre of the Sorores, and her journal, the Agitator, is the calmest, ablest, strongest advocate of their cause. Not only is her piquancy and force quite unique, but she is equally able before an audience. The friends of Equal Suffrage have no more effective champion. Some of her characteristics are unmistakably masculine; physically, she is large and commanding in stature; mentally, she is apt in illustration, fond of paradoxes and aphorisms, and quick, sharp, and delicate in repartee. Her active identification was as powerful an aid in the cause as the pronounced support of Mrs. Stowe and Julia Ward Howe in the East.

There is one more notable agitator who will not flinch under my pencil or any body's—

MRS. JANE G. SWISSELM,

Of Washington. She is a very large head, high over firmness and self-confidence, wide at combativeness, massive in the intellectual moral regions, and a forehead as square as a marble block—casualty jutting out in the most defiant manner. Add to this a face full of self-assertion, a pair of sharp eyes, an inquisitive nose, and a controversial mouth, which plainly says, "No compromise." Twenty-five years ago she was editor of the Pittsburgh Sunday Visitor, and the most widely read and popular woman writer in this country. Her recent miscellaneous articles show the same genial spirit as her "Letters to American Girls"; but party warfare has wearied and worried her, and on political subjects the ink flows acid from her pen. As an opponent she is disagreeably witty, and in debate she maintains the doctrine of the old Scotch Covenanters, and as she makes a zealous champion, I am sure she would make an admirable martyr. She stands in an unfriendly attitude toward the Indians, and when she lived in Minnesota insisted that they ought to be packed away in gunny bags and thrown into the Mississippi—like superfluous cats. Her decision, courage, and self-reliance, the availability of her knowledge, and the power of her personal magnetism, endow her with the qualities of a leader, and if, with five hundred other American women, she should be cast away on a desolate island in the Pacific, Mrs. Swisselm would be elected queen in fifteen minutes and have a provisional government organized before dinner.

How Prince Arthur Looks.

The Prince is the perfect picture of an English "swell," exactly as represented by the late John Leech in the pages of London Punch. His whiskers are of the long blonde kind, full, wavy, and abundant. His features are rather sharp than otherwise; his nose is aquiline, and in stature, though rather above the medium height, he yet bears a strong resemblance to his brother, the Prince of Wales. His dress smacks of St. James street, London, (not St. James street, Montreal), and he has the precise, gentlemanly, correct appearance of those loungers in Hyde Park, who ogle the ladies over the railing of Rotten Row, or hold sly converse with pretty Anonymas in pretty broughams. To particularize, he wore an olive-green broadcloth surcoat, dark pantaloons, a standing collar, light scarf, and on his head a black silk hat was rakishly cocked; gloves and cane completed his whole get-up. He appears to have a careless, easy, affable way about him that seems natural and not assumed. It is a sort of unadvised deference to democracy and is not unpleasant.

The Boston Massacre.

Nearly in front of where the Traveller office now stands, on Monday, the 5th of March, 1770, in the excited state of public sentiment which preceded the American Revolution, a mob of people gathered and attacked a small body of British troops there on guard, and provoked by the shower of missiles, the taunts of the mob, etc., the soldiers fired, and three persons were killed and eight wounded, two mortally. The riot began from several young men trying to pass the sentinel. After the firing the bells rang and crowds gathered; the drums beat to arms, and the 29th British Regiment marched to the spot, with the lieutenant governor, and with great difficulty he persuaded the people to retire. The next day thousands thronged from city and town to see the blood-tracks on the snow, & King street (now State) and in adjacent lanes. They held a great meeting in Faneuil Hall and in the Old South, and resolutions were passed and a committee appointed to demand the removal of the troops from Boston. Annually, afterward, there was a jubilee, that of 1771 being delivered by James Lovell, of 1772 by Gen. Warren, of 1774 by John Hancock, and soon. In this year of our Lord, 1870, on the 5th of March, the event that occurred in front of the present site of the Traveller office one hundred years ago, will be celebrated by an oration by Wendell Phillips, a man who, had he lived in revolutionary days, would have been one of the first of those patriot orators and popular chiefs who have made immortal their names. The proceedings will probably occur in the Music Hall in connection with a musical programme.—Boston Traveller.

People Will Talk.

We may get through this world but 'twill be very slow.
If we listen to all that is said as we go:
We'll be worried and fretted and kept in a stew,
For foolishness longues must have something to do—
For people will talk, you know.

If quiet and modest you'll have it presumed
That your humble position is only assumed.
You're a wolf in sheep's clothing or else you're a fool;
But don't get excited, keep perfectly cool—
For people will talk, you know.

If generous and noble, they'll vent out their spleen,
You'll hear some kind hints that you're selfish and mean.
If upright or honest and fair as the day,
They'll vent out a rumor in a sly sneaking way—
For people will talk, you know.

And then if you show the least boldness of heart,
Or slight inclination to take your own part,
They'll vent out a rumor that you can't pay your way;
But keep straight ahead, don't stop to explain—
For people will talk, you know.

If you dress in the fashion, don't think to escape,
For they'll criticize in a different shape.
You're ahead of your times, or your tailor's unpaid;
But mind your own business, there's naught to be said—
For people will talk, you know.

If a fellow had chance to converse with a girl,
How the gossip will talk and their scandal unfurl!
How kind and polite is all that they say!
But keep straight ahead, don't stop to explain—
For people will talk, you know.

They'll talk like before you, but then at your back
Of venom and slander, 'twill never be lack—
How kind and polite is all that they say!
But better as gull when you're out of the way—
For people will talk, you know.

The best way to do is to do as you please,
For your mind if you have one, will float like a breeze;
Of course, you'll meet with all sorts of abuse,
But don't think to stop them, it isn't any use—
For people will talk, you know.

The Cruise of Noah's Ark.

Our son Keno has of late taken to Sabbath schools, and his Sunday school marm has brought out his blazing but merrily intellect in the way of compositions upon Scriptural subjects. This is his last effort:

THE CRUISE OF NOAH'S ARK.

For quite a period of the passage of time the wind had stuck the sow-cast, but him and by it bristled up to the northward and began to reign with great freedom. A native by the name of Noah, being suthin of a navigator, built him a square rigger, and took on board his three sons—Ham, Sham and Jam. Ham was the son of his first wife, and he was black and sooty of countenance; Sham was illegitimate and ill-looking; Jam was dwarfish, and had about him a generally humiliated and pulverized appearance. All was now ready for a start, when it was ascertained by the ass that the elephant had left his trunk ashore. There was a general cry of *pro bono probo*, and the elephantine mind was made crazy. The next disturbance was created by a female giraffe who insisted on sleeping below, on the ground that the sea breezes gave her a stiff neck. This was pronounced impossible, as the giraffe was thirty-one feet in altitude, and the ark only twelve feet between decks. The matter was comprised by putting the giraffe in the hold suffering her stately neck to tower from the hatchway, to which skipper Noah, when the wind was stiff, would run up a stay sail. As the ark started out the donkey stood as usual on the quarter, and from that time down to the present no excursion has started out without having a consequential jackass on board; in fact, we go on a great many excursions ourselves. We make the following extract from the log book of the ark:

"Mem.—During the deluge passed a bald-headed man clinging to the top of a Methodist meeting-house spire. Alas, his aspirations were all in *cone*.
"Ark alay!" he shouted.

"What's wanted?" demanded Sham from the maintop.
"Want to step in out of the wet."
"Can't be done," answered Sham;
"against the rules—only one of a species on board at a time, and we shipped the jackass the seventh animal."

"Glad you got in among the first passengers," was the reply of the old fellow on the steeple. "However, you can go to Hell-spout with your old ark."

At this point the owl was sent on the look-out, and the elephant took his trick at the wheel. The owl fell fast asleep and the elephant went below for a pint of grog, and the ape took the wheel and ran her on to Mount Ararat, where there wasn't no buoy or any other man, which is all I know about the cruise of Noah's Ark.—Norwich Advertiser.

Let no one despise a stone wall, nor judge it only from the cow's point of view. It is the city of refuge to all the little fry. Squirrels run in and out with saucy alertness, every summer's day. Hares and rabbits find it a bulwark. The hoary old fast wood-chuck rejoices in it as a fenced city. Birds, too, wrens and sparrows creep in and out, like children playing *hop-scotch*. On these sturdy stones have we sat hours and hours, asking no softer cushion, and desiring no more than God sent down from the heavens or displayed upon the earth.—Barker.

It ought not to be true, as Robert Collier says, that seven years ago we cared most for our country, but now care most for ourselves.

George Peabody's Love Affair.

The love episode in George Peabody's life is thus sketched in the New York Sun: A number of years ago, when Mr. Peabody was entering upon his career of business in Baltimore, he met in the street a poor girl, a child, but whose pleasant face and gentle manners attracted his notice. Questioning her as to her parentage and surroundings, he found her in every way worthy of his regard, and a fit subject for his beneficence. He at once adopted her as his ward, and gave her an education. As she advanced in age, her charms of person as well as the brightness of her intellect, won the affection of her benefactor. Through this relationship he had ample opportunity to watch her progress, and day by day her hold upon his affection grew stronger. At length as the ward bloomed into womanhood, though much her senior in years, Mr. Peabody offered his hand. Gratefully accepting his generosity, and acknowledging her attachment for him as almost a father, she with great feeling confessed that honor compelled her to decline the acceptance of this his greatest act of generosity, informing her suitor that her affections were placed upon another, a clerk in the employment of her benefactor. Though disappointed and grievously shocked, the philanthropist sent for his clerk, and learned from him that the engagement had been of long duration. Mr. Peabody at once established his successful rival in business, and soon afterward gave his benediction upon the marriage of his ward. This, it is said, was the first blow his heart ever received, and it is possible that from this episode came the inspiration that made the future of Mr. Peabody so universally distinguished, and has rendered his name famous as a remarkable public benefactor.

For Moderate Drinkers.

A "merchant prince" of New York—a portly "six footer" of great manly beauty, who never dined without his brandy and water, nor went to bed without a terrapin or oyster supper, and who was never known to be drunk—died of chronic diarrhoea, a common end of those who are never intoxicated and never out of liquor. Hall's Journal of Health gives this account of his death: "Months before he died—he was a year in dying—he could eat nothing without distress, and at death the whole alimentary canal was a mass of disease; in the midst of his millions he died of inanition. That is not the half, reader. He had been a steady drinker, a daily drinker, for twenty-eight years. Scrofula had been eating up one daughter for the fifteen years; another is in the mad-house; the third and fourth were of unearthly beauty; there was a kind of grandeur in that beauty; but they blighted, and paled, and faded—into heaven, we trust—in their sweet teens; another is tottering on the verge of the grave, and only one is left with all the senses, and each of them is as weak as water."

The same periodical instances another case that should supplement the one just given: "A gentleman of thirty-five was sitting in a chair with no specially critical symptoms present; still he was known to be a dissipated young man. He rose, ran fifty feet, fell down and died. The whole covering of the brain was thickened, its cavities were filled with a fluid that did not belong to it, enough to kill half a dozen with apoplexy; a great portion of one lung was in a state of gangrene, and nearly all the other was hardened and useless; blood and yellow matter plastered the inner covering of the lungs, while angry patches of destructive inflammation were scattered along the whole alimentary canal. Why there was enough of death in that one man's body to have killed forty. The doctor who talks about 'guzzling' liquor every day being 'healthy' is a perfect disgrace to the medical name, and ought to be turned out to break stones for the term of his natural life, at a shilling a day, and find himself."

NATIONAL BANKS THAT CHARGE USURIOUS RATES OF INTEREST.—

The National Banking law provides that if any officer knowingly receives or charges a rate of interest greater than is allowed by the State where the bank is located, he shall be held and adjudged for forfeiture of the entire interest which the note or other evidence of debt, which has been agreed to be paid thereon, and the bank is liable to a forfeiture of its charter. A case having been made out, the Solicitor of the Treasury has rendered an opinion that the bank which has been engaged in taking usurious interest has forfeited its charter. The matter has been referred to the Attorney General, and the officers and bank will be proceeded against for a violation of the provisions of the law. It is ascertained that it is no uncommon thing for national banks to charge 12, 15, and even 25 per cent discount on notes and other evidences of indebtedness.

Printers pay the ink 'em tax.

The Sphinx.

After years of waiting, it was before me at last. The great face was so sad, so earnest, so longing, so patient. There was a dignity not of earth in its mien, and in its countenance a benignity such as never anything human wore. It was stone, but it seemed sentient. If ever image of stone thought, it was thinking. It was looking toward the verge of the landscape, yet looking at nothing—nothing but distance and vacancy. It was looking over and beyond everything of the present, and far into the past. It was gazing out over the ocean of Time—over lines of century-waves, closed nearer and nearer together, and blended at last into one unbroken tide, away toward the horizon of remote antiquity. It was thinking of the wars of departed ages; of the empires it had seen created and destroyed; of the nations whose birth it had witnessed, whose progress it had watched, whose annihilation it had noted; of the joy and sorrow, the life and death, the grandeur and decay, of five thousand slow revolving years. It was the type of an attribute of man—of a faculty of his heart and brain. It was Memory—Retrospection—wrought into visible, tangible form. All who know what pathos there is in memories of days that are accomplished and faces that have vanished—albeit only a trifling score of years gone by—will have some appreciation of the pathos that dwells in these grave eyes that look so steadfastly back upon the things they knew before history was born—before tradition had being—things that were, and forms that moved, in a vague era which even poetry and romance scarce know of—and passed one by one away and left the stony dreamer solitary in the midst of a strange new age, and uncomprehended scenes. The Sphinx is grand in its loneliness; it is imposing in its magnitude; it is impressive in the mystery that hangs over its story. And there is that in the overshadowing majesty of this eternal figure of stone, with its accusing memory of the deeds of all ages, which reveals to one something of what he shall feel when he shall stand at last in the awful presence of God.—Mark Twain's New Pilgrim's Progress.

Men of the Confederacy—Where are They?

Reduction of Taxes.

The demand which the people are at this time making for a reduction of the taxes is so unanimous and so persistent, that we have no doubt it will make itself felt in Washington, and we shall get some measure of relief from the almost intolerable burdens which are imposed upon the business and the subsistence of the people. But though there may be, as the Commissioner of the Revenue shows, a reduction of from fifty to seventy-five millions of dollars in the taxes, it will require no little wisdom and stamina on the part of Congress to so apportion this reduction as to make it tell the most in the way of relief to the people. It is clear, we think, to all who have given the subject any study, that some taxes which the people bear, and which are really very onerous, bring but little into the treasury. There are, for instance, tariff imposts which bring the treasury not more than one or two millions of dollars, which really cost the people of the country ten or twenty millions, while of others the entire amount collected goes into the treasury, less of course the cost of collecting.

We want to call the attention of our readers to one item in the Commissioner's report as being a case in point where the business of the people pays a large sum and the government gets but little, a matter in which our readers are very largely interested. We refer to the shoe and leather business. Take the case of the manufacture of leather. There is a small tax of \$2.50 per hundred pounds on imported hides, \$1.50 per cord on bark, and 16 cents per gallon on oil. Now all the revenue derived from all the importation of hides and the other materials used in the manufacture of leather was not in excess of \$2,500,000; and yet these very taxes enhanced the cost of the manufacture of leather, and therefore of its price, from eight to ten per cent., and as the whole amount manufactured was worth about \$124,000,000, the tax really paid by the people was equal to ten per cent. to twelve millions of dollars. Less than one-quarter of this went to the government. The remainder of course, went to the western producer of hide and the northern and western seller of bark. But these again, being large consumers of the various articles made from leather, the chief of which are boots and shoes, had to pay back part or all of it in the enhanced price of these goods. But these were manufactured from leather during last year, fifty-one million pairs men's and boys' boots and shoes, worth \$129,000,000, and forty-seven million pairs shoes for women and misses worth \$98,000,000. Now, it is demonstrable that the cost of these goods was enhanced at least 7 1/2 per cent., or sixteen million of dollars by the taxes imposed upon hides and tanning materials, or the additional cost of leather. But the cost of women's shoes is still further increased by the tax levied on "serge" goods and rubber webbing used in them, say two million of dollars; but this tax goes into the treasury now, as but a small part of these materials is made in this country. So the people pay for the products of this one branch of industry alone, over twenty millions of dollars per year, and the government does not get five millions of it. But this is not the worst aspect of it. The tax cripples, burdens and almost ruins the business, a business which might be the greatest, most profitable and most productive of any manufacturing business in the country. The commissioners show that it is the imposition of this tax alone upon the raw material in this branch of manufacture, that prevents our tanners, curriers and shoemakers from becoming large exporters of their manufactured goods. He says that such are the superiority of our methods of manufacture, and the great cheapness of our materials for tanning and currying, that without these taxes we can compete with the world. Bark that costs say fifteen dollars per cord in this town, would cost thirty-five dollars per cord in any tannery in England or France. We might tan leather for the whole world were it not for the tax which now makes the cost so great that competition with the cheaper laborers of the old world is out of the question. But remove the tax. Let every tanner and currier in the country unite to demand the removal of this burdensome and unjust tax. But the shoemaker is still more interested in this. The products of his labor would be very largely exported were it not for this extra cost, which takes away all the margin for export. Before the war, our goods were largely exported to South America, the West Indies and to Mexico. Now only a little of this kind of goods go out of the country, and these to Cuba. Take off the tax, and so great are our improvements in machinery and so perfectly organized is our labor, and so efficient is it that we could successfully compete with any other country. We could compete at our advantage, for even now with the tax, some of our goods go abroad, and our pegged goods are acknowledged to be superior to any made in England or France. The home consumption now does not employ all our hands and machinery for much more than nine months per year. Then when we could enter the market of the world free and untrammelled, we could run our shops every day in the year, pay good wages, and yet make good profits. If our "Crispin" fellow citizens would bind their energies toward the removal of this real burden and grievance instead of trying to manipulate local politics, and organize

and legislate "strikes," we think they would find their energies better employed, and their condition greatly improved at the end of a year or two.

The long-expected fleet, bearing the remains of George Peabody, arrived at Portland Tuesday evening. The corpse will not be disembarked till Saturday, and the funeral in Portland will not take place till Tuesday next. The remains will then be taken to the town of Peabody, and another week will elapse before they are buried.

Mississippi takes the lead in liberalism in every way. Her legislature has elected a colored man, Mr. Revels, to the U. S. Senate, to serve till March 4, 1871. How our New England Republicans, many of them, would shrink, were it to be proposed to elect a competent colored man a Senator from one of their States! The Senators elected for longer terms, one beginning with the next Congress, are Gen. Ames and Gen. Alcorn, the latter Governor elect of the State.

The remains of Mr. Peabody were embalmed by Dr. Pavy, a distinguished English physician. He injected all the arteries first with a solution of arsenic and corrosive sublimate; and then, after a lapse of twenty-four hours, with a saturated solution of tannic acid. By these means the softer tissues are actually converted into leather, and decomposition is effectually arrested. Into the cavities of the chest and abdomen there was also introduced a paste of arsenic, camphor and spirit; and the coffin was lined with a layer of animal charcoal.

The Virginia bill has passed both Houses of Congress, and will probably receive the signature of the President in a day or two, when the Congressmen of that State will take their seats. The passage of the bill causes great rejoicing in Virginia, and the admission of that State to representation in Congress is an important step in the work of reconstruction. A good work has been done, and, thanks to those who stood up with the Senators of this State, in preventing undue haste, the State has been done well.

Indications foreshadow another long legislative session; the preliminary proceedings before committees are falling into the old routine of prolonged hearings, lawyers' arguments, repeated delays, day and evening sessions, etc., etc. Talk, talk, talk, and but little practical work. From present indications, the session of 1870 will be the longest ever known. The public voice should be raised against such abuse of time and the expressed will of the people.

The coal monopolists have a majority in the Committee of Ways and Means, and it has voted not to recommend any diminution of the duty on coal. So all New England is to be taxed for the benefit of Pennsylvania; but our Congressmen don't care who is taxed, as long as their friends get the leaves and fishes.

Ohio, Kentucky, Missouri, Tennessee, and New York have suffered much from heavy storms, last week. Many lives were lost in Kentucky, where there was a far stronger tornado than that which we had on the 8th of last September.

Dr. Livingstone was at Ujiji, on the Yanyanyika Lake, May 30. We all know where that is.

Purchasers of candies should read the advertisement headed, "sugared death."

In discussing the reasons for the difficulty boys now experience in learning to read, the Springfield Republican makes the following damaging statement: "Our prisons are crowded with young men who never learn to do any work well, and among the loudest declaimers for the rights of labor are men and women who can claim none of the rights that belong to labor well performed. Shiftless, ignorant, and lazy, they expect to be boosted and buoyed up by laws and rules, so that their half work will be as well paid as thorough performance of patient and intelligent workmen."

Coal is falling in price rapidly in New York.

Ohio has twenty-three thousand more boys than girls.

The best of friends fall out. Our teeth are no exceptions.

Mr. Dawes is on the safe side. The people will en-Dawes what he says.

Dull times are driving hosts of dry goods clerks into the streets.

The Boylston Bank robbers are willing to return half the bonds they stole provided they shall not be prosecuted.

Ten thousand people go to bed drunk every night in the city of New York.

Men and women of brains rarely think worth while to go into the show business either for tailors, dressmakers, or jewelers.

The marble bust of Senator Sumner, the work of the well-known sculptor, M. Milmore, was placed in one of the niches of the Doric Hall of the State House, last Monday. It is pronounced by good judges to be a most excellent work of art.

The New England Female College has graduated since its establishment 74 women who have pursued a full course and taken degrees. More than 200 others have attended partial courses with a view of becoming nurses only, now a most important calling, and growing constantly more so.

At a church fair in Kansas City, a set of bedroom furniture was awarded to a young lady, with the understanding that, if she was not married in a year, the furniture should be returned to the church. She is now on the war-path armed with a bedstead.

The editor of the Western Landmark asks his readers to excuse the looks of his paper, as he is in bed from the effects of a fight with a delinquent subscriber.

A tight fit—Delirium tremens.

Resolutions of thanks to the Hon. Henry L. Dawes for his efforts in favor of national economy were presented in the State House of Representatives Monday.

THE NEWS OF HOME.

Woburn.

If all our rains were snows, what a winter we should have!

"Tiger's" epitaph—Conn-found him.

The weather continues badly demoralized. Thus far winter is not a success.

The post office stationer in another column, show that Postmaster Wyman has a lively time of it.

Mrs. N. J. Ford, No. 1 Wade Block, is offering extra inducements to purchasers of dry goods.

People begin to fret about the ice crop. Keep cool, friends; it will be better for the ice.

Look out for your dogs. The manufacture of sausages is carried on extensively in our village.

Senator Pollard and Messrs. Wright & Potter, State Printers, have our thanks for copies of Governor Claflin's address.

We would call the attention of our housekeeping friends to the wood sale on Tuesday. Its proximity to the Centre and the terms will make it a rare chance to "wood up."

Among the February magazines which have arrived are the Galaxy, Harpers' Monthly, the Atlantic, Our Young Folks, Riverside Magazine, and the Nursery, and all are for sale at Horton's and Adkins'.

Muddy afternoons and frosty mornings render the highways anything but smooth. Riding under such circumstances, is good exercise for dyspeptics.

The socialist "socialists" are those given by the Ladies' Charitable Society at Still's rooms. The next one occurs next Wednesday evening.

When is a newspaper like grass? When there is something due on it. That kind of dew never makes a paper grow.

"Nothing in this world of ours is so beautiful, or partakes more of the supreme beauty of life, as when a young maiden in the first flush of womanhood leaves the home of her childhood, and, leaning with confidence on the arm of her lover, whispers—'Dear heart! I cannot see, but I believe. The past was very beautiful, but the future I can trust—with thee!'"—(R. L. Pendulum.

One of C. Tay & Co's grocery wagons was considerably damaged last Monday forenoon, by the horse becoming frightened and attempting to get over the road a little faster than he ought to, resulting in a smash-up.

Rev. Mr. Barnes will on next Sunday evening, at 7 o'clock, consider the question—"Whether or not the doctrine of an endless hell is the teaching of the Bible?" Seats free.

It is seldom we get a taste of oysters of so good flavor, nice and large as those we received from Adams' fish market last week. They were mammoth bivalves and as sweet as a plum, Adams always keeps the best of everything in his line.

Hon. Joseph G. Pollard, superintendent of the First Congregational Sabbath school, was present at the last concert of the Wakefield Cong. school, and addressed the children in a very entertaining manner.

Nothing does so much for a man as good clothes, and no firm in town can furnish a better article for the same money than A. Grant, on Main street.

Rev. Mr. Barnes' next and last "Talk on Geology," will be given next Monday evening, at 7 1/2 o'clock. Subject "Early Times, or the age of Man." The public are invited.

Peter Kenney has just marked down his boots and shoes to hard times prices, and will sell them for the next thirty days at those figures. His store is next door to the post office.

We have received from Senator Pollard a copy of the First Annual Report of the State Board of Health. In looking it over we find it a really valuable document, with much useful information and many good hints, which everybody ought to read.

The Winchester Laundry has put up an order box in the Woburn post office, where all in this town who wish to patronize it can deposit orders. The orders will be taken every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and clothes will be returned within five days.

Lovers of good music will not forget the public rehearsal of the Woburn Choral Society, which takes place next Monday evening, and will be on hand to listen to the fine harmonies there produced by our best local musicians and "singers." It will be worth the price of the tickets of admission—which, by the way, are only ten cents apiece—to hear the cantata of "The Picnic." Tickets for sale at Horton's.

A new fish market has been opened in Woburn, on Main street, opposite Salem. Mr. William K. Turner has taken the lower part of the building recently erected, and fitted it with everything that is necessary for a first class market. He will keep all kinds of fish, fresh and salt, oysters, clams, tongue and sounds, lobsters in their season, and all the etcetera of his business. Read his advertisement and give him a call.

J. W. Tufts & Co., make a very nice article of toilet soap, in cakes of the usual size, which is put up in neat boxes, six cakes in a box. It is called "Althea," is deliciously perfumed, and imparts an agreeable softness and smoothness to the skin. They also manufacture other kinds of toilet soaps and cosmetics, which can be procured at G. F. Fosdick & Co's drug store, 5 Wade block, who keep all every article for toilet use.

A superstitious engineer of a midnight freight train on the Lowell road, deludes himself into believing he sees an imaginary signal of a waving lantern at the rear of the train at the Woburn station where the train stops to water, and thinks it is the spirit of a man who was killed there a short time since. The engineer doubtless goes to bed too late and gets up too early.

The Unitarian Church in this town was filled to its utmost capacity, last Sunday evening to hear the lecture delivered by Rev. Mr. Barnes upon the subject of an "Everlasting Hell." The lecture was a strong and able production, evincing much labor and profound thought, sound, pungent, logical, convincing. The subject was considered on rational and philosophical grounds, and was entirely free from personalities, the lecturer choosing to use argument rather than vituperation. The lecture was finely delivered, the theme interesting, and his hearers much impressed with the truth of his remarks.

On Monday, Jan. 24th, Michael Lynch was brought before his honor, charged with taking two much "balm," and after pleading guilty paid \$3 and costs. Ann O'Brien said that she was not drunk, "by jabs," but after hearing the evidence, the court thought otherwise, and said Ann was required to pay \$5 for the use of the Commonwealth and the costs of prosecution. Catherine Kelley, an East Woburn Amazon, got drunk and kicked up a muss generally, for which she was arrested, plead guilty, and paid \$3 and costs.

In our paper a few weeks since, mention was made of the improvements in this town. There was an omission of a new dwelling-house on Mt. Pleasant street and Flagstaff avenue. The building is two and a half stories, with seven rooms, finished in modern style throughout, and is complete in all its parts to the turning of the key. And what is remarkable, it was planned and built by Dea. Leonard Fowle, who is now in his eightieth year, with but a little assistance, excepting in the heavier parts. It should also be added, Dea. F. painted the house, inside and outside the first coat, and prepared the foundation in part. Competent judges say the work is worthy of the palms days of the venerable carpenter. At any rate the deacon is a rebuke to some of our middle aged men who think because they are sixty they must be feeble, and settle down to premature old age. Let all keep the heart young, and they will prove more of a comfort to themselves and their friends.

The union prayer meetings of the three evangelical churches have been increasing in interest and power, so that it has been thought advisable to continue them for an indefinite period of time. They are held on Monday, Thursday and Friday evenings of each week, at the Methodist, Baptist and Orthodox vestries alternately. The usual meetings of each church by itself are as formerly. It is indeed pleasant to see the entire absence of denominational bickering and strife, and we hope that the future will show the members of the churches the beauty and the necessity of a cordial interchange of Christian love and good feeling, without which no great amount of good can be done. At the Congregational prayer meeting last Sunday evening some half a dozen or more expressed a desire to become Christians.

One of those joyous occasions which are liable to happen in all well regulated families whose years of happy married life reach to twenty, occurred on Monday evening last, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan Simonds, Jr., on Railroad street. This was the twentieth anniversary of their marriage, commonly called the "china wedding." Some of their friends became aware of the approach of said anniversary, and put their heads together for a diabolical disturbance of the peace of everybody in general and of Mr. and Mrs. Simonds in particular. On the evening in question, about sixty friends assembled at a neighbor's house, and sent one of their number to make a friendly call on Mrs. Simonds, who found that lady at home quietly sewing, while Mr. S. was over at the church in the performance of his duties as sexton. Soon after, without warning, Mrs. Simonds found herself surrounded by numerous friends, who had been guilty of breaking and entering, and whose congratulations poured thick and fast upon the bewildered hostess. After the company had enjoyed for a while the surprise which their visit occasioned, the rooms of Mr. Augustus Roundy and Mr. Harris Johnson, who live in adjoining parts of the house, were thrown open, and in one of Mr. Roundy's front parlors a table laden with beautiful and costly gifts presented itself to the admiring gaze of the recipients. Among the presents were a gold band China tea set, a China chamber set of five pieces, red and gilt tips, a silver revolving butter dish, set of silver dining knives, a splendid silver fruit basket with a Bohemian glass dish, a pie knife of solid silver, three china fruit dishes, and many other valuable tokens of friendship. The visitors brought with them everything in the eatable line that could tempt the appetite, and when they separated at the close of the evening it was with full hearts and—stomachs. The "china wedding" was a success in every particular, and not the least source of enjoyment was the complete surprise which was given.

Dr. Lord's second lecture, last Tuesday evening, was on "Mirabeau." Notwithstanding the very unfavorable state of the weather a large number attended, and were much pleased with his presentation of the subject. Mirabeau was the son of the Marquis Mirabeau, from whom he inherited many of the traits which made him so remarkable. The

son was anything but a good man, his reputation as a most depraved licentious extending throughout France, and he was both hated and admired by the people of his time, hated for his vices, admired for his brilliancy of his talents as a writer and orator. Always poor, always in trouble, he was yet always successful. The people read with avidity his sharp, pungent appeals for reform, written sometimes amid the luxury of the court, sometimes between the walls of a prison, and on the assembling of the deputies, just prior to the dethroning of Louis XIV., he was elected a member of that august body. This gathering of about twelve hundred of the first talents of France was for the purpose of considering the condition of the country, which was deplorable, and to devise some way of relief. In the procession of this body to the Chambers, Mirabeau was conspicuous. He is described as of a large physique, somewhat corpulent, of a commanding mien, with a bloated, repulsive face, pitted with small pox. The deputies were of three classes, representing the nobility, the clergy, and the common people, which latter composed ninety per cent. of the population. They had been oppressed and taxed and trodden upon by the upper classes for centuries, and were ripe for revolt, and upon the head of the weak, vacillating but kind-hearted monarch who occupied the throne descended the fearful storm. The deputies of the people usurped the power, belonging in part to the others, and assuming prerogatives which did not belong to them, turned the convention into a Pantheon. Mirabeau was prominent, but it is just to him to say that he deplored the mistake which the deputies had made, his clear-sighted policy being to reform the country and rule the people through the king, and not to rule the king. But this failing, he incensed the people still more by his speeches, full of sophistry and vindictiveness. The Convention, another body of fiery and undisciplined men, then assembled, and by their acts plunged the country into the Reign of Terror, when blood flowed like water, and which was only stopped by the strong arm of a military government. The king had been beheaded, the Bastille stormed and taken, and amid the scenes which led to such deplorable consequences Mirabeau had died, the victim of disease brought on by his political habits. The lecturer closed with some very appropriate reflections on the lessons which the history of Mirabeau and his times furnish us. The subject of the lecture on Tuesday evening next, will be "Michael Angelo."

Statistics of the Woburn Post Office for the six months ending December 31st, 1869:

Number of stamps cancelled 45,379, amounting to	\$1,241.49
Postage of letters collected	32.35
Received for postage on regular newspapers	99.53
Received for Box letter	85.09
	\$1,578.97
Number received from other offices, estimated at	56,730
Number of letters sent to the Dead Letter Office	249
Number of Registered Letters sent	102
Number of Registered Letters received	40
Number of Newspapers delivered weekly	864
Number of Periodicals and Magazines delivered, semi-weekly, monthly, and quarterly	407

Names and number of some of the principal newspapers and periodicals taken:

	WEEKLIES.	
Woburn Journal,	239 copies	
Congregationalist and Recorder,	79	
New York Tribune,	87	
Zion's Courier,	36	
Zion's Herald,	25	
Christian Register,	32	
South's Commonwealth,	24	
Christian Era,	24	
New England Farmer,	24	
School American,	23	
Commercial Bulletin,	12	
New York Independent,	10	
Hill and Leather Interest,	10	
Star,	10	
Watchman and Reflector,	10	
Boston Pilot,	9	
Light of Truth,	9	
Phonograph,	9	
Shoe and Leather Reporter,	7	
Universalist,	7	
	MONTHLIES.	
American Agriculturist,	96 copies.	
Student and Schoolmaster,	38	
Home Guardian,	38	
American Missionary,	38	
Herald of Truth,	25	
Christian World,	13	
Our Young Folks,	9	
Home Missionary,	9	
Massachusetts Monthly,	7	

Number of Money Orders 163, amounting to \$1,575.06

Number of Orders received and paid out, 36, amounting to \$1,167.48

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Geological Lecture.

The "familiar talk" of Mr. Barnes on Monday evening last, was upon the extinction of shell formation. Although not treated in his account of the secondary rocks last week, it properly belongs to the same period. The same given to it is derived from the latin word *extinctus*, which in that language signifies chalk. Mr. Barnes gave a rapid review of his remarks upon carbon and carbonic acid gas, which were well illustrated during the carboniferous age, and which did so much to promote the extraordinary growth of the vegetation during that period. The rocks of the carboniferous formation are composed almost exclusively of this substance in combination with lime. (It must be understood that in speaking of rocks, geologists include in that term all the material of which they are composed, whether solidified or in the form of clay, sand or fine dust.) Lime is held in solution in the water of the ocean. This is in some way absorbed by the animals, made animals existing in the sea and formed into the shells covering that envelope them. When the animal dies its shell is deposited in the form of carbonate of lime, and goes to make up with aggregated with millions of others the calcareous rocks. In illustration of the manner in which the chalk formation proceeded, Mr. Barnes referred to recent discoveries in deep sea soundings. It had been formerly supposed that animals from the ocean to a greater depth than two hundred or three hundred fathoms, and reaching the depth of ten thousand feet, and carefully examining the mud drawn from thence, it was found that it was made up of microscopic animals, one hundred and fifty of which would not extend more than the thickness of an inch. They are enclosed in a minute shell, and at the close of the animal's existence, these shells are converted into those chalky deposits which, in the course of ages are built up to the height of a *Blue Hill*. From data such as these, and the fact also that the remains of marine animals are found in the limestone rocks hundreds of miles from the present boundaries of the ocean, Mr. Barnes inferred that these rocks were formed beneath the "great deep." The calcareous rocks have three distinct layers, or greenstone strata are found the fossil bones of large mammals that characterize the period. As the Silurian age is distinguished for its mountains, the Devonian for its forests, and the Carboniferous for its luxuriant vegetation, and the Permian for its reptiles, so the Cretaceous age is famous for its human remains. The highest form of vertebrate life, and the same order of which we have the fossil remains in the modern elephant, though not unlike it in general structure, the *Megatherium*, a mammoth, a representative of this class of animals in the Cretaceous period, is found in great abundance in the chalk strata. As we have seen, the simple to more elaborate organisms, skeletons were distinctly marked, suggesting many interesting questions relating to the development theory and the origin of species.

Mr. Barnes then took up the Tertiary period, the last of our Western States, and in this period, the approach is made still nearer to the introduction of man into the arena of existence, but as yet he does not appear. Animal life, however, is abundant, especially of the terrestrial species, and other high forms of life are found. The question is, where did they come from? Among them were the mammoth, whose remains are found among the bones of our Western States, and in the Cretaceous strata, a monster resembling in its structure the modern elephant, though not unlike it in general structure. The *Megatherium*, a mammoth, a representative of this class of animals in the Cretaceous period, is found in great abundance in the chalk strata. As we have seen, the simple to more elaborate organisms, skeletons were distinctly marked, suggesting many interesting questions relating to the development theory and the origin of species.

Lecture.

At a town meeting held Tuesday, it was voted to build a new town hall, on the site of the old Lexington House, at a cost of about \$32,000.

Advocates.

Mr. George W. Cutter of Hopkinton, a graduate of the Cambridge Divinity School, was ordained as pastor over

A gentleman from Bethel Hill, Me., says that Messrs. Allen Bros., proprietors of Phillip Allen's Print works, E. L. were down in the pond recently, trouting when one of them was attacked with sciatic rheumatism so suddenly, that he had to be carried from the pond to his hotel. A bottle of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment was resorted to, and he was out next day.

How are you to-day? I'm not feeling well, bilious and sick head ache, have been looking around for a bottle of Johnson's Purgative Pills, but our traders are all sold out.—Country Paper.

Married

In Woburn, Jan. 17, by Rev. S. R. Deane, William Robinson, of Watertown, and Miss Ione G. Streeter, of Woburn.
In Woburn, Jan. 23, by Rev. S. R. Deane, William L. Crane and Emily F. Johnson, both of Woburn.
In Woburn, Jan. 23, by Rev. S. R. Deane, Charles M. Vincent, editor of the Vineyard Gazette, to Miss Sarah C. Smith, only daughter of Capt. Philip Smith, of Woburn.
In Woburn, Jan. 23, by Rev. S. R. Deane, of Woburn, to Miss Mary L. Bennett, of Woburn.
In Woburn, Jan. 23, by Rev. S. R. Deane, of Woburn, to Miss Mary L. Bennett, of Woburn.

Died

In Woburn, Jan. 20, Catherine Martin, aged 72 years.
In Woburn, Jan. 20, Ellen C. Simons, aged 72 years.
In Woburn, Jan. 22, of consumption, Reuben Richardson, formerly of Woburn.
In Woburn, Jan. 18, Hannah A. Newcomb, aged 90 yrs. 4 mos.
In Woburn, Jan. 25, M. L. Gerlie, daughter of S. A. and Lizzie Avery, 12 yrs. 9 mos.

New Advertisements.

Wanted.

A young man of good education in an office. One who writes a good hand, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Address Box 8, Woburn, 1119.

Machine Stitching and Stamping.

MRS. L. M. DALTON

Is prepared to do all kinds of Machine Stitching and Stamping, also all kinds of Sewing, at short notice. Residence, 1119.

HARD AND SOFT WOOD

AT AUCTION!

On TUESDAY, Feb. 1st, at 2 o'clock P. M., will be sold at Public Auction, all of the Wood on both sides of the street, situated on both sides of the street, and on the easterly line of the Woburn Cemetery. To those desiring to purchase, the above affords a rare opportunity to provide themselves with fuel, it being less than one mile from the center of the town, and convenient of access. The terms are cash in ten days from the date of sale, and the wood to be removed during the month of February. If the weather is stormy on the day of sale, it will be postponed to the next fair week day.
Per order of EDWARD WYMAN, Auctioneer.
Woburn, Jan. 28th, 1870.

J. O'CONNELL, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

RESIDENCE,
House of the late Mr. E. J. Jones, Warren Street,
Office Hours, 7 to 9 A. M., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 P. M.
6119

New Fish Market.

The subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Woburn, that he has just opened a NEW FISH MARKET IN TOWN,
In the New Building
On Main St., opp. Salem St.
Where those who wish to obtain
The Best of Fish
AT REASONABLE PRICES,
Will meet with prompt attention and courteous treatment. He will keep constantly on hand every variety of
FRESH AND SALT FISH,
OYSTERS, CLAMS,
Lobsters in their season, Tongues and Sausages, Pickled Fish, Quail, &c.
Customers may depend upon everything being fresh and neat, with a view to the accommodation of the public.
Please give me a call, and test my capability of keeping a FIRST CLASS MARKET. Goods delivered free of charge.
Woburn, Jan. 26, 1870. WM. K. TURNER, 19

Historical Lectures.

REV. JOHN LORD, LL. D.

The third lecture of the course will be delivered
Tuesday Evening, Feb. 1st, 1870.

Subject of Lecture,—"Michael Angelo"

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

—Middlesex ss. Probate Court, Whereas, William W. Whittemore, Administrator of the estate of PHILIP H. DOHERTY, late of Woburn, in said County of Middlesex, deceased, has presented for allowance the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased, and has made application for a distribution of the balance in his hands among the next of kin of the said deceased, all persons claiming an interest in the said estate, and all persons claiming an interest in the said estate, are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of March, next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said administrator is directed to publish this citation three weeks successively in the Middlesex County Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court.

Witness, William A. Richardson, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-second day of January, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy.

2119 J. H. TYLER, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

—To WILLIAM H. WHITEMORE, of Arlington, in the County of Middlesex, and to any and all other persons claiming an interest in the said estate, are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of March, next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said administrator is directed to publish this citation three weeks successively in the Middlesex County Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court.

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New Advertisements.

THE WOBURN

Choral Society,

Will give their

FIRST PUBLIC REHEARSAL,

Of Vocal and Instrumental Music,

on

Monday Evening, Jan. 31,

AT THE

Vestry of the Congregational Church.

The programme will consist of Solos, Duets, Quartets and Choruses.

Admission 10 Cents.

P. E. HANCOCK, Director.

Central Fish Market.

Woburn, Jan. 28th, 1870.

E. A. ADAMS

Would inform his old customers and the public generally that he is still to be found at the Central Fish Market.

FRESH FISH

OF ALL KINDS.

Cod, Haddock, Halibut, Fresh and Salt Mackerel, Pickled and Smoked Fish, and all other kinds of fresh and salt Fish and Lobsters in their season.

OYSTERS AND CLAMS

In the shell, or by the quart or gallon. Also Tongues and Sausages, &c.

Thanking the public for past liberal patronage, he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable prices to merit a continuance of the same.

Jan. 19 E. A. ADAMS.

GRAND FAIR

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

St. Charles Borromeo's Catholic Church,

WILL BE HELD IN

LYCEUM HALL,

COMMENCING

Monday Ev'g, Feb. 7,

And will continue One Week.

The Committee of Arrangements have secured the services of the

Woburn Brass Band

FOR THE OPENING NIGHT.

And they will leave nothing undone while the fair lasts to render the time pleasant and agreeable for all who may patronize the same.

Single Tickets of Admission 25 cents.

Season Tickets \$1.00.

To be procured at the door, and of the following Committee of Arrangements—James Downey, Peter Kenney, James K. DeLoe, Wm. J. Edwards, Lemmon, P. W. Kenney, Timothy Corcoran, Wm. Bradley, John Murphy, Peter Murray, D. Healey, P. Murphy, James Barney, James Bagley.

Doors open from 3 to 10 P. M.

SELLING OFF

At Less than Cost.

As we intend to greatly increase our business early in the Spring, we shall

Sell off our entire Stock at Less than Cost.

We know many will say impossible, but we ask all such to call and examine our goods, and the prices at which we are selling.

All Our Goods are Marked Down,

And will be sold without regard to cost until the 1st of March.

And a good assortment of

HOSIERY, YARNS & WORSTED,

Cheaper than ever before offered in Woburn.

Infant's Waists 75c, former price \$1.25.

HAMBURG LACES.

Ribbons, Gloves, Buttons, &c.

Very cheap. A few pieces of

DRESS GOODS and TABLE LINEN

Which will be sold at GREAT SACRIFICE.

Ladies, now is your time to secure BARGAINS.

Stamping, Finking, Fluting and Millinery done to order.

MRS. N. J. FORD,

No 1 Wade Block, Corner of Main and Park Sts.

Woburn, Jan. 26th, 1870.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of MARGARET F. GOULD, late of Woburn, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

JONATHAN GOULD, Adm.

Woburn, January 11, 1870.

Winchester Co-operative Laundry.

Thoroughly fitted up, and with a full supply of water, is prepared to do washing of all kinds at less than city rates. Orders sent by mail or otherwise will be promptly attended to.

Orders left in the drug store, in the Post Office, Woburn, will be taken on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and clothes returned within five days.

Winchester, Jan. 10, 1870.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WOBURN, in Woburn, in the State of Massachusetts, at the close of business on the 22d day of January, 1870.

Loans and discounts..... \$208,062 69

Commercial paper..... \$100,000 00

Time Accommodation Loans..... 24,175 00

Discounted Loans..... 20,000 00

Indebtedness of Directors..... 74,281 00

U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation..... 20,000 00

U. S. Bonds and Securities on hand..... 10,000 00

Due from Bank of Montreal, Boston, 3,000 00

Due from Merchants and Reserve Agents, (on per schedule)..... 30,277 68

Banking house..... 19,432 29

Capital paid in..... 250,000 00

Surplus Fund..... 25,000 00

Discount..... 4,430 00

Profit and Loss..... 14,262 50

Circulating Notes..... 222,250 00

Comptroller..... 222,250 00

Less amount on hand..... 1,242 00

Amount outstanding..... 221,008 00

Dividend No. 2, unpaid..... 1,242 00

Individual deposits..... 77,109 20

Total..... \$655,079 29

CR.

Capital Stock paid in..... \$300,000 00

Surplus Fund..... 25,000 00

Discount..... 4,430 00

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The third lecture by Dr. Lord, Tuesday evening, was on "Michael Angelo." This celebrated sculptor, painter, and architect, whose wonderful skill in each of these arts won him an imperishable name in history, and whose masterpiece of architecture, St. Peter's in Rome, is still an object of wonder to the beholder, was an Italian by birth, and lived in the times of Julius II, the pope. To him the world is indebted for many great improvements and discoveries in art. He lived a pure, unostentatious life, was highly respected by his contemporaries for his many virtues, and died at the venerable age of eighty-nine. The subject was exceedingly well handled, and was listened to by a large audience. The next lecture will be on Tuesday evening, Feb. 8th, on the character of Galileo.

They decided to have a congregational church, and, as a success, those who were here uniting in their praise of the music produced. Among the pieces were the opening chorus, "From Oberon in Italy land;" a quartette, "Leaf by leaf the roses fall;" a male quartette, "In silent mead;" a solo and chorus, "Come and shut the door;" a duet, "The last link is broken," sung by Miss Wood and layed on an alto horn by C. H. Taylor; and a solo and chorus, "Laughter of Error." Dr. Lang and the society made every one "snicker right eout" at the manner in which "A jolly good laugh" was sung, and people of billious tendencies felt a great deal better. "The Piece" cantata was fluely pleasant. Altogether it was a very pleasant entertainment, and is to be followed by another week from next Monday evening.

Bangor, Me., had the greatest snow storm of the season on Saturday.

not attended with great mortality. Several cases have been detected in the hospitals.

Who takes things as they come?—A
 def.

New York ladies wish to kiss Prince Arthur for his mother.

A new Catholic church will be erected in the town of Arlington, next summer.

Children's Tickets 75 cents. Single Tickets 25 cents.
 Supper, \$1.00. Oyster and Variety Supper
 1.50.

27.

BUSINESS PROSPECTS—The last monthly circular of the banking house of Henry Clews & Co., New York, says: "Midway in the first month of 1870, we find the indications generally favorable to a prosperous business year. The markets exhibit a steady, buoyant tone indicative of a comparatively healthy confidence, and this feeling pervades like commercial and financial circles. Within the past year, the general fall in values has brought affairs much nearer to a normal condition; the effect of which is likely to be seen in 1870, in a freer investment of capital in legitimate enterprises."

The Cambridge Press says that the teachers in that city who have reported in favor of the plan of abolishing corporal punishment in schools, are the best and most successful teachers, noted for the good order they keep and for the rapid improvement of their pupils in their studies. In view of this fact it is not justifiable to say that the other teachers, who cannot get along without flogging, have mistaken their vocation.

At the funeral of Miss Hattie S. Putnam, at Chelsea, Vt., last Sabbath, six young ladies, appropriately dressed for the occasion, acted as pall-bearers, and sang a dirge at the grave.

ROUND THE WORLD—The Erie Railroad Company has issued a very interesting set of coupon tickets, covering a trip round the world, from Boston via New York, Omaha, San Francisco, Yokohama, Calcutta, Ceylon, the Suez Canal and Havre to Boston. These tickets to be sure are good at present only for a lesson in geography, but they are interesting curiosities, as indicating the good time coming, when fast travelers can make the excursion of 25,000 miles in seventy-eight days and nights, and come home from the east not much poorer and very little wiser than when they left it on the West.

This is the latest for brides: A plain gold bracelet, which fastens with a lock and gold key, and which the husband places on her arm at the altar, locking it, and placing the key on his watch chain. The bracelet cannot be removed without the husband's assistance, and thus both are constantly reminded of each other.

Died.
In Medford, Jan. 29, of pneumonia, George A. Trull, formerly of Woburn, aged 52 years.
In Woburn, Jan. 30th, Jeremiah Conney, aged 58 years.
In Woburn, Jan. 31st, John F. Nason, aged 59 years.
In Woburn, Feb. 1st, Thomas O'Connor, aged 55 years.
In Winchester, Feb. 3d, Louis P. Cobb, aged 27 years.
In Boston, Jan. 24th, Mrs. Mary, wife of the late John Wood, formerly of Woburn, 72 years.
In New York, Jan. 25, a child of heart disease, Jesse Harwood of Lexington, aged 61.
In Lexington, Jan. 26, a child of heart disease, the wife of Capt. Benjamin Reed, 70 1/2 yrs.
In Wilmington, Jan. 26, Ellen Crosby, wife of O. S. Simonds, 37.

New Advertisements.
"He who hath no music in his soul," &c.—Shakspeare.

M. J. Paillard & Co.,
OF NEW YORK, THE
Great Musical-Box Importing House
Of the United States, have now ready the largest variety of

MUSICAL BOXES,
ever imported to this country, direct from their extensive works in Switzerland, comprising all sizes and prices.

PIANO FROM ONE TO ONE HUNDRED
OF THE
MOST POPULAR AIRS,
AT PRICES FROM \$25 TO \$2000 EACH.

The most desirable and best substitute for the Piano, Melodeon or Accordeon, especially where persons are unable to play on those instruments, the celebrated Musical-Boxes of our house are the very best and most agreeable acquisition.

FOR THE HOME CIRCLE
FOR THE LONG WINTER EVENINGS,
FOR INVALIDS,
FOR THE MILLION,
FOR THE LONELY,
FOR THE MILLION,
FOR THE LONELY,
FOR THE MILLION,
FOR THE LONELY,

AT A MOMENT'S NOTICE!
Be simply winding up and adjusting a lever, which a child can do.

THE INSURANCE PLAYS ITSELF!
producing a great variety of Tunes and the sweetest of Music, and thus affording the best possible Holiday, Wedding or Birthday.

PRESENTS!
FOR OLD OR YOUNG, GRAVE OR GAY.
When playing it reminds one of the generous gift. Send for price-list (sent free) before it is too late. The kind of box you want, number of tunes and price. It will then be sent by Express, payable on delivery, C. O. D. Be sure to write for price-list No. 10, Address—

M. J. PAILLARD & CO.,
Importers, &c., 682 Broadway, New York,
2120 Proprietors International Art-Galleries.

WILL ALL THOSE AFFLICTED WITH COUGH OR CONSUMPTION
Read the following and learn the value of

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.
Dr. LEONARD, of Ohio, Surgeon in the Army during the war, from exposure, contracted consumption. He says: "I have no hesitancy in stating that it was by the use of your LUNG BALSAM that I am now alive and enjoying health."

Dr. FLETCHER, of Missouri, says: "I recommend your BALSAM in preference to any other medicine for Coughs, and it gives satisfaction." Dr. LEONARD, of Ohio, Surgeon in the Army during the war, from exposure, contracted consumption. He says: "I have no hesitancy in stating that it was by the use of your LUNG BALSAM that I am now alive and enjoying health."

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GRAND FAIR

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

St. Charles Borromeo's Catholic Church,

WILL BE HELD IN

LYCEUM HALL,

COMMENCING

Monday Ev'g, Feb. 7,

And will continue One Week.

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Woburn Brass Band

FOR THE OPENING NIGHT.

And they will leave nothing undone while the fair lasts to render the time pleasant and agreeable for all who may patronize the same.

Single Tickets of Admission 25 cents.
Season Tickets \$1.00.

To be procured at the door, and of the following Committee of Arrangements—James Downey, Peter Kenney, James K. Delaney, W. Jones, Edward Leary, E. W. Kenney, Timothy Corcoran, Wm. Bradley, John Murray, Peter Murray, D. Healey, P. Murphy, James Barry, James Bagley.

Doors open from 2 1/2 to 10 P. M.

Central Fish Market.

E. A. ADAMS

Would inform his old customers and the public generally that he is still to be found at the Central Fish Market.

On Main St., opposite the Common, And that he continues to supply the public with

FRESH FISH

OF ALL KINDS.

Cod, Haddock, Halibut, Fresh and salt Mackerel, Pickled and Smoked Fish, and all other kinds of fresh and salt Fish and Lobsters in their season.

OYSTERS AND CLAMS
In the shell, or by the pint, quart or gallon. Also Tongues and Sounds, &c.

Thanking the public for past liberal patronage he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable prices to merit a continuance of the same.

January 19 E. A. ADAMS.

SELLING OFF

At Less than Cost.

As we intend to greatly increase our business early in the Spring, we shall

Sell off our entire Stock at Less than Cost.

We know many will say impossible, but we ask all such to call and examine our goods, and the prices at which we are selling.

All Our Goods are Marked Down,
And will be sold without regard to cost, until the 1st of March. A good assortment of

HOSIERY, YARNS & WORSTED,
Cheaper than ever before offered in Woburn.

Infant's Waists 75c, former price \$1.25.
HAMBURG LACES.

Ribbons, Gloves, Buttons, &c.
Very cheap. A few pieces of

DRESS GOODS and TABLE LINEN
Which will be sold at GREAT SACRIFICE.

Ladies, now is your time to secure BARGAINS. Stamping, Pinking, Fluting and Millinery done to order.

MRS. N. J. FORD,
No. 1 Wade Block, Corner of Main and Park Sts., Woburn, Jan. 28th, 1870.

Winchester Co-operative Laundry,
Thoroughly fitted up, and with a full supply of river water, is prepared to do Washing of all kinds at less than city rates. Orders sent by mail or otherwise will be promptly attended to.

Orders left in the order box in the Post Office, Woburn, will be taken on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and clothes returned within five days. Winchester, Jan. 8, 1870.

STRAW MATTINGS.

CHECKED AND PLAIN

MATTINGS,

IN ALL WIDTHS,

FOR SALE

AT THE LOWEST PRICES,

BY

W. WOODBERRY,

OPPOSITE COMMON,

WOBURN, MASS.

WHITFORD'S

Meat and Vegetable

MARKET,

Next Door South the Central

House,

MAIN STREET, - WOBURN.

Where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale all kinds of

Fresh & Salt Meats,

BEEF,

PORK,

SUGARED DEATH.

The Fate that awaits those who

Eat cheap Candy—The Poison Used. Some singular Statements.

From the N. Y. Sun, Jan. 4, 1870.

The adulteration of candies in New York has become of late years alarming, and in order to produce cheap articles, manufacturers are adulterating with various extracts and substances, which are either injurious to consumers, or a deadly poison.

Many children are doubtless yearly sacrificed by the absorption into their systems of these adulterations inadvertently given by parents. Terra Alta, or white earth, costing but 1 cent a pound, is extensively used instead of sugar, and treacles are produced by cheap dealers at from two to five cents a pound less than the cost of sugar at wholesale.

In the manufacture of gum drops, glue is used in lieu of gum arabic, the former costing but a few cents per pound, and the latter about 40 cents. Verdigris, Tonka beans, Paris Green, chrome yellow, Berlin blue, aniline, and sublimate of mercury are all used, each of which is either a deadly poison, or very injurious to the system.

The common method of flavoring candies, in order to produce them economically, can be readily accounted for. Poisons are much cheaper than genuine extracts. Peach flavors in candy, almonds and sugar plums are obtained from fossil oil, which is very poisonous. The latter almond flavor is created from adulterated prussic acid, phosphoric acid is procured from very rotten cheese and nitric acid. Candies are made, purporting to be flavored with fruits from which no extracts can be obtained.

The limitations are as follows: Cheap candies are a means of dissipation in numberless households. The public can see by the above statement that something ought to be done to prevent such a vile fraud being practiced upon the community.

The citizens of Boston may rest assured that all our Confectioners are STRICTLY PURE and make of the best materials that can be procured, without regard to cost.

SOUTHMAID & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
102 Tremont Street, - Boston.

GEO. F. FOSDICK & CO.,
Successors to J. M. Grosvenor & Co.,

APOTHECARIES,

5 Wade Block.

In announcing the above change, the undersigned invite special attention to their superior and carefully selected stock of

STANDARD

MEDICINES

DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

EXTRACTS

Preparations, &c.,

Which will always be found,

Fresh, Pure and Reliable.

Whether manufactured to order, or selected from the market.

Physicians' Prescriptions

AND

FAMILY MEDICINES

Compounded with extra care, at all hours of the day and night. Mr. Fosdick will occupy the dwelling directly opposite the store.

We have also added quite largely to our stock of

FANCY GOODS

AND

Toilet Articles,

Comprising English, French, and American

HAIR, NAIL AND

TEETH BRUSHES,

COMBS,

PERFUMERY,

SOAPS,

POMADES,

HAIR OILS,

COLOGNES

Including Novelties in

Japanese Goods.

Constantly on hand a superior lot of

Fresh Herbs,

Warranted of extra purity and strength.

Perfect satisfaction guaranteed in every particular, and no efforts spared to make a first-class order Drug Store, and one worthy of public patronage and confidence.

The business will have the constant personal attention of Mr. FOSDICK, who has been connected with the store in this past.

GEORGE F. FOSDICK & CO.,
Woburn, October, 1869.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
Middlesex, ss. Probate Court. Whereas, William Winn, the Administrator of the estate of PHILIP B. HOLBERT, late of Woburn, in said County of Middlesex, deceased, has presented for allowance the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased, and has made application for a distribution of the balance

hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at said County in said County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said administrator is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively in the Middlesex County Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said court.

Witness, William A. Richardson, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-seventh day of January, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy.

3419 J. H. TYLER, Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.
To WILLIAM H. WHITEHEAD, in the County of Middlesex, and to any and all other persons claiming any interest in

About twenty-eight and one-half gallons of Whiskey, in one bottle, one keg, and one demijohn; About twenty-nine gallons of Rum, in one barrel, one keg and one demijohn;

About two and one-fourth gallons of Brandy, in two demijohns; About thirty-two gallons of Gin, in one barrel and two kegs;

INSURANCE!

The subscriber desires to call attention to the following

Old and Reliable Companies,

For which he is Agent. He is also prepared to

Insure Property of all kinds,

And to any amount, in all of the best American and English Companies represented in this Commonwealth. Persons desirous of obtaining insurance are invited to call and examine reports of the various companies.

Office No. 7 Wade Block,

Up Stairs, rear of P. L. Converse, Esq.'s office

Hours 8 to 9 A. M.; 1 to 5 P. M.

Woburn, Jan. 4, 1870.

Aetna Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital, \$3,000,000. Assets, \$5,500,000

Losses paid in 20 years over \$26,000,000.

J. GOODNOW, Sec. L. J. HENDIE, Pres.

B. T. H. PORTER, Ag't at Woburn

People's Company,

OF WORCESTER, MASS.

Capital, \$200,000. Assets, \$823,000.

HENRY CHAPIN, President.

AUG. N. CURRIER, Sec.

B. T. H. PORTER, Ag't at Woburn

Holyoke Mut. Fire Ins. Co.

OF SALEM.

Statement October 1, 1869:

Amount Insured, - - - - \$16,671,284.16

Cash Assets, - - - - 103,409.42

Stock Assets, - - - - 254,002.28

No extra hazardous property insured. Dividends of profits made to members. No losses unpaid.

AUGUSTUS SPERRY, President.

THOS. H. JOHNSON, Sec.

B. T. H. PORTER, Agent at Woburn.

Cambridge Mut. Fire Ins. Co.

BRIGHTON.

JOSIAH W. COOK, - - - - President.

J. A. SMITH, - - - - Secretary and Treasurer.

Pay 50 per cent dividend.

B. T. H. PORTER, Agent.

Citizens Mut. Fire Ins. Co.,

BRIGHTON.

E. C. SPARHAWK, - - - - President.

S. W. TROWBRIDGE, - - - - Secretary.

Pay 50 per cent dividend.

B. T. H. PORTER, Agent

E. O. SOLES'

NEW

Meat and Vegetable

MARKET,

On Main St., Woburn Center.

First Door South of Woburn Bookstore.

Keeps constantly on hand, the best quality and all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS

IN THEIR SEASON.

Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North Reading, Wakefield, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XIX : : No. 21.

WOBURN, MASS., SATURDAY FEBRUARY 12, 1870.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 5 CENTS

GEO. H. HUTCHINGS M. D.,

ECLECTIC

Physician and Surgeon,

Graduate of the Medical College of Philadelphia, and University of Medicine and Surgery of Pennsylvania; also, of the Eclectic Medical College of Cincinnati.

LUNGS, HUMORS, CANCERS, AND ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

Have been treated with unprecedented success by him for the last ten years.

Dr. H. has been successful in treating all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Spitting of Blood, Croup, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing, Night Sweats, Wasting of the Flesh, that all who are suffering from any of these symptoms will do well to give him an early call. All diseases of the Stomach and Liver, such as Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Indigestion, Constipation, and these symptoms readily yield to his new modes of treatment.

Skin Diseases and Humors.

Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, &c., he eradicates from the blood, and are not left to poison the whole system. Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Lame-ness, from whatever cause, are treated with success by him.

CATARH.

Which if not arrested is sure to lead to consumption, is quickly and permanently cured by his popular remedies. Particular attention paid to all diseases of Women and Children. All remedial agents for the cure of diseases chosen from the vegetable kingdom.

Office and Residence Main Street,
(Opposite the High School.)

Office hours—12 M. to 2 P. M.; 5 to 9 P. M.

HENSHAW & Co.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

Cast Steel Saws,

CURRIERS' BLADES, LINING AND STIP-
PING KNIVES.

Slickers, Scrapers and Springs.

All orders promptly attended to at their Mill in East Woburn, or at their Store 31 Exchange Street, Boston 2, Boston.

The highest price, a Silver Medal, was awarded to them, for their display of Saws, &c., at the exhibition of the Massachusetts Mechanics' Association in 1869.

F. J. BANCROFT,

Organ, Piano Forte and Melodion

Tuner and Repairer,

At Oliver Ditson's Music Store, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

Orders left at Horton's Bookstore in Woburn, and at the Post Office in Stoneham, will be promptly attended to.

CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

My friends, make your home beautiful.

How shall we do it?

Why, buy one of those unrivalled **HURDETT**

CELESTE ORGANS.

Where can they be found?

Found in every variety of style at

JOHN C. HAYNES & CO.,

33 COURT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PETER KENNEY,

Dealer in

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS.

First Door South the Post Office,

WOBURN, MASS.

A large and fresh assortment of Ladies', Gents', Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of every description. Rubbers and Rubber Boots selling at the lowest prices.

P. KENNEY.

Woburn, Dec. 1st, 1869.

A. E. THOMPSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

DRY GOODS,

Woolens and Small Wares,

West India Goods, Flour

AND GRAIN.

Grocery and Glass Ware, Paper Hangings, Paints,

AND NO. 3 WADE BLOCK,

A. E. THOMPSON, WOBURN

J. C. OSGOOD,

33 Winter Street, - Boston,

Dealers in

DRESS, CLOAK AND MANTILLA

TRIMMINGS,

Of all kinds.

Buttons, Braid & Thread Store Goods,

French and German Corsets.

Of German Corsets we have a nice article, sixteen bones, for \$1.00.

We are constantly receiving the new styles of

TRIMMINGS

As they come out, and will sell them at the lowest market prices.

Neptune House

CHELSEA BEACH.

Game and Fish Suppers.

JOSEPH NASON, Proprietor.

227 Essex Street and Rooms secured by address-
ing No. 10 Chelsea St. O.

THOMAS R. CORBETT

CARPENTER AND BUILDER.

(Late of the firm of De Loria & Corbett), would respectfully inform his friends in Woburn and vicinity that he has not retired from business, but proposes to continue the business as heretofore, and is grateful for favors in the past, he hopes to merit a continuance of public confidence and patronage.

A. B. COFFIN,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.

Entrance from Court Square and 22 School St.

The Holly-Tree.

O reader! hast thou ever stood to see
The Holly-Tree?
The eye that contemplates it well, perceives
Ordered by an intelligence so wise,
As might confound the atheist's sophistries.

Below, a circling fence, its leaves are seen
Wrinkled and keen;
No grazing cattle, through their prickly round,
Can reach to wound;
But as they grow where nothing is to fear,
Smooth and unmarred the polished leaves appear.

I love to view these things with curious eyes,
And murmur:
And in this wondrous way of the Holly-Tree
Can emblemize
Wholesome, perseverance, to make a pleasant rhyme.
One which may profit in the after-time.

Thus, though I read, perchance I might appear
Harsh and austere—
To those who on my leisure would intrude,
I reserve and rule.
Glad at home and my friends I'd be,
Take the high leaves upon the Holly-Tree.

And should my youth, as youth is apt I know
Some hardness show,
All vain regrets I lay by day,
I would wear away
The thoughtless throng.
So would I seem, and the young and gay,
More grave than they.

That in my age as cheerful I might be
Like the high leaves upon the Holly-Tree.
And should my youth appear among
The thoughtless throng,
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What a Congregationalist can say

of the Church and the Prayer Book.

The Rev. Dr. Thomas K. Beecher, of
Elmira, N. Y., lately delivered an ad-
dress in that city upon the Protestant
Episcopal Church. We take the follow-
ing from a full report in the local paper:

Let another man praise thee, not thine own
mouth; a stranger, and not thine own lips.—Prov.
xxvii. 2.

If any man, however deserving, begins to show
off and brag, speaking of his past record
and public services, he makes himself offensive.

But when a general gives credit to his brother
generals, and ascribes victory to their wisdom and
policy of the army, then all are pleased. Such
words are twice useful—they profit him that
speaks, and them of whom they are spoken.

In something the same way, we are offended
when we hear read the words which churches
speak, in praise of their own church or de-
no-mination. They are twice useful, however.

They promote vain glory at home and
ill-will abroad.

But it has seemed to me that Christian pastors
and preachers ought to be careful not to
note and praise the beauty of our sister churches
more, and silence our own blemishes, there
ought to come to us among Christian people a
smiling charity and peaceful rejoicing.

I invite you, therefore, this evening, to view
the beauty, the uses, and the truth that along
to those Christians among us who are popularly
called

EPISCOPALIANS.

In this city there are four kinds of churches
that have bishops, and therefore may call them-
selves Episcopal.

Roman Episcopal.
Protestant Episcopal.
Methodist Episcopal.
American Methodist Episcopal Zion.

But only one of these is generally known as
the Episcopal Church, viz: the P. E. Church, re-
presented in this city by two parishes and a mission.

This Episcopal Church in America is in fact a
continuation of the Church of England. As
gardeners lay down a branch of a vine and stake
it fast and cover it till it takes root, and then
cut it off and leave it to grow by its own roots,
so the Episcopal Church in this land was a branch
of the Church of England and does not grow
rooted; and by our revolutionary war, was cut
out of its old home and set to grow by its own
roots.

The Church in America differs from the Church
of England in those matters which are of cer-
tainly not of great importance, but which have
been changed because these States
ceased to be colonies and became a nation with
differing political constitutions.

The American churchman, too, the Athanasian
Creed, which is long and true, but has a
dry and funny tattle to it that makes irreverent
people smile.

Of all Protestant churches the Episcopal best
deserves the name Reformed. She preserves so
many of the usages and excellencies of the Ro-
man church, and so few of her errors that it is
quite easy to perceive that she is a reformed
church. All other Protestant churches seem
revolutionary rather than reformed.

The reformation in England was more than
two hundred years long. There were no violent
convulsions; no one brilliant Fourth of July
day in which the great reform was proclaimed.
Nor was the reformation purely and disinter-
estedly religious.

After giving an epitome of its history, which
is a tedious and uninteresting task, he said that
England came down to reign the Church of
England came down, acquiring little by little her
present shape, and laying off the corruption and
anachronism of the Roman Church as she came
down to reign the Church of England.

The Prayer Book may be called substantially
complete as we now have it, in the seventeenth
century (1662). Thus this reformed Church of
England filled up nearly three hundred years
of her history of purifying and simplifying, and
all of Protestant Churches, therefore, she best
deserves the name, Reformed.

In this country, the first parish of this Church
was probably that in Jamestown, Virginia, 1606.
Down to the year 1620, the Church of England
in this land was under the care of the bishops of
London.

Shortly after the revolution an application was
made to Parliament to allow the American Church
to be consecrated. But the Puritans and
Presbyterians opposed the proposition, and so Mr.
Seabury, the candidate, had to put up with sec-
arate consecration at the hands of certain
Scottish bishops. But at last, in 1787, Parliament
allowed the Archbishop of Canterbury to consecrate
three regular, diocesan bishops, one for New
York, one for Pennsylvania and one for Virginia
respectively. Since then the holy union has not been al-
lowed to fail. With pious care it has been pro-
pagated. And the Episcopal Church in these
United States stands today as truly and regularly
in the line of Apostolic succession as the
Church of England herself.

After this more outline of her history it re-
mains that I note some of her excellent uses and
beauties.

1. The Episcopal Church offers for our use the
most venerable liturgy in the English tongue.
The devotional treasures of the Roman Catholic
Church are embalmed and buried in Latin. In
English, we have no *Lessons*, *Gospels*, *Church
Collects*, *Confessions*, *Thanksgivings*, *Prayers*—
in one word, no religious Form Book of the Episco-
pal Church in the two-fold quality of richness
and age.

The proper name, because truly descriptive,
for this Church, would be Church of the Prayer
Book. As is the way with all other Churches in
this country, the Church of the Prayer Book has
many things to say about the church and her
perogative. But the pious multitude that
frequents her courts are drawn chiefly by the
love of the prayers and praises, the litanies and
lessons of the Prayer Book.

And, brethren of every name, I certify you
that rarely has any Church in this country
spoken in English, that is not indebted to the
Prayer Book for some of its choicest prayers.

And further: I doubt whether there is a store
for any of you as high or as low as I am, in
this sort ever comes in the Episcopal Church.
All things are done and spoken decently and in
order.

And as, too, of permanence and its accumulat-
ing worth of holy association—no transient ser-
vice can adequately value this treasure of a
birthright churchman.

To be using today the self-same words that
have through the centuries declared the faith of
made known the prayer that might multitude,
here, the Churchman, at the hands of certain
Scottish bishops. But at last, in 1787, Parliament
allowed the Archbishop of Canterbury to consecrate
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Getting into a passion is a good deal like getting into a barberry bush. The bush comes out all right, but you don't. The average crop of potatoes in Maine the past season was about 75 bushels per acre, one-third of which have decayed, so as to be worthless.

Wohnen

The king of snow storms, so far, visited us last Tuesday, howling and shrieking through the air, and blinding every unfortunate traveller by its furious smothering.

Fourteen horses were burned to death in Lawrence, Mass., on Sunday morning; loss, \$4000.—Insured for \$1500.—Philip Hebard, of Quiddick, Rhode Island, is at the head of a weighty household. He weighs 225 pounds and his wife 150. Fifteen children have been the result of the marriage, the youngest being eleven years of age, weighing 100 pounds, and the oldest thirty-nine years of age, weighing 237 pounds.

It is expected that the British iron-clad Monarch, will pay a visit to Boston before her departure for home.

San Francisco sailors demur at cruising with a freight of dead Chinamen on board.

The subject of incorporating the Knights of St. Crispin is again before the Legislature,

The whole number of marriages solemnized in Cambridge during the year 1896 was 446. The population during the same time increased by births 1197, and was reduced by deaths 686. The average weekly mortality was but a fraction over 13, while the birth rate was nearly double, or an average of 23 and a small fraction. The whole number of persons arrested by the police in January was 133.

up a lamp post on Pleasant street, and start a subscription paper to buy tallow candles to light this straight but narrow way, now so dark and gloomy by night that it is well called a second "bridge of sighs." Who but a railroad director believes that, if single tickets could be bought for twelve and a half cents apiece, and season tickets for twelve and a half dollars a quarter, the receipts of the road would be no larger than at present rates? How much oftener would men, and members of their families visit the city if they could, and return for twenty-five instead of forty cents. The road

them and said liquor, and the vessels containing them, and for trial and to show evidence, if any were, why said liquors and the vessels containing them, should not be forfeited for being kept for sale as said Andrew McHugh, in violation of the laws of this Commonwealth.

Witness my hand and seal, at Woburn, in said County, this fifth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

P. L. CONVERSE, Trial Justice.

A true copy. Attest:

JOHN E. TILD, Deputy State Constable.

The JOURNAL is for sale at the following places:
S. HORTON, periodical dealer, Main street.
C. S. ADAMS, periodical dealer, Main street.
NICHOLAS & LINSWORTH, grocers, North Woburn.

Song for Valentine's Day.

For Valentine's Day we'll all hurrah,
Right happy we will be.
Distribute our presents near and far,
And cheer for liberty.
Our comic pictures will display,
To the homeliest maid we'll send
The queerest story that we can find,
The girl with the Grecian bend.
To the gentleman we'll give good advice,
And tell them what to do.
On Valentine's Day our hearts are all
His clothing is rich and new.
Please believe what I say if clothing you want,
Whether coats, pants or vest,
You'll find at twenty-five Dime Square
The cheapest and the best.

A collection of twenty-five pins, very well made, has just been placed in the Louvre. They were found in the subterranean vaults of Thebes, and were made more than three thousand years ago, showing that the modern invention is only a reinvention.

The United States Supreme Court has found the legal tender act to be constitutional.

A niece of Wade Hampton is teaching "the untutored mind" of a schoolhouse of paper on the upper Michigan peninsula.

The matrimonial engagement of Gen. Beauregard to Mrs. Hays of New Orleans, is announced.

Our devil has improved on Poor Richard's wise saws. For instance:
He who by his wit would rise,
Must either bust or advertise.

Some medical men say the shock of a large dose of alcohol on the nervous system acts like a blow on the head, or a kick in the stomach. Erasmic acid is not more healthy.

General Sherman's daughter is one of the reigning belles at Washington this winter.

Victoria's son Prince Alfred, arrived in Boston Saturday afternoon, and attended the funeral of George Peck, Tuesday.

Mrs. Dahlgren, wife of Admiral Dahlgren, has started a movement for anti-apposition to the Woman Suffrage party. Mrs. Sherman, wife of Gen. Sherman, and a number of ladies besides, support the anti-woman suffrage idea.

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat
Requires immediate attention, as neglect often results in an incurable chronic cough.

Brown's Bronchial Troches
Are the only remedy for Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases. They have a soothing effect on the inflamed membrane, and strengthen the voice.

Owing to the good reputation and popularity of the Troches, many worthless and cheap imitations have been offered, which are good for nothing. Be sure to obtain the true.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.
SOLD EVERYWHERE. 25page

Married
At Wakefield, Feb. 6, by Rev. W. H. Fitzpatrick, Cornelius Hanson and Catherine Kirk, both of Wakefield.

Dead.
In Woburn, Feb. 9th, Mrs. M. G. Wheeler, aged 62 years. In the North Congregational church, aged 62 years. Burial on Saturday at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the home, North Woburn. Relatives and friends are invited.

In Woburn, Feb. 7th, Grace E. Merrill, aged 8 months. In Woburn, Feb. 9th, Mary B. Carter, aged 11 months. In Woburn, Feb. 9th, John Wickham, 10 years. In Woburn, Feb. 9th, Rebecca S. Smith, 2 years 5 months. In Woburn, Feb. 9th, daughter of William C. and Ella B. Sprague, 12 years 5 months.

Historical Lectures.
REV. JOHN LOED, D. D.
The fourth lecture of the course will be delivered on Tuesday Evening, Feb. 15th, 1870.

JOHN G. COLE & CO.,
Painters & Glaziers,
Have removed their place of business to the new two-story building on

Bennett Street,
opposite the First Congregational Church.

Paper Hanging, White-washing and
Coloring done in the best manner.

Also, Graining and Marbling.
Sashes and Blinds of every description
furnished, and painted to order.

PAINTS, OIL and GLASS,
of the best quality constantly on hand.
Woburn, March 28, 1865.

WILL ALL THOSE AFFLICTED WITH
COUGH OR CONSUMPTION
Read the following and learn the value of
ALLEN'S LUNG BALM.

DR. LEVY, of Ohio, Surgeon in the Army during the war, from exposure contracted consumption. He says: "I have no hesitancy in stating that I was cured by the use of Allen's Lung Balm. I am now alive and enjoying health."

DR. FLETCHER, of Missouri, says: "I recommend your Balm in preference to all other medicine for Coughs, and it gives satisfaction." Allen's Lung Balm is the remedy to cure all Lung and Throat difficulties. It should be thoroughly tested before using any other Balm. It will cure whooping cough, croup, and all other ailments. Directions accompany each bottle.

J. N. HARRIS & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
CINCINNATI, O.

Sold by all Druggists.
PERRY DAVIS & SON,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

General Agents.
4120

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HAIR WORK

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Solid Silver Ware

Made to order, at less than Boston prices. You can
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AMERICAN WATCHES
AT DODGE'S.

AT LOW PRICES.

Howard Watches,
Waltham Watches,
Elgin Watches

A good assortment always on hand, in gold and silver cases.

New Advertisements.

(EST. ESTABLISHED 1870.)

WELSH & GRIFFITH,
Saws! Axes! Axes!
SAVING all kinds of timber, including
and MILL, PUMPS, and all kinds of
with Saw Teeth, or with PATENT
POTTS, Superior to all other Tools.
Send for Price List and Terms.
WELSH & GRIFFITH,
Boston, Mass., or Detroit, Mich.

THE NEW YORK METHODIST
Publishes a series of sermons for the family,
and a series of sermons for the family,
with the Little Folks, Editorials by the best Methodist
writers and others. Foreign and domestic Correspondence,
and all the news of the day. Sent by mail, or by
year. Liberal remittance to canvassers. Yearly
subscriptions commence at any time. For special
rates, send a two-cent stamp to
THE METHODIST, 11 Nassau St., N. Y.

SHERMAN HOUSE, BOSTON.
Formerly Hancock House, Court Square.
KEPT ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
Rooms, One Dollar per day for each person.
This House now stands among the first Hotels in
Boston, having been lately renovated and put
in perfect order. RAINY HILL, Proprietor.

WOODS' HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE—Price \$1;
The Spinning Wheel, Price \$1; both one year for
one dollar. Send for the Spinning Wheel, South-
hold, L. I. N. Y. Don't delay! Now is the time.

GOLDEN SHEAVES—Money made easy
Men or women everywhere. Address Zeigler,
McFarland & Co., Springfield, Massachusetts.

Savage's Urina,
FOR THE HAIR.
Has a wide-spread reputation for restoring the
color of the hair, and for promoting its growth.
It is sold in every bottle of Toilet Soap.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Osteo—None is genuine without the BROWN
BARK Label and the signature "Alfred Savage"
round the neck.

A SAFE,
CERTAIN,
AND
Speedy Cure
FOR
NEURALGIA,
AND ALL
NERVOUS
DISEASES.

Its Effects are
Magical.
An UNFAILING REMEDY for NEURALGIA
FACIALIS, often offering a perfect cure in a single
day. No form of Nervous Disease fails to yield
to its wonderful power. It is the most certain
remedy for Chronic Neuralgia, affecting the entire
system, in a few days affords the most astonishing
relief, and rarely fails to produce a complete and
permanent cure. It contains no materials in the
slightest degree injurious to health, and is the
highest approval of the best physicians. Thousands,
in every part of the country, gratefully acknowledge
its power to soothe the tortured nerves, and re-
store the failing strength.

Sent by mail on receipt of price and postage.
One package - \$1.00 Postage 2 cents.
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GEO. F. FOSDICK & CO.,

Successors to J. M. Grosvenor & Co.,

Pharmacians,
5 Wade Block.

In announcing the above change, the undersigned
invite special attention to their superior and care-
fully selected stock of

STANDARD
MEDICINES
DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
EXTRACTS

Preparations, &c.,
Fresh, Pure and Reliable,
Whether manufactured to order, or selected from
the market.

Physicians' Prescriptions
AND
FAMILY MEDICINES

Compounded with extra care, at all hours of the
day and night. Mr. FOSDICK will occupy the dwelling
directly opposite the store.

We have also added quite largely to our stock of
FANCY GOODS

AND
Toilet Articles,
Including English, French, and American
HAIR, NAIL and
TEETH BRUSHES,
COMBS,
PERFUMERY,
SOAP,
POMADES,
HAIR OILS,
COLOGNES

Including Novelties in
Japanese Goods.

Constantly on hand a superior lot of
Fresh Herbs,
Warranted of extra purity and strength.
Perfect satisfaction guaranteed in every particu-
lar, and no efforts spared to make this a first-class
order Drug Store, and one worthy of public patron-
age and confidence.

The business will have the constant personal at-
tention of Mr. FOSDICK, who has been connected
with the store in time past.

GEORGE F. FOSDICK & CO.,
Woburn, October, 1869.

SUGARED DEATH.
The Fate that awaits those who
Eat cheap Candy—The Poison
Used. Some singular State-
ments.

From the N. Y. Sun, Jan. 4, 1870.
The publication of candies in New York has be-
come of late years alarming, and in order to pro-
tect the public, the State Legislature has passed an
act, which is now in force, requiring all candy ad-
vertised to be of pure ingredients, and to be so
labeled as to show the ingredients. This is a
very wise and necessary measure, and one which
the public should be made acquainted with. The
candy which is sold in New York, and which is
advertised, is of pure ingredients, and is so
labeled as to show the ingredients. This is a
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THE FATE THAT AWAITS THOSE WHO
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EAT CHEAP CANDY—THE POISON
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MENTS.

The Child of the Period.

"Now papa, tell me a story,
Of the kind I love so well,
Came the time of my little daughter,
My darling, bright-eyed Nell.
"Come to me then, my pretty,
And tell me what shall I do,
And with a laugh like a merry tinkle,
She bounded upon my knee.
And I told her of "Old Mother Mercy,"
And sang her a "Song of Sixpence,"
And sang her a "Bag of Nails,"
And sang her a "Jacky Horner," too.
I sang her a "Song of Sixpence,"
And sang her a "Bag of Nails,"
And sang her a "Jacky Horner," too.
So then I told her the story
Of the boy who in little life
Chopped up his mother, and frightened
His young sister into fits.
And how on the broad Atlantic,
When the angry tempest roared,
He slaughtered the crew and captain,
And pitched them overboard.
And how he became a pirate
Upon the Spanish main—
And she clasped her little innocent hands
And asked me to tell it again.

Remember Christ loved his people
before they began to sin, but not in
the dark. He knew exactly everything they
would think, or do, or be; and if he re-
solved to love them at all, you may rest
assured he never will change in that love,
since nothing fresh can ever occur to his
divine mind. Had he begun to love us,
and we had deceived and disappointed him,
he might have turned us out of doors, but
he knew right well that we should revolt,
that we should backslide, that we should
provoke him to jealousy; he loved us know-
ing all this, and therefore it is that his
love abides and endures, and shall even
remain faithful to the end.
—Spurgeon.

If woman suffrage prevails the
majority of females over males in New
York State will be three hundred
thousand, in Massachusetts fifty thousand,
and in all the Eastern States in proportion.
It would be petticoat govern-
ment in the Northern States, pantalo-
on government in the Western and
Pacific States, and a sort of mixed mess
in the South, which for want of a better
designation, we may call Bloomer govern-
ment.

GOOD HEALTH.—This magazine, de-
voted to physical and mental culture, is
well fulfilling its mission, "the improve-
ment of human health and the lengthen-
ing of human life." The February
number has been issued, as usual, ably
treating of topics within its scope.
Good health is worthy a place in every
household. Published by Alexander
Moore, Boston.

A good heart is indispensably neces-
sary to the knowledge of truth; he who
feels nothing, can learn nothing.

Signs of the Zodiac. A philosopher in the
West, upon admiration of the Cherry Pect-
oral, writes Dr. Ayer for instructions under which
he shall be healed, which, blisters, and which
comfets, and under which he will take Ayer's
Pills for an affection of the liver also under which
sign his wife should continue to take the Sarsa-
parilla for her ailment. He adds that he already
knows to wear his calves under Taurus, change
his sign in Scorpio, but in Aries, and sink
his feet in Pisces or Aquarius as their condition re-
quires.
Schoolmasters, start for Wisconsin, and visit Mr.
Ham when you get there.—Lancet, London.

It is now generally admitted by honest physicians
that when the consumption is fairly fastened
upon the lungs, no human power can save the patient
from death. They also say that about fifty per cent.
of those who die from this disease can trace the
cause to a neglected cough, or cold, which might
have been cured by a small bottle of Ayer's
Cough Syrup, or what is the same thing, Johnson's
Asthma Linctus.

On this notice out and bring it with you. We are
authorized to refund the cash to any person or per-
sons who shall buy and use Ayer's Sarsaparilla and
all of relief and satisfaction.

Dyspepsia is a Hydra-headed monster from which
nearly all the human flesh is torn to originate.
The Pectoral Syrup, a protracted solution of the
problem of long and short and well established
remedy for this distressing complaint, it has cured
thousands when other remedies have failed.

Look! Look!

NEW SHOP,
On Main, opposite Union St.

And shall keep constantly on hand a good assort-
ment of

HARNESSES,
TRUNKS,

Valises, Whips, &c.,

And would invite all to call and see me before pur-
chasing elsewhere.

Jobbing Done at Short Notice.

CARRIAGE TRIMMING

Done with neatness and dispatch.

E. G. BERRY.

House Painter, Grainer,
AND GLAZIER.

ALL KINDS OF COLORS MIXED, PAINTS,
PUTTY AND GLASS ON HAND AND

Blinds furnished, Painted and Hung to order.
Shop at Rear of M. E. Church, Walnut
Street, Woburn Centre.

J. O'CONNELL, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office Hours: 7 to 10 A. M., 1 to 3 P. M. and 7 to 9 P. M.
Woburn Centre.
North Woburn Street Railroad
On and after FRIDAY, Oct. 1st, 1890.
CARS will leave North Woburn at 6:15, 7:10, 8:25,
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Middlesex County Herald.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North Reading, Wakefield, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XIX : No. 22.

WOBURN, MASS., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1870.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPIES 5 CENTS

YOU ALL
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,
Prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia. Their
introduction into this country from Germany occurred in
1826.

They Cured Your Fathers and Mothers,
and will cure you and your children. They are
entirely different from any other preparations now in
the country called Bitters or Tonic. They are not
tavern preparations, nor are they the cheap, low
quality, unreliable medicines. They are

III
The great known remedies for
Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia,
Nervous Debility, Jaundice,
Diseases of the Kidneys,
ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN,
and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver,
Stomach, or
IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

Consumption, Pile, Hemorrhoids, Dropsy, Yellow
Bile, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Dropsy, Dropsy,
Blood in the Urine, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea,
Heartburn, Indigestion, Flatulency, and all
Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations,
Sinking or Floating at the
Stomach, Headache, Dizziness, Dropsy, Dropsy,
Head, Harsh or Difficult Breathing, Flatulency
at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensation
in the Throat.

It is a well known fact that the Liver is the
source of all the blood in the body. It is the
great purifier of the blood, and it is the
source of all the life in the body. If the Liver
is diseased, the blood is impure, and the life
is short. Hoofland's German Bitters and
Tonic are the great remedies for all Liver
diseases, and they are the great purifiers of
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GEO. H. HUTCHINGS M. D.,

ECLECTIC

Physician and Surgeon,

Graduate of the Medical College of Philadelphia,
and of the University of Medicine and Surgery
of Pennsylvania; also, of the Eclectic
Medical College of Cincinnati.

LUNGS, HUMORS, CANCERS, AND

ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

Have been treated with unprecedented success by
him for the last ten years.

Dr. H. has been so successful in treating all diseases
of the Lungs, such as Spitting of Blood, Coughs,
Asthma, Pleurisy, Bronchitis, Night Sweats, Wasting of the
Flesh, that all who are suffering from any of these
symptoms will do well to give him an early call. All
diseases of the Stomach and Liver, such as Dyspepsia,
Indigestion, Constipation, and all other symptoms
readily yield to his modes of treatment.

Skin Diseases and Humors.

Salt Rheum, Scalds, Erysipelas, &c., he cures
with the most perfect success. He is not left to poison
the system, but he cures the disease, and the patient
is left in perfect health.

CATARH.

Which if not arrested is sure to lead to consumption,
and is quickly and permanently cured by his popular
remedies.

Particular attention paid to all diseases of Women
and Children.

All remedies used for the cure of diseases chosen
from the vegetable kingdom.

Office and Residence Main Street,

(Opposite the High School.)

Office hours—12 M. to 2 P. M.; 5 to 9 P. M.

HENSHAW & Co.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

Cast Steel Saws,

CURRIERS' BLADES, LINING AND STIP-
PING KNIVES.

Slickers, Scrapers and Springs.

All orders promptly attended to at their Mill in
East Woburn, or at their Store at Exchange Street,
Room 2, Boston.

The highest prize, a Silver Medal, was awarded to
them, for their display of Saws, &c., at the exhibition
of the Massachusetts Mechanics' Association, in 1867.

F. J. BANCROFT,

Organ, Piano Forte and Melodion

Tuner and Repairer,

At Oliver Dunsen's Music Store, 277 Washington
Street, Boston.

Orders left at Horton's Bookstore in Woburn, and
at the Post Office in Stoneham, will be promptly
attended to.

CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

My friends, make your home beautiful.

How shall we do it?

Why, buy one of those unrivalled **BERDETT**
CELESTINE ORGANS.

Where can they be found?

In every variety of style at

JOHN C. HAYNES & CO.,

33 COURT STREET, - BOSTON, MASS.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PETER KENNEY,

Dealer in

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS.

First Door South the Post Office,

WOBURN, MASS.

A large and fresh assortment of Ladies', Gents',
Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of
every description. Rubbers and Rubber Boots
selling at the lowest prices. P. KENNEY, 11

Woburn, Dec. 14, 1869.

A. E. THOMPSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

DRY GOODS,

Woolens and Small Wares,

West India Goods, Flour

AND GRAIN.

Grackery and Glass Ware, Paper Hangings, Paints,
Oils, &c. A. E. THOMPSON, 11

WOBURN.

J. C. OSGOOD,

33 Winter Street, - Boston.

Dealers in

DRESS, CLOAK AND MANTILLA

TRIMMINGS,

Of all kinds.

Buttons, Braid & Thread Store Goods,

French and German Corsets.

Of German Corsets we have a nice article, sixteen
bones, for \$1.00.

We are constantly receiving the new styles of

TRIMMINGS

As they come out, and will sell them at the lowest
market price.

Neptune House

CHELSEA BEACH.

Game and Fish Suppers.

JOSEPH NASON, Proprietor.

229 Danvers Hall and Rooms secured by address-
ing No. Chelsea F. O.

THOMAS R. CORBETT

CARPENTER AND BUILDER.

(Late of the firm of De Loria & Corbett.) would
respectfully inform his friends in Woburn and vicinity
that he has not retired from business, but
proposes to continue the business as formerly.
Grateful for favors in the past, he hopes to merit a
continuance of public confidence and patronage. 23

A. B. COFFIN,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.

Residence from Court Square and 33 School.

Telling Fortunes.

BY ALICE CARY.

"Do not among children, among riotous
crowds of ill-doers, for the drunkard and the glutton shall
come to poverty, and howlous shall clothe a man
in rags."—Proverbs, 23: 20, 21.

I'll tell you two fortunes, my fine little lad,
For you to accept or refuse.

The one of them good, the other one bad;
Now hear them and say which you choose.

I see by my gifts, within reach of your hand,
A fortune right fair to be had.

A house and a hundred good acres of land
With harvest fields yellow as gold.

I see a great orchard, the boughs hanging down
With apples, russet and red.

I see droves of cattle, some white and some
brown.

But all of them sleek and well fed.

I see droves of swallows about the barn door
See the fanning mill whirling so fast.

I see them thrashing wheat on the floor—
And now the bright picture has past!

And I see rising dimly up in the place
Of the beautiful house and the land,
A man with a fire-red nose on his face,
And a little brown jug in his hand!

Oh, if you believed him, my lad, you would wish
That he were less wretched to see.

For his foot treads like a mill, and his mouth
Is a little brown jug in his hand.

And his trousers are out at the knee!

In walking he staggers, now this way, now that.
And his eyes are staring out like a bug's.

And he wears an old coat and a battered hat,
And I think that the fact is the jug's.

For the text says that the drunkard shall come to
poor.

And that trowless clothes men in rags,
And he doesn't look much like a man, I am sure.

And your shoes like the mouth of a fish?

Now which will you have? To be thrifty and
sing.

And to be right side up with your dish;
Or go with your eyes like the eyes of a bug?

And your shoes like the mouth of a fish?

Guesses at Truth.

Languages are the barometers of
national thought and character. Horne
Tooke, in attempting to fix the quick-
silver for his own metaphysical ends
acted much like a little playfellow of
mine, at the first school I was at, who
screwed the master's weatherglass up to
fair, to make sure of a fine day for a
holiday.

Half the failures in life arise from
pulling in one's horse as he is leaping.

The most mischievous liars are those
who keep silence on the verge of truth.

Poverty breeds wealth; and wealth
in its turn breeds poverty. The earth, to
form the mound, is taken out of the
ditch; and whatever may be the height
of the one, will be the depth of the other.

Pliny speaks of certain animals that
will fatten on smoke. How lucky would
it be for sundry eloquent statesmen, if
they could get men to do so.

The great cry with everybody is, *Get
on! Get on!* just as if the world were
traveling post. How astonished people will
be, when they arrive in Heaven, to find
the angels, who are so much wiser, lay-
ing no schemes to be made angels.

A good feature in Washington society
this winter is the number of wives and
daughters with their Congressmen hus-
bands. The number of members this
winter accompanied this winter is said to be
150, twice as many as heretofore. This
is a good feature, because the tempta-
tions are great to a Congressman who
has no house, no home, no society, no
companionship, without his family.

There is no place so cheerless as this to
a Congressman, who has nothing to do;
and as not one-third of the members
really take any live interest in Congress-
ional business, it can be imagined how
stupid must be their leisure
hours, without their families. Some,
thus homeless and houseless, read novels;
others go to the theatres; and some, it is
feared, go to the bad.

LUCK AND LABOR.—Many people
complain of their bad luck when they
ought to blame their own want of wisdom
and action. Mr. Cobden, a distinguished
writer, in England, thus wrote about
luck and labor:

Luck is everything waiting for some-
thing to turn up.

Labor, with keen eyes and strong will,
will turn up something.

Luck lies in bed, and wishes the post-
man would bring him the news of a lega-
cy.

Labor turns out at six o'clock, and with
busy pen or ringing hammer, lays the
foundation of a competence.

Luck whines.

Labor whistles.

Luck relies on chances.

Labor on character.

Luck slips down to indigence.

Labor strides upward to independence.

It is said that some Washington ladies
are "organizing" in opposition to the
woman suffrage movement. What's the
use when almost every well regulated
family in the land is organized against
that movement? The true and modest
women do not want to vote, and the
strong-minded and "brash" cannot "force
the ballot" upon them.

A man, who declared he had been
commissioned by God to save the city of
Washington, called on General Sherman
the other day and assessed him twenty-
five cents to defray expenses. The
money was paid and the city was saved.

The handsomest woman in Norwich
was burned to a cinder the other day.
She resided in a millinery shop and was
made of wax.

A schoolboy's jest—One swallow does
not make a summer; but a crooked pin
often makes a spring.

Early Times.

NEW YEAR'S DAY OF 1791.

MASSAGE OF BIG BOTTOM.

Dear, oh, me! How soundly I did
sleep that night, in Widow Newton's
great feather-bed, that almost touched
the rafters when shaken up light.

No hen-fathers there, I can tell you.
And you should have seen her flock of
geese! White as snow and numerous
beyond counting, swimming on the pond
or leading their broods of green gos-
lings through the low June grasses—

But there! Off I go, when you want
to hear about the massacre.

When they wakened me it was almost
sunrise. People who let the glorious
old sun get up first were called lazy
when I was little; but this morning I
was so tired that the breakfast was all
on the table before I was dressed.

"Can't you stay till noon?" asked Mrs.
Newton at breakfast. "It's only ten
miles, and Reuben and I will get up the
critters," (meaning the horses), "and see
you safely over the hill. It's an awful
lonely ride; but we've kind of got used
to it."

Mother thought we could not tarry
longer, and it was decided that they
should go part of the way with us, and
the story to be told as we rode over the
hill. I was disappointed; but then, as
now, little folks had to be put off some-
times.

While we were eating breakfast, Sallie
who had milked the cows that morning,
down in the creek-meadow, brought me
a whole nestful of quail's eggs boiled.

She said they were as fresh as could be,
for she knew just when the old bird laid
the first one, and she had watched her
ever since; and now there were seven-
teen, and she had brought them to me.

Seventeen pretty quail's eggs! If you
never ate any, you don't know how good
they were.

I thought our folks would never start,
and became impatient as I could be.
But at last they did. The sun was about
an hour high. They had no clocks in
those days, and knew the hours by the
sunshine on the front-door creeping on
from mark to mark.

As soon as we were fairly on our way,
all on horseback, Mrs. Newton began:

"It was the first day of January,
1791, and almost as mild and pleasant as
a May day; but it had been awfully
cold just before, and the river was frozen
over and the ground on the hills was
still covered with snow. Down in the
valleys there had been a sudden thaw;
and, as the men folks did not care about
working much in such weather, they had
concluded to make a day of it and en-
joy themselves.

"They had trapped and killed a sight
of game during the freeze, and I reckon
there was never a better cook than Jane
Meek. They told her she must get them
up a supper, a real feast, for the first
New Year's day in the wilderness.

"Jane Meek was the only woman in the
block-house; but she was a live
woman, I can tell you. None of your
faint-hearted, weak, proud ones, that
faint at the sight of a snake and turn
pale at the screech of a loon. Women had
to be women then; and Jane Meek was
a woman. She was right good-looking,
too; and a warmer, truer heart than hers
never beat. Sometimes we thought she
was too sensitive about her boy, six
months old. How she did love him! Meek
wasn't what you would call a tender
man; and her boy was about all she
had to love, seemingly.

"Meek liked better to track wolves
and trap bears than to make company
for a woman; and many a night she
had passed, with only her boy in his sugar-
trough cradle to cheer her, while her
husband was away on a scout.

"But I was going to tell you about
that—

The widow choked as though the
very thought of it sent a pain to her
heart.

"Father had gone to Marietta a day
or two before. He told the boys, before
he started, that they were to be careful.
Said they must keep their rifles in bet-
ter order, their powder and bullets ready
and be on the lookout, for there were
Indians about; and, as they'd had a
taste of blood in Virginia, there was no
trusting them. They might come upon
us at any minute. He had been a pri-
soner with them four years and knew all
their ways.

"Keep your doors shut nights, boys,
he said; 'put out your lights early, and
keep a watch.'"

"But our men thought he was too easily
scared; that the tribes never wandered
far from their lodges in cold weather.
And the trappers and scouts said the
lodge was up on Lake Erie, so they
were safe enough for this season.

The Indians had been about all sum-
mer, trapping and hunting, and had
learned much of the settlers' ways; and,
as it proved, knew far better than they
thought how to take them.

One of the inmates of the block-house
had a jug of old "Santa Cruz," and as it
was New Year's, it was brought out
and a taste taken all round. The men

were soon as merry as a set as ever you
saw—so my brother used to say; and
after rollicking and telling stories about
hunts and wars and all that, they con-
cluded to go out and shoot at a mark,
which, next to a real hunt, or a chase
after bears, or something of that sort
was the best sport they could have.

Jane was very busy getting supper,
turning now and then to chirrup to her
baby. But they could all see that she
was sad; and twice she begged them
not to waste their powder and shot in
that way, saying they'd want it before
they knew it.

Once she walked down to where they
were firing, with her babe on her arm,
and said:

"Now, Meek, I do wish you wouldn't
sit running in the face of Providence to
be firing here, after what Father Stacy
said to you all."

But the men set up a great laugh at
her fears, and went on with their shoot-
ing. So she went back to her cooking,
telling Sam, the youngest of the party,
that she felt sure there was trouble com-
ing somewhere.

Middlesex County Journal.

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VOL. XIX : No. 23.

WOBURN, MASS., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1870.

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SINGLE COPIES 5 CENTS.

YOU ALL HAVE HEARD OF HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, AND HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC, Prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia. Their introduction into this country from Germany occurred in 1838.

They Cured Your Fathers and Mothers,
And will cure you and your children. They are entirely
different from the many preparations now in the
country called Bitters or Tonics. They are not
tavern preparations, or anything like them; but good,
honest, reliable medicines. They are

**LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA,
Nervous Debility, Jaundice,
Diseases of the Kidneys,
ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN,
and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver,
Stomach, or
IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.**
Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fissures of
Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea,
Head-ache, Heart-burn, Indigestion, Scurvy, Dropsy,
Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructa-
tions, Shaking or Fluttering at the
Heart, Nervous Trembling, Swelling of the
Feet, Swelling of the Face, Swelling of the
Pit of the Stomach, Swelling of the
Hurt, or Difficult Breathing, Flutter-
ing at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sen-
sation when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision,
Drops or Weir before the Sight, Full Pain in the
Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness
of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side,
Back, Chest, Lungs, or elsewhere. Sudden
Flashes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh,
Constant Imaginations of Evil and Great De-
pression of Spirits.

Hooftland's German Bitters
is entirely vegetable and contains no liquor. It is a
compound of Fluid Extracts, the Roots, Herbs, and
Barks from which these Extracts are made, are gath-
ered in Germany. All the Medical Virtues are ex-
tracted from them by a scientific chemist. These ex-
tracts are then forwarded to the manufacturer of these
Bitters. There is no alcoholic substance of any kind used in
compounding the Bitters, hence it is the only Bitter
that can be used in cases where alcoholic stimulants
are not admissible.

Hooftland's German Tonic
is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters,
with pure Sassafras Root, Orange, etc. It is used
for the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where
some pure alcohol is required. It is entirely differ-
ent from the Bitters, and is entirely composed of
purely medicinal ingredients. These being selected
of medicinal extracts, while the others are more de-
cidedly of the nature of stimulants. It is the only
one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever
offered to the public. Its taste is exquisite. It is a
pleasure to take it, while its effects are highly pro-
ductive of medicinal qualities have caused it to be
known as the greatest of all tonics.

DEBILITY.
There is no medicine equal to Hooftland's German
Tonic or Bitters in cases of Debility. They impart a
tone and vigor to the whole system, strengthen the
appetite, cause an enjoyment of food, enable the
stomach to digest, purify the blood, give a good,
sound, healthy complexion, eradicate the yellow tinge
from the eye, impart a bloom to the cheek, and
change the patient from a sick, breathless, emaciated,
weak and nervous invalid, to a full-faced, stout,
and vigorous person.

**Weak and Delicate Children are made
strong by using the Bitters or Tonic.**
These remedies are the best

Blood Purifiers
ever known, and will cure all diseases resulting from
bad blood. Keep your blood pure, keep your liver
in order; keep your digestive organs in a sound,
healthy condition, by the use of these remedies, and
no disease will ever assail you. The best men in the
country recommend them. If years of honest reputation
go for anything you must try these preparations.

TESTIMONY
Like the following was never before offered in behalf
of any medicinal preparation:

HON. GEORGE W. WOODWARD,
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania,
Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.
I find "Hooftland's German Bitters" is a good tonic,
useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great
benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous ac-
tion in the system. Yours truly,
GEORGE W. WOODWARD.

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,
Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania,
Philadelphia, April 28, 1867.
I consider "Hooftland's German Bitters" a valuable
medicine in cases of attacks of indigestion or dys-
pepsia. I can certify that from my experience of it.
Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMPSON.

HON. GEORGE SHAWNSWOOD,
Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania,
Philadelphia, June 1, 1868.
I have found by experience that "Hooftland's Ger-
man Bitters" is a very good tonic, relieving dyspep-
sia symptoms almost directly. Yours truly,
GEORGE SHAWNSWOOD.

HON. WM. F. ROGERS,
Mayor of the City of Buffalo, N. Y.
Mayor's Office, Buffalo, June 22, 1869.
I have used "Hooftland's German Bitters" for
"in my family during the past year, and can recom-
mend them as an excellent tonic, imparting tone
and vigor to the system. Their use has been pro-
ductively of decidedly beneficial effects. W. F. ROGERS.

HON. JAMES M. WOOD,
Ex-Mayor of Williamsport, Pa.
I take great pleasure in recommending "Hooftland's
German Tonic" to any one who may be afflicted with
Dyspepsia. I had the Dyspepsia so badly it was im-
possible to keep any food in my stomach, and I be-
came so weak as not to be able to walk half a mile.
Two bottles of Tonic effected a perfect cure.
JAMES M. WOOD.

CAUTION.
Hooftland's German Remedies are counterfeited.
The genuine have the signature of C. M. Jackson
in the front of the outside wrapper, and the name of
the article blown in each bottle. All
others are counterfeit.

**Price of the Bitters, \$1.00 per bottle;
Or, a Half Dozen for \$5.00.
Price of the Tonic, \$1.50 per bottle;
Or, a Half Dozen for \$7.50.
The Tonic is put up in quart bottles.
Headed that it is Dr. Hooftland's German Rem-
edy that are so universally used and so highly recom-
mended; and do not allow the druggists to induce you
to take anything else that he may say is just as good,
because he makes a large profit on it. These reme-
dies will be sent by express to any locality upon ap-
plication to the**

**PRINCIPAL OFFICE,
AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,
No. 631 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor.
These remedies are for sale by Druggists, Sarsap-
illa, and Medicine Dealers, everywhere.
Do not forget to examine well the article you
buy, in order to get the genuine.
For sale in Woburn by J. M. Grosvenor & Co.
Geo. S. Dodge, and Eldridge, Trunk, in Stoneham
by Dr. T. O. Durkin and Horace Goodrich.**

GEO. H. HUTCHINGS M. D., ECLECTIC

Physician and Surgeon,
Graduate of the Botanical Medical College of Phila-
delphia, and University of Medicine and Sur-
gery of Pennsylvania; also, of the Eclectic
Medical College of Cincinnati.

**LUNGS, HUMORS, CANCERS, AND
ALL CHRONIC DISEASES,**
Have been treated with unprecedented success by
him for the last ten years.

Dr. H. has been so successful in treating all dis-
eases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Spitting of
Blood, Coughs, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing,
Night Sweats, Wasting of the Flesh, that all who
are suffering from any of these symptoms will do
well to give him an early call. All diseases of the
Stomach and Liver, such as Dyspepsia, Jaundice,
Indigestion, Constipation, and these symptoms read-
ily yield to his new modes of treatment.

Skin Diseases and Humors.
Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, &c., he eradicates
from the blood, and are not left to poison the
whole system. Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Lamene-
ness, from whatever cause, are treated with success
by him.

CATARH,
Which if not arrested is sure to lead to consump-
tion, is quickly and permanently cured by his popular
remedies.

Particular attention paid to all diseases of Wo-
men and Children.
All remedial agents for the cure of diseases chosen
from the vegetable kingdom.

**Office and Residence Main Street,
(Opposite the High School.)
Office hours—12 M. to 2 P. M.; 5 to 9 P. M.**

HENSHAW & Co.,
Manufacturers of all kinds of

Cast Steel Saws,
CURRIERS' BLADES, LINING AND STIP-
PING KNIVES.

Slickers, Scrapers and Springs.
All orders promptly attended to at their Mill in
East Woburn, or at their store at Exchange Street,
Room 2, Boston.

The highest prize, a Silver Medal, was awarded to
them, for their display of Saws, &c., at the exhibi-
tion of the Massachusetts Mechanics' Charitable
Association in 1869.

F. J. BANCROFT,
Organ, Piano Forte and Melodeon

Tuner and Repairer,
At Oliver Dutton's Music Store, 277 Washington
Street, Boston.

Orders left at Horton's Bookstore in Woburn, and
at the Post Office in Stoneham, will be promptly
attended to.

**CHRISTMAS
AND
NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.**

My friends, make your home beautiful.
How shall we do it?
Why, buy one of these unrivalled **BURDETT
GILBERT ORGANS.**

Where can they be found?
Found in every variety of style at
JOHN C. HAYNES & CO.,
33 COURT STREET, - BOSTON, MASS.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.
PETER KENNEY,
Dealer in

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS.
First Door South the Post Office,
WOBURN, MASS.

A large and fresh assortment of Ladies', Gents',
Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of
every description. Rubbers and Rubber Boots
selling at the lowest prices. P. KENNEY.

Woburn, Dec. 1st, 1869.

A. E. THOMPSON & CO.,
DEALERS IN
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

DRY GOODS,
Woolens and Small Wares,
West India Goods, Flour
AND GRAIN.

Grocery and Glass Ware, Paper Hangings, Paints,
Oils, &c. No. 3 WADE BLOCK,
A. E. THOMPSON,
A. B. HICKS, - WOBURN.

J. C. OSGOOD,
Dealers in

**DRESS, CLOAK AND MANTILLA
TRIMMINGS,**
Of all kinds.

Buttons, Braid & Thread Store Goods,
French and German Corsets.

Of German Corsets we have a nice article, sixteen
bones, for \$1.00. We are constantly receiving the new styles of

TRIMMINGS
As they come out, and will sell them at the lowest
market prices.

Neptune House
CHELSEA BEACH.

Game and Fish Suppers.
JOSEPH NASON, Proprietor.
Dance Hall and Rooms secured by address-
ing No. Chelsea P. O.

THOMAS R. CORBETT
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.

(Late of the firm of De Loria & Corbett.) would
respectfully inform his friends in Woburn and vi-
cinity that he has not retired from business, but
propose to continue the business as formerly.
Grateful for favors in the past, he hopes to merit a
continuance of public confidence and patronage.

A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School.

Our Baby.

Did you ever see our baby,
Little Dot?
With her eyes so sparkling bright,
And her skin so lily white,
Lips and cheeks of rosy light,
Tell you what,
She is just the sweetest baby
In the lot.

Dot, she is our little darling,
And to me,
All her little ways are witty;
When she sings her little ditty,
Every word is just as pretty
As can be;
Not another in the city
Sweet as she.

You don't think so?—never saw her?
Wish you could
See her with her playthings clattering,
And her little tongue so chattering,
Little dancing feet so pattering,
Think you'd
Love her just as well as I do,
If you could!

When the Christians began to gain
power, they did not abolish the old
heathen festivals; perhaps they were
themselves too much attached to the days
they had enjoyed so much, to part with
them easily, or it may have been that
they were not strong enough to intro-
duce entirely new customs; it was easier
to take the customs already existing, and
alter them a little, and give them a new
name and significance. It was this way
that we came to have St. Valentine's
day. It was a practice in Ancient Rome,
to hold festivals in the month of Febru-
ary, in honor of Pan and Juno. This
was called the Supercalia. Among the
other ceremonies, the names of young
women were placed in a box from which
they were taken by young men as chance
directed. St. Valentine was a bishop,
and so they took his festival instead of
Supercalia. He was beheaded at Rome
in the year 270. He is the patron Saint
of Postmasters and letter carriers; and
that is why Postmasters are said to be
officially decapitated when they lose
their offices. At present the day is cele-
brated by sending representations of
hearts, cupids, doves, &c., with poetry,
and comic pictures. The holiday came
on the 14th inst.

With his feet encased in sheep-skin
slippers and each arm thrust into a
boot, and reaching heavenward, the
worthy Mr. Skinner, to the graceless
eyes of his son presented the appearance
of an enraged quadruped drawing the
air, and the youth's only reply was an
audible snicker.

"Why, Joshua Skinner!" repeated the as-
tonished father, raising his hand in holy
horror, "do you know what day it is?"

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LOVE WARMED OVER.

"Just fetch me the clothes-brush, will
you Joshua, now that you're up?" said
Adoniram Skinner, pausing in the en-
gaging occupation of greasing his Sun-
day boots, to rub his ear with his elbow.

"Can't find it," responded Joshua, af-
ter a listless survey of the kitchen wall.

"Tut, tut, boy! hunt for it!" said the
father, ruefully contemplating an exceed-
ingly well developed grease spot on his
clean wristband. "Look in the stand
drawer."

"Tisn't there," was the encouraging
reply; but as Joshua's fishing line was
there, and the fond parent, 'drying in' the
grease at the stove, looked up a minute
later to find his seat on the window-
sill fastening on a fish-hook.

"Why, Joshua Skinner!" cried the as-
tonished father, raising his hand in holy
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Song-Labor Reform.
How hard for the laborer all day long
To toil half famished, half cold,
His hand is right, his arm is strong,
He's willing to earn his bread,
When by the rich man he's abused,
He dies in his night,
In the name of justice and demands
Fair pay and equal rights,
Why should the poor man go unpaid,
Why should he go half clad,
While the rich man sits in his room,
Cheer up, don't feel so sad,
His overcoat, his pants and vests,
In quality are rare,
Call in, examine for yourselves
At twenty-five Dime Square.

Utah—the home of Mormonism and polygamy—has given woman the ballot. What effect this unexpected move will have upon the Mormons, remains to be seen.

"VIDE ET CREDE."—Attention is directed to the advertisement in another column of the "Union Carpet Co., a new house just established in Boston.

The SENTINEL is for sale at the following places:
E. T. WHITTIER, periodical dealer, post-office.
A. W. RICE, periodical dealer, corner of Main and Franklin streets.
W. J. JEFFERSON, clothing dealer and barber, Dow's building, Central square.

There are still several names on our books of those who have forgotten that the subscription price of the SENTINEL is payable in advance. Those who have neglected to settle are requested to forward the amount to this office.

Married.
In Woburn, Feb. 23d, by Rev. Mr. Fairchild, Mr. Warren Fraser, of Boston, to Miss Ella Gray of Boston.

Died.
In Woburn, Feb. 17th, James A. Winslip, aged 33 years and 6 months.
In Woburn, Feb. 17th, James Buck, aged 62 years and 6 months.
In Woburn, February 20, Sarah E., wife of Curtis Greenwald, 37 years.
In Woburn, Feb. 18th, Mrs. Sarah W. Howard, aged 41 years.
In Woburn, Feb. 20th, Walter Robinson, infant son of Josiah and Maria Jones, aged 4 months and 4 days.
In Reading, 19th inst., of consumption, Mrs. Sarah E. C. wife of George King, of Somerville, aged 32 years.

New Advertisements.
S. F. THOMPSON,
Surveyor, Conveyancer,
AUCTIONEER,
And Insurance Agent.
Office Kelley's Building,
Opposite the Hotel,
MAIN STREET, WOBURN.
Surveys and Plans of Estates accurately made. Lands laid out for Building and other purposes. Deeds, etc., drawn and filed. Titles Traced. Sales of Real and Personal Estate by Auction. Insurance in first class offices, both Fire and Life. Office open during the day and evenings, except Wednesdays and Fridays.

"Vide et Crede."
THE
UNION CARPET CO.
Just Established at
51 Hanover Street,
Are opening at
POPULAR LOW PRICES,
An Invoice of
Japan Mattings,
The finest known, at \$10 per Roll of 40 yds.
The most modern
ENGLISH TAPESTRIES,
At \$1.50 per yard,
INGRAINS,
75 cents to \$1.00.
3-PLY,
\$1.50.
OIL CLOTHS,
50 cents.
Also a complete set of new, rich and fine
CARPETINGS,
All at prices to suit every customer.
UNION CARPET CO.
51 HANOVER ST., BOSTON. 4123

SAVE MONEY
BY
Purchasing your ORGANS & PIANOS
OF
JOHN O. HAYNES & CO.,
33 Court Street,
BOSTON, MASS.
Price lower than any other establishment in New England.
Organs and Pianos of every variety of style.
All instruments first class, and warranted five years.
Instruments rented, and sold on installments.
CALL AND SEE THEM.
Circulars sent free.

We also keep on hand a large stock of SHEET MUSIC and every variety of MUSICAL MERCHANDISE and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Historical Lectures.
REV. JOHN LORD, LL. D.
The fifth lecture of the course will be delivered on
Tuesday Evening, March 1st,
Subject of Lecture,—Daniel Webster.

ROAD-DUST AND VEGETATION
Road-dust and Confectionery.

Dry road-dust contains from eight to ten per cent. of organic matter, arising from the excrements of animals, from straw, from grain which may have fallen from wagons, from the road. After having been pulverized by carriage wheels, it is a most potent cause of disease to the animals which are exposed to it. It is a most potent cause of disease to the animals which are exposed to it. It is a most potent cause of disease to the animals which are exposed to it.

SOUTHMAYN'S CONFECTIONERY
Is not only entirely free from dust, but is made of the purest material, and is of a most delicious quality. It is a most potent cause of disease to the animals which are exposed to it.

No. 102 Tremont street,
BOSTON.

NOTICE.—All persons having demands against the town of Woburn, are requested to present them to the Selectmen for settlement on or before the first day of March next.

For Sale or to Let.
A new building on Wren street, Woburn, now occupied by Thomas E. Corbett, for a carpenter shop. Inquire of ELI COOPER, North Winchester-st.

TO LET.—A tenement of four rooms. For terms, inquire at this office.

House for Sale.
The new two-story house, situated on Railroad street, corner of Vernon place. The house contains eleven rooms, has two bay windows, and water in the house. The lot contains over 20,000 feet of land, with a variety of fruit trees in a beautiful condition. C. E. WOOD, 1402

Save Money
New Dr. Goods daily received. BLACK SILKS very cheap. ALPACAS from 25c to \$1.00.

In Buying your
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS in great variety. TABLE LINENS at low prices.

Dry Goods
CURTAIN LACES, PLAIN AND CHECK CAMBRIC, BRILLIANTS, MUSLINS, PEQUIES, COTTONS, LINENS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

C. A. Smith's,
BANK BUILDING,
Woburn.

SOUTHMAYN'S CHEWING CANDY
CANNOT BE EXCELLED.
WARRANTED PURE.
102 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.

THE HOMOEOPATHIC Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
No. 231 Broadway, New York.

Insures lives upon Homoeopathic, Allopathic or Eclectic principles, and upon any plan or method adopted by any responsible company—except the highest of premium.

Is terms of insurance (upon either the stock or non-participating of the mutual with annual dividends of profits) are less than those of any other company, State or National.

No extra charge on account of employment or travelling.

All Policies non-forfeitable. Capital, Premiums, and Dividends all Cash. Losses paid 30 days after proof of death.

Women taken at the same rates as men.

All contemplating life insurance will further their own interests by securing a policy in the Homoeopathic Mutual of New York, and which commenced operation July 1st, 1869, and has issued over 2100 policies, insuring over \$5,000,000.

Our rates are the lowest and our responsibility undoubted.

D. D. F. MARSHALL, President. JAMES CUSHING, Jr., Vice. ELIZUR WRIGHT, Cash. Actuary. A. HALSEY PLUMMER, Secretary. STEWART L. WOODFORD, Counsel.

Dr. T. S. SCALES, M. D. Examining Surgeon. JOHN TURNER, M. D., Agent.

BUY YOUR Jewelry and Silver Ware
AT
DODGE'S JEWELRY STORE.
You can have any article of

HAIR WORK
OR
Solid Silver Ware
Made to order, at less than Boston prices. You can buy all kinds of

AMERICAN WATCHES
AT DODGE'S, AT LOW PRICES.

Howard Watches, Waltham Watches, Elgin Watches

A good assortment always on hand, in gold and silver cases.

HACK!
For the convenience of the Travelling Public the subscriber will hereafter have a HACK at the Railroad Depot on the arrival of every train, for the purpose of conveying persons who wish to any part of the town. Passengers also carried to the depot from any desired point. Fare, within half a mile, 50 cents; over half a mile, 75 cents. Orders left the stable will be promptly attended to.

Woburn, Jan. 22, 1870. GILMAN F. JONES, 18

WANTED.—A small house and Barn with an acre or so of land adjacent, at reasonable rent, for the purpose of having a stable and carriage house, with privilege of having within ten minutes walk of store, by JAMES MCINTIRE, Main street, Woburn.

TO RENT.—A two story and a half house on Main street, containing ten rooms. Very desirable location, and house every way convenient. Rent \$100 per year. Inquire of JAMES DOUGLASS, 322

NOTICE.—I hereby certify that I have this day given my son, FRANCIS A. STAGGLES, a full and complete power of attorney, to execute for him, and I shall not claim any of his earnings, or pay and debts of his contracting after this date.

Woburn, February 1, 1870. JOHN STAGGLES, 322

DISOLUTION.—The firm heretofore existing under the name of A. WHEELER & CO., Painters, is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. All business settled after this date by A. L. WHEELER, B. F. STORY, 322

Burbank Hall to Let.
The Hall occupied by the Grand Army is to be let on Monday, Tuesday and Friday evenings of each week, by the same evening or by the month. Also to be let on Sunday evenings for religious services. Apply to A. S. LITTLE, JACOB KENDALL, EPHRAIM HADLEY, Hall Committee, Box 99 Woburn Post Office. 224

Shoe Fitters Wanted.
Wanted, one experienced presser, and one shoe storer. Also several girls to stick soles. Apply to C. PIERCE, Main street, over Hayward's store. 224

Posters printed at this Office.

New Advertisements.
WELSH & GRIFFITH,
Saws! Axes! Saws!
SAWS of all descriptions, AXES, BELTING and MILL FURNISHINGS. CIRCULAR SAWS with Solid Teeth, or with PATENT ADJUSTABLE POINTS. Superior to all imported. Each Saw \$2.00. Send for Price and Catalogue. WELSH & GRIFFITH, Boston, Mass., or Detroit, Mich.

THE NEW YORK METHODIST.
Furnishes Sermons, a Serial story for the family, the Little Folks, Editorials by the best Methodist writers and others. Foreign and Domestic Correspondence, full Departments of Religious and Secular intelligence—in short, whatever goes to make a complete Family Paper. Price \$2.50 a Year. Liberal premiums to contributors. Yearly subscription commences at any time. For specimens enclose a two cent stamp to THE METHODIST, 119 Nassau St. N. Y.

SHERMAN HOUSE, BOSTON.
Formerly Hancock House, Court Square. KEPT ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN. Rooms, one Dollar per day for each person. This House now stands among the best Hotels in Boston, having been recently refurnished and put in perfect order. BARNEY HULL, Proprietor.

WOODS' HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE.—Price \$1; and The Wonder, price 25c; both one year for Specimens sent. Address The Wonder, South-brook, L. I., N. Y. Don't delay! None is the same.

GOLDEN NIEBAVE.—Money made easy Men or women everywhere. Address *Zeigler, McCurdy & Co., Springfield, Massachusetts.*

Savage's Ursina, FOR THE HAIR.
Has a wide world reputation for restoring the life of the Hair and permanently maintaining its beauty. Should be on every Toilet table.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
OBSERVE—None is Genuine without the BIRD, BARK Label and the signature "Alfred Savage" round the neck.

AS A CERTAIN AND Speedy Cure FOR NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES.
Its Effects are Magic.

AN UNFAILING REMEDY FOR NEURALGIA.
PAINTING, often effecting a permanent cure in a single day. No form of Nervous Disease fails to yield to it. It is a wonderful power. Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia, affecting the face, neck, head, its use for a few days affords the most astonishing relief, and rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure. It contains no material in the slightest degree injurious. It has the unequalled power of the best of the best physicians. It is, in every part of the country, gratefully acknowledged its power to soothe the tortured nerves, and restore the failing strength.

Sent by mail on receipt of price and postage. One package 50c. Two packages 1.00. Six packages 5.00. It is sold by all dealers in drugs and medicines. TURNER & CO., Proprietors, 120 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

LORILLARD'S "EUREKA" Smoking Tobacco
Is an excellent article of translated Virginia, which ever introduced it is universally admitted to be the best of the best. It is put up in handsome metal tins, in which orders for Messrs. LORILLARD'S Pipes are daily packed.

LORILLARD'S Yacht Club Smoking Tobacco
Is made of the choicest leaf, and is a very mild, light in color and weight, and never one found will last as long as the ordinary tobacco. In this brand we also pack orders every day for first quality Messrs. LORILLARD'S Pipes. Try it and convince yourself that it is all it claims to be, "THE FINEST OF ALL."

LORILLARD'S CENTURY Smoking Tobacco
Is made of the choicest leaf, and is a very mild, light in color and weight, and never one found will last as long as the ordinary tobacco. In this brand we also pack orders every day for first quality Messrs. LORILLARD'S Pipes. Try it and convince yourself that it is all it claims to be, "THE FINEST OF ALL."

LORILLARD'S SNUFFS
have now been in general use in the United States over 110 years, and still acknowledged "the best" wherever used.

If your stockkeeper does not have these articles for sale, ask him to get them, they are sold by respectable jobbers almost everywhere.

Regular prices mailed on application. P. LORILLARD & CO., NEW YORK

To All Wanting Farms.
50,000 Acres Fruit and farm lands, for sale cheap in lots to suit purchasers, in New York, on railroad, 34 miles south of Philadelphia. Soil, fine, low, superior for all crops; country rolling, climate mild and proverbially healthy; water pure. No fever and ague. Map and full information sent free. Address: WORMS & CO., Franklinville, Gloucester County, N. J.

Aromatic Vegetable Soap.
"COLLEGE SOAP"
For the Delicate Skin of Ladies and Children. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Agents! Read This!
WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY OF \$50 per week and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new wonderful invention. Address: M. WAGNER & CO., Marshall, Mich.

POCKET REVOLVERS.—Wheeler's Six Shooter. A neat, durable weapon. Price \$1.25 post paid. Address: B. G. AUSTIN, Elm, Mich.

EMPLOYMENT.—\$300 a month with Stencil Dies. Samples free. S. M. SPENCER & Co., Braintree, Pa.

DR. OLIN 27 BROAD ST., N. Y., treats all private diseases. Seminal Emissions, Impotency, &c. Boarding in establishment if desired. Thousands of cases from every State indicate the Doctor's skill. Send pamphlet for 2 stamps.

PSYCHOMANCY, FASCINATION OR SOUL-CHARMING.—400 pages; cloth. This wonderful book has full instructions how to enable the reader to fascinate either sex, or any animal, at will. Memorism, Spiritualism, and hundreds of other curious experiments. It can be obtained by sending address, with postage to T. V. KAYAN & CO., No. 11 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays for young men, free in sealed envelopes. HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa.

CURIOSUS HOW STRANGE.—The Married Ladies Private Companion, containing the most desired information, sent free to stamp. Address MRS. C. HENRY, Hanover, Penn.

This is no Humbug.
BY sending 25c with a blotch, color of eyes and hair, you will receive by return mail a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with names and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer No. 24, Fultonville, N. Y.

GRAIN.
I would respectfully call the attention of consumers of Grain to the

Superior Quality of Meal
Which I am offering to the people of this vicinity.

Made from the Best of Sound Corn AND FRESHLY GROUND.
Parties that are using it will have no other; and being determined to keep up the reputation of it, I warrant every bag to be what it is represented to be. Those wishing an article which they can rely upon, and not wishing meal made from green and damaged corn, can be sure that what they get from the

WOBURN GRAIN MILLS,
Is all that is recommended. Be sure and get the WOBURN brand when you order from your grocer. S. SIMONDS, 29

INSURANCE!
The subscriber desires to call attention to the following:
Old and Reliable Companies,
For which he is Agent. He is also prepared to

Insure Property of all kinds,
And to pay amount in all of the best American and English Companies represented in this community. Persons desirous of obtaining insurance are invited to call and examine reports of the various companies.

Office No. 7 Wade Block,
Up Stairs, rear of P. L. Converse, Esq.'s office. Hours: 9 to A. M.; 7 to 8 P. M. Woburn, Jan. 4, 1870.

Aetna Insurance Co.,
HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital, \$3,000,000. Assets, \$5,500,000. Losses paid in 50 years over \$40,000,000.

J. GOODNOW, Sec. L. J. HENDEE, Pres. B. T. H. PORTER, Ag't at Woburn

People's Company,
OF WORCESTER, MASS.
Capital, \$200,000. Assets, \$625,000. HENRY CHAPIN, President. AUG. N. CURRIE, Sec.

B. T. H. PORTER, Ag't at Woburn

Holyoke Mut. Fire Ins. Co.
OF SALEM.
Statement October 1, 1869:
Amount Insured, \$1,471,044.16
Cash Assets, 199,400.42
Total, \$1,670,444.58

No extra insurance property insured. Dividends of profits made to members. No losses unpaid. AUGUSTUS WATKINS, President. THOS. H. JOHNSON, Sec.

B. T. H. PORTER, Agent at Woburn.

Merrimac Mut. Fire Ins. Co.
OF ANDOVER, MASS.
Amount Insured, \$5,504,567.00. Cash Assets, 58,406.18

Insures the safer class of property. JAMES C. WATKINS, Sec. B. T. H. PORTER, Agent for Woburn.

Cambridge Mut. Fire Ins. Co.
BRIGHTON.
JOSIAH W. COOK, President. J. A. SMITH, Secretary and Treasurer. J. H. PORTER, Agent.

Citizens Mut. Fire Ins. Co.,
BRIGHTON.
E. C. SPANAWAY, President. S. W. TROWBRIDGE, Secretary. B. T. H. PORTER, Agent.

E. O. SOLES' NEW Meat and Vegetable MARKET,
On Main St., Woburn Center,
First Door South of Woburn Bookstore.

Keeps constantly on hand, the best quality and all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats, VEGETABLES AND FRUITS
IN THEIR SEASON.

Poultry, Lard, Tripe, DRIED & SMOKED MEATS

AND
HOME MADE SAUSAGES,
GAME FURNISHED TO ORDER.

Of the very best quality.

His new store is the best and largest in town, and he hopes by always supplying the best in his line, to secure a liberal share of patronage. E. O. SOLES.

Central Fish Market.
E. A. ADAMS
Would inform his old customers and the public generally that he is still to be found at the Central Fish Market.

On Main St., opposite the Common, And that he continues to supply the public with

FRESH FISH
OF ALL KINDS.

Cod, Halibut, Halibut, Fresh and Salt Mackerel, Pickled and Smoked Fish, and all other kinds of fresh and salt fish and Lobsters in their season.

OYSTERS AND CLAMS
In the shell, or by the pint, quart or gallon. Also Tongues and Soundings, &c.

Thinking the public for past liberal patronage he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable prices to merit a continuance of the same. JAMES E. ADAMS.

TO CONFECTIONERY DEALERS.
SOUTHMAYN & CO.,
Having enlarged their Wholesale Department, and largely extended their facilities for manufacturing Confectionery, and having

REDUCED THEIR PRICES
Of Candies at wholesale are now prepared to supply the trade with the largest and best assortment of Pure Confectionery that can be produced.

Dealers and Consumers of Confectionery
Are informed that we do not manufacture or sell any goods but of the VERY BEST QUALITY and WARRANTED PURE.

SELLING OFF
At Less than Cost.
As we intend to greatly increase our business early in the Spring, we shall
Sell off our entire Stock at Less than Cost.

We know many will say impossible, but we ask all such to call and examine our goods, and the prices at which we are selling.

All Our Goods are Marked Down,
And will be sold without regard to cost until the 1st of March. A good assortment of

HOSIERY, YARNS & WORSTED,
Cheaper than ever before offered in Woburn. Infant's Waists 50c, former price \$1.25.

HAMBURG LACES,
Ribbons, Gloves, Buttons, &c.
Very cheap. A few pieces of

DRESS GOODS and TABLE LINEN
Which will be sold at GREAT SACRIFICE. Ladies, now is your time to secure BARGAINS. Stamping, Pinking, Fluting and Millinery done to order.

MRS. N. J. FORD,
No. 1 Wade Block, Corner of Main and Park Sts. Woburn, Jan. 28th, 1870.

STRAW MATTINGS.
CHECKED AND PLAIN MATTINGS,
IN ALL WIDTHS,
FOR SALE
AT THE LOWEST PRICES,
BY
W. WOODBERRY,
OPPOSITE COMMON,
WOBURN, MASS.

CALL AT

DODGE'S

Drug Store,
FOR ALL KINDS OF

FAMILY MEDICINES
AND
THE STRICTEST

Medicinal Articles.

Personal Attention

Choice Goods, Low Prices,
Miniature Almanac
FEBRUARY, 1870.

PAID TO THE

PREPARATION
OF ALL

UPON PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS,
AT

DODGE'S DRUG STORE,
Next Door to Lyceum Building,
WOBURN.

Next Door South the Central House,
MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

Where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale all kinds of

Fresh & Salt Meats,
BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, HAM, LARD, TRIPE,

Vegetables, Fruit, Poultry,
Pigs Feet, Sausages,
DRIED BEEF.

And all articles usually found in a first class Meat and Vegetable Market.

H. WHITFORD,
Cash Paid for Second-Hand Pianos.

New Pianos sold at wholesale prices. Pianos tuned and repaired. Orders left at F. B. Dodge's Jewelry Store, Woburn, Mass., or at 208 Washington Street, Boston. 3m15

OLIVER GREEN

New Lumber Yard.
GEO. F. FOSDICK & CO.,
Successors to J. M. Grosvenor & Co.

J. C. WHITCHER
Respectfully informs the public that he will sell all kinds of Eastern, Western and Northern

LUMBER,
AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.
Shingles, Clapboards, Laths & Pickets,
All kinds of Mouldings, Cedar Chestnut and Locust Posts. Every variety of Builder's Material. Lumber Yard at the Railroad Freight Yard, Woburn.

Carpenter and Builder,
Shop corner Railroad and Fairmount Streets, WOBURN.

New Fish Market.
The subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Woburn and vicinity, that he has opened a NEW FISH MARKET, IN TOWN.

In the New Building
On Main St., opp. Salem St.
Where those who wish to obtain

The Best of Fish
AT REASONABLE PRICES,
Will meet with prompt attention and courteous treatment. He will keep constantly on hand every variety of

Fresh and Salt Fish,
OYSTERS, CLAMS,
Lobsters in their season, Tongues and Soundings, Pickled Fish, Quinquas, &c.

Customers may depend upon everything being fresh and neat, with a view to the accommodation of the public.

Please give me a call, and test my capability of keeping a FIRST CLASS MARKET. Goods delivered free of charge. WM. K. TURNER, 19
Woburn, Jan. 26, 1870.

Twenty-five Years' Practice
In the treatment of Diseases incident to Females, has placed DR. DOW at the head of all physicians making such practice a specialty, and enables him to guarantee a speedy and permanent cure in the worst cases of Suppression and all other Menstrual Derangements, from whatever cause. All letters for advice must contain St. Office, No. 25 DORCHESTER STREET, BOSTON.

S. H. Board furnished to those desiring to remain under treatment. Boston, July 14th, 1869—17

W. S. FIFIELD,
Dealer in
Stoves, Furnaces,
Tin, Glass and Wooden Ware,
and all kinds of
Kitchen Furnishing Goods.

Also agent for the sale of the
"SILVER BELL" and "EMPEROR" COOK STOVE.
"PALACE," and all the best varieties of
Parlor Stoves,
Henderson's Self Feeding and Base Burning FURNACE.

Repairing done, and all kinds of tin ware made to order. Tin roofing and repairing done at short notice. New Pumps set, and all kind of Pumps, Furnaces and Stove work repaired.

MAIN STREET, opposite Salem Street, WOBURN.

WILL ALL THOSE AFFLICTED WITH COUGH OR CONSUMPTION
Read the following and learn the value of
ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.

Dr. LLOYD, of Ohio, who in the Army during the war, from exposure, contracted consumption. He says: "I have no remedy in that drug that it was by the use of your LUNG BALSAM that I am now able to enjoy life."

Dr. FLETCHER, of Missouri, says: "I recommend your BALSAM in preference to any other medicine for Coughs, and it gives satisfaction." ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM is the remedy to cure all Lung and Throat difficulties. It should be thoroughly tested before using any other Balsam. It will cure when all others fail. Directions accompany each bottle.

J. N. HARRIS & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
CINCINNATI, O.

Sold by all Druggists. FERRY DAVIS & SON, PROVIDENCE, R. I. 4129

Mixed.
Oh, Absalom! my son! my son!
His hair was white as snow,
He stole a pig and away he ran
To the bay of Biscay, O.

The boy stood on the burning deck,
And smothered his pipe of clay,
And bet his money on a bob-tailed nag,
When the moon had gone away.

I'm lonely since my mother died—
The ice is round her still—
So I'll put a long of lathers, O,
With the sword of Bunker Hill.

It is the hour when from the boughs
I kissed my Molly Ann,
So run Elijah and hurry up Pomp—
Yes, or any other man.

Oh, what are the wild waves saying?
I cried the long night through;
And a voice replied, far up the heights,
A little more eider, too.

The lark at nature's advent strung
Is coming through the eye;
Then kiss me quick and go, my honey,
Said the spider to the fly.

My Willie's on the dark blue sea,
With five hundred thousand more;
And any are gliding swiftly by
To the old Kentucky shore.

We understand that the whooping-cough is quite prevalent in the towns around us; but no cases have proved fatal. Some families use nothing but *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. Our Doctor, however, says a little tipic, to produce vomiting, would be an advantage.

There are more than one thousand different kinds of pills in the United States. Some of them are worse than and injurious, others are good and beneficial. Old Dr. Parsons invented the best anti-bilious pills we ever saw or heard of. They are now sold under the name of *Parson's Purgative Pills*.

IRON IN THE BLOOD.—When the blood is well supplied with its iron element, we feel vigorous and full of animation. It is an insufficiency of the vital element that makes us feel weak and low spirited, in such cases, the *Peruvian Syrup* (a protoxide of iron) can supply the deficiency, and its use will invigorate us wonderfully.

A NUMBER ONE FOOL.—"Do you like rum?" said an Englishman one day to a Chinaman.
"No, sir," replied the Chinaman.
"Why not?"
"Rum not proper, sir. Rum make Chinaman number one fool," replied the son of the celestial kingdom.

A man in Albany is making himself miserable, walking 100 hours without sleep.

A Vermont girl laid her breast bare into her lungs and died.

Wood Sawing
By Steam.

The subscriber has a Circular Saw in operation at his Wood and Coal Yard.

With which he is prepared to

SAW WOOD.

For his customers, and deliver to them ready for a store, at a slight advance upon the price of the wood. Customers are invited to call and examine a new improvement.

2 J. B. McDONALD

Floor Oil Cloths.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LOT OF OIL CLOTHS, THAT ARE THOROUGHLY SEASONED, and those in want would do well to examine before purchasing.

W. Woodberry,
OPPOSITE COMMON
WOBBURN,
MASS.

HORSE SHOEING.

Mr. WILLIAM P. ROBINSON having taken the shop formerly occupied by Mr. G. H. Howe on Union Street, gives notice that he is prepared to SHOE HORSES in the best manner, and with the best materials. He will pay strict attention to interfering, overreaching and tender-footed horses. All work entrusted to him will be performed with despatch.

Shop on Union street, near Main, Woburn.

Machine Stitching and Stamping.

MRS. L. M. DALTON

Is prepared to do to order all kinds of Machine Stitching and Stamping, also MILLINERY WORK, at short notice. Residence, No. 3 Canal Street, Woburn.

FRED. GAGE,
House Painter, Grainer,
AND GLAZIER.

ALL KINDS OF COLOURS MIXED, PAINTS, PUTTY AND GLASS ON HAND AND FOR SALE.

Blinds (finished), Painted and Hung to order.

Shop Rear of M. E. Church, Walnut Street, Woburn Centre.

J. O'CONNELL, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

RESIDENCE,
House of the late Mr. E. J. Jones, Warren Street, Academy Hill, Woburn Centre.

Office Hours, 7 to 10 A. M.; 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 P. M.

North Woburn Street Railroad

On and after FRIDAY, Oct. 1st, 1890.

CARS will leave North Woburn at 6.15, 7.10, 8.25, 9.10, 11.30, A. M.; 12.45, 3.45, 5.30, 6.30, 8.30, 9.40, 11.45, P. M.; 12.05, 1.30, 3.45, 4.45, 6.10, and 9.15 P. M.

On Sundays at church hours as usual.

D. D. HART.

A. T. YOUNG,
AGENT FOR
VALENTINE & BUTLER'S
ALUM PATENT
Fire Proof and Burglar
SAFE.

Sample can be seen at C. A. SMITH'S Dry Goods Store.

GEORGE H. MILLER,
Paper Hanger.

Orders left at Paint Shop, Walnut St., or at his house on FAIRMOUNT STREET, promptly attended to.

M. ELLIS & CO.,
BUILDING MOVERS, STONE MASONS
AND CELLAR BUILDERS,
Park St., Rear of Baptist Church,
Woburn.

Laborers furnished by the day. Having had an experience of twenty-five years in the moving and cellar business, we guarantee to give good satisfaction.

C. S. ADKINS,
Keeps on hand a general assortment of
WRITING PAPER,
ENVELOPES, PENS, PENCILS AND INK
ALSO
Diaries and Blank Books,
Albums, Games and Toys.

Daily Newspapers
AND PERIODICALS OF THE DAY.
A fine assortment of
CONFECTIONERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, SOAP, AND
PERFUMERY.

Agent for the sale of
Hovey's Hair Balm,
Which is the best preparation for the hair in the market, and gives entire satisfaction.

Next Door to the Post Office
MAIN STREET, WOBURN.

MRS. E. L. WEBBER,
MUSIC TEACHER,
COURT STREET.
No. 807.

DENTAL CARD.

BEAUTIFUL SETS OF
ARTIFICIAL TEETH.
INSERTED FOR \$15 AND \$20, BY
DR. C. T. LANG,
WINN STREET, WOBURN.
Call and see.

Bookkeeping and Penmanship.
J. A. BOUTELLE
Will open an
EVENING SCHOOL.
At his house in BANK BLOCK, Woburn, on
Thursday Evening, Sept. 30th.
At 7 o'clock, where the above branches will be taught. The school will be on Monday and Thursday evenings. Pupils received at any time. No class system. Ladies and gentlemen preferring to attend in the forenoon can meet on the above days in his room at 2 o'clock P. M.

TERMS.—For a course of 12 Lessons in Bookkeeping, \$2.00. For a course of 12 Lessons in Penmanship, \$1.00.

Mr. Boutelle will continue to make geological investigations, compile genealogies, execute family charts, fill out diplomas, &c.

CENTRAL HOUSE
Livery, Hack, and Boarding
STABLE
MAIN STREET, WOBURN.
G. F. JONES, Proprietor

ICE CREAM
Of the Best Quality
furnished at all seasons
of the year for Parties,
Families, Hotels, Pic-nics, &c., at low rates, by the
BOSTON ICE CREAM CO.,
9 Spring Lane, Boston.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to
its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. This hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. It wanted merely for a

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HAIR DRESSING,
nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE \$1.00.

The Best and Cheapest Place to Buy
CLOTHES WRINGERS.
OR WASHING MACHINES.
Or to get your WRINGERS REPAIRED is at
H. S. THAYER'S,
42 ELM STREET, - - - BOSTON.
Entrance from the Yard of Wilde's Hotel. e142

Sewing Machines.

All the best kinds, for sale at DODGE'S, at Boston prices, or by installments.

To My Customers
And the Public generally
OF WOBURN AND VICINITY.

From modest motives my advertisement has not appeared in the columns of this Journal for some time, but feeling sensible of the acknowledgments due to my many customers, I feel it my duty to tender my signature once more. Besides acknowledging my sincere gratitude for your liberal patronage for the past year, and flattering myself with the general satisfaction manifested, I would give a cordial invitation to all to call and examine my well selected stock of

Fall Goods,
Consisting of
CHINCHILLAS,
ESQUIMAUX,
MOSCOW AND
CASTOR BEAVERS

A choice variety of

German Tricots, Broadcloths,
DOESKINS AND CASSIMERES.

ALSO,
CHOICE PLAIDS
AND CASSIMERES,

Manufactured by the celebrated E. Harris. Also, a large stock of

Ready-Made Clothing,
Just received, consisting of
Beaver Sacks and Surtouts.
OVERCOATS,
Men's Suits,
Ranging in price from \$12 to \$20 per suit.

Vests and Pants
In great variety.

Furnishing Goods,
Consisting of
White and Fancy Striped Dress Shirts,
Outside Wool Vests, Dressing Shirts,
Under Shirts and Drawers.

HATS, CAPS,
COLLARS, NECKTIES, HANDKERCHIEFS,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES of every description.

GENTLEMEN'S WHITE SHIRTS
Made to order from New style of measurement, and warranted to fit.

All of which will be sold at a very
Low Price for Cash,
AT THE "OLD STAND,"
A. GRANT,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Main Street, Woburn.
First Door South of Bank Block, First Door North of S. Horton's Woburn Bookstore. 02

COAL.
Constantly receiving, by car and cargo, all kinds of Eastern and Western

Pine and Spruce Lumber,
CEDAR, PINE AND SPRUCE
SHINGLES,
All grades
AND
Laths
AND
Clapboards,
FENCE PICKETS, all widths.

CEDAR, CHESTNUT AND LOCUST
POSTS,
TANNERS' and CURRIERS'
Pit and Hanging Sticks,
On hand and cut to order,
All of which will be sold LOW for CASH, at the
Old Stand on Main Street

And at Railroad Freight Yard.
Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
J. E. LITTLEFIELD & SONS.

COUGHS
WISTARS BALSAW
OF
WILD CHERRY
LUNG DROPS

Just received a fresh lot of
Eight Day and 30 Hour Clocks,
AND TIMEPIECES, at
DODGE'S.

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Constantly receiving, by car and cargo, all kinds of Eastern and Western

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P. CREHAN,
Commission and Merchant Tailor,
Corner Main and Union Streets,
WOBURN, MASS.

Hugs to inform the public that he has just opened for sale the largest and

FINEST STOCK OF GOODS

Ever seen in Woburn, consisting of

Beavers, Doeskins,
TRICOTS, CASSIMERES, MELTONS, BROAD-
CLOTHS, FLANNELS,
And other goods suitable for the season. Also,
Cloths for Ladies' Cloakings,
A fine assortment of
Custom & Ready Made Clothing,
BOYS' SUITS,
Hats and Caps,
Shirts and Drawers, Neckties and Collars, Socks
Gloves, and Mitts, can be always found in his store,
which he will sell low.

Mens and Boys' Suits, and Ladies' Sacks and
Cloakings made to order and warranted to give
satisfaction.

A Splendid Lot of Overcoats,
FOR SALE LOW.

Thanking his friends for past patronage, he wishes to inform them that he is special agent for all the
seamers to and from Europe, California and Australia. Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland for one pound and upwards, for sale at lowest rates.

Remember the Store,
Corner Main and Union Streets, 111
WOBURN CENTER.

COAL
AND
LUMBER.
Pure Lackawanna Coal,
Old Company's production, freshly mined, Egg and
Stove sizes.

Mammoth Vein,
Excelsior and Suffolk Coals,
Furnace, Egg, Stove, and Nut sizes, for steam and
domestic use.

CUMBERLAND
COAL,
Of the best quality, for Blacksmith's use. The best
and cheapest coal for steam purposes.

Wood Sawn
TO ORDER.
Office at the Lumber Yard,
Main street,
Nearly opposite the Depot.

J. E. Littlefield & Sons
At Dodge's
JEWELRY STORE.
Only \$60 for Your Choice.

The Howe Sewing Machine,
Singer
Weed
Grover & Baker,
Wheeler & Wilson's,
Florence only \$63.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.
One of the best articles for a
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENT,
IS A
Sewing Machine.

Every Machine warranted to give satisfaction. Machines delivered anywhere within ten miles free of charge. Persons purchasing machines will be taught to operate them either at their store or at their homes. Also all kinds of Machine Needles and Bins.

JAMES W. TURNER,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
47 Hanover Street, Boston.

The Public are respectfully told that this old established place has recently been entirely remodelled. A new glass Room for making all kinds of

Photographs, Tintypes, Porcelains, &c.
In an improved and rapid manner. Pictures made almost instantaneously. One of the Largest Operating Rooms in the City. Fitted up with all the latest improvements known in the Art. New and elegant Parlors, Reception Rooms and Office have been added, making it altogether one of the best appointed Picture Establishments in New England. Prices the same as usual. All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Particular attention given to Copying Old Pictures or enlarging of any size. Also, Engraving in India Ink, Oil, or Water Colors. Please call and see.

JAMES W. TURNER'S
PHOTOGRAPH HALLS,
194 - - No. 47 Hanover Street.

Carpets! Carpets!!
Wool and Other Carpets,
IN GREAT VARIETY,
—AT—
AS LOW PRICES
AS CAN BE BOUGHT IN BOSTON.

For Sale by
W. WOODBERRY,
Opposite the Common,
Woburn, Mass.

C. H. DANIELS,
Watchmaker, Jeweller & Engraver,
No. 9 Tremont St., (Room No. 3),
BOSTON.

Spectacles for sale. Watches and Jewelry repaired.

Press Making and Sewing.

The ladies of Woburn and vicinity, can have their family sewing and dress making repaired promptly done, by taking it to MRS. LUCETTA KINSEY Oakley Court, Woburn, Mass. e142

COAL.
Constantly receiving, by car and cargo, all kinds of Eastern and Western

Pine and Spruce Lumber,
CEDAR, PINE AND SPRUCE
SHINGLES,
All grades
AND
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FENCE PICKETS, all widths.

CEDAR, CHESTNUT AND LOCUST
POSTS,
TANNERS' and CURRIERS'
Pit and Hanging Sticks,
On hand and cut to order,
All of which will be sold LOW for CASH, at the
Old Stand on Main Street

CHRISTMAS,
December 25th.

Just Received,
100 Barrels
VERY EXTRA
FLOUR,
DIRECT FROM ST. LOUIS.

ALSO,
75 Barrels
APPLES,
RUSSETS,
BALDWIN'S,
GREENINGS,
NORTHERN SPY, &c

FOR SALE
Very Low,
BY
STEARNS, BROWN & CO.

COAL.
PURE
Franklin Coal
From Lyken's Valley,
FRESH MINED.

Just Received,
Lackawana,
Lehigh,
Diamond
Mammoth Vein,
FRESH MINED
COALS

Arriving by the cargo, and for sale at favorable prices with regard to quality.

ALSO,
English Cannel Coal,
Soft Coal for Steam purposes,
Cumberland Coal

For Blacksmith's use.

WOOD,
LIME,
CEMENT AND PLASTER

JOS. B. McDONALD,
Sewing Machines to Let
BY THE WEEK OR MONTH,
At DODGE'S.

Office near the Railroad Depot,
Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass.

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At DODGE'S.

Office near the Railroad Depot,
Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the purposes of a Laxative
Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever so generally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative. The cathartic reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effective remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails to give relief or to remove its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures, and we need not publish them in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and constitutions in all climates, containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody.

The sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable in their action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring them to their natural health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills promptly cure:

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Flatulency, Nausea, and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately at frequent intervals, and restore their healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaints, characterized by the symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic, or Stomachic Distress, they should be taken for each case, to correct the diseased action, remove the obstructions, and cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrhoea, they should be taken for each case, to correct the diseased action, remove the obstructions, and cause it.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be taken continuously, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the greatest effect.

As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is a most valuable remedy where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, after their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures of many of the diseases which are truly marvellous. It is a most valuable remedy in cases of Scrophulous disease, where the system is generally saturated with corruption, have been cured by it. Scrophulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrophulous contamination until they were painfully afflicted, and were cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrophulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race, and it is often an unfelt tenant of the organism, undermining the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develops into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be multiply formed in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or find ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the necessity of a medicine which will effectually remove the poison of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and at length, cure, by the use of this Sarsaparilla: Eczema, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scrophulous Eruptions, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrophulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Rheumatism, Gout, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various forms of affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurotial Diseases are cured by the use of this Sarsaparilla. It is a most valuable remedy in cases of Scrophulous disease, where the system is generally saturated with corruption, have been cured by it. Scrophulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrophulous contamination until they were painfully afflicted, and were cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

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Scrophulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race, and it is often an unfelt tenant of the organism, undermining the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develops into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be multiply formed in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or find ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the necessity of a medicine which will effectually remove the poison of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and at length, cure, by the use of this Sarsaparilla: Eczema, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scrophulous Eruptions, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrophulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Rheumatism, Gout, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various forms of affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

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Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoughton, Reading, North Reading, Wakefield, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

No. 23 : Vol. XIX

WOBURN, MASS., SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1870.

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1319

OUR DAYS.

Our days are most uncertain days,
Some given up to making money,
And some to making money,
A few are happy, joyous days,
But these are much too rare,
When we in all true faith build up
Our castles in the air.

And there are days of retrospect,
When shadows come before,
When we retire within ourselves,
And softly shut the door.
A look of hair, some faded lines,
To heart and memory dear,
Will often change to thrilling days,
Our pleasant days of cheer.

And there are days—oh, listen not,
Sweet angels above,
When passions rattle in our breasts,
And not a drop of love—
When all our steps seem downward steps,
And all our joys are vain,
And these we call, and well we may,
Our dark and evil days.

But there are days—oh, listen not,
The sweetest of the seven—
The days of love, and peace, and joy,
Ruled over by love's heaven,
So may our future days like these
By fostering love be blest,
Until our golden years
We find our day of rest.

Vulgar Language.

There is as much connection between
the words and the thoughts as there is
between the thoughts and the actions. The
former, but they have a power to react
upon the soul, and leave the stain of cor-
ruption there. A young man who allows
himself to use one vulgar or profane
word has not only shown that there is a
foul spot upon his mind, but by the
utterance of that word he extends that
spot and inflames it, till, by indulgence,
it will pollute and ruin the soul. Be
careful of your words and of your
thoughts. If you control the tongue
that no improper words are pronounced
by it, you will soon be able also to control
the mind and save it from corrup-
tion. You extinguish the fire by smother-
ing it, or by preventing bad thoughts
from bursting into language. Never
utter a word anywhere which you would
be ashamed to speak in the presence of
the most refined female or the most
religious man. Try this practice a little
while, and you will soon have command
of yourself.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

Why should men question woman's right,
Or claim they are the better;
To court the men is sure her right,
Their wishes are to let her.

Hinting a Divorce.

Not long since, there arrived in this
city from a western state, a young gen-
tleman and his pretty wife. The fascina-
tions, however, of metropolitan society
were too much for the young wife's al-
legiance. She didn't gladden at her
lord's coming, as she used to do, and in-
stead of her domestic circle finally intruded
no ordinary amount of jealousy. Things
went on from bad to worse, until the
subject of a divorce was mentioned, and
finally discussed. The more it was
thought of the more irreconcilable grew
the difficulty. Now it so happened that
in the state where the couple came from,
nothing but the legislative enactment
could dissolve the marital bonds. Sup-
posing that it was the same here, and as-
certaining that the Legislature was in
session, the wife set out for Mechanics
Institute, on Drydages street, to have the
matter decided at once.

Arriving there she strayed accident-
ally into a committee room just then oc-
cupied by a gray haired Senator.
"Are you the Legislature, sir?" in-
quired the lady.

"I'm a member of it," was the polite
reply.

"Yes, I suppose so—well sir, I want
a divorce," replied the lady coming di-
rectly to the business.

"Indeed! why, what kind of manner
of a man would want to separate from
so handsome a lady as you?" inquired
the Senator, straightening up and ad-
justing his shirt collar.

"Oh, sir, I've been badly treated,"
cried the lady, her heart evidently
touched by the Senator's sympathy; and
leaning her head against his shoulder, she
gave way to tears.

Of course the Senator tried to quiet
her. He stroked her hair, and even
ventured to press her lips to his cheek.
Just then the door opened, and several
gentlemen walked in. The Senator,
realizing his awkward situation cried out:

"Oh, she only wants a divorce!"
"I should think she ought to have one,
and you also; but this is not the place!"
and the gentlemen, excusing themselves,
made a hasty exit.

The Senator, fearing misconception,
followed them into the hall, crying out:
"Gentlemen, gentlemen, confound it,
she only wants a divorce!"

His only satisfaction, however, consist-
ed in the emphatic remark of one of
the intruders:

"Yes, and blamed if she oughtn't to
have it!"—New Orleans Picayune.

It is with our thoughts as with our
flowers—those that are simple in ex-
pression carry their seed with them;
those that are double, charm the mind
but produce nothing.

A New Orleans gentleman calls the
negro a "remnant of the dark ages."

MIGGLES.

Episode in a California Stage Drive.

We were eight, including the driver.
We had not spoken during the passage
of the last six miles, since the jolting of
the heavy vehicle over the roughening
road had spoiled the Judge's last poeti-
cal quotation. The tall man beside the
Judge was asleep, his arm passed
through the swaying strap and his head
resting upon it—altogether a limp, help-
less-looking object, as if he had hanged
himself and been cut down too late. The
French lady on the back seat was
asleep, too, yet in a half-conscious prop-
riety of attitude, shown in the disposi-
tion of the handkerchief which she held
to her forehead and which partially
veiled her face. The lady from Virginia
City, travelling with her husband, had
long since lost all individuality in a wild
confusion of ribbons, veils, furs, and
shawls. There was no sound but the
rattling of wheels and the dash of rain
upon the roof. Suddenly the stage
stopped and we became doubly aware of
voices. The driver was evidently in the
midst of an exciting colloquy with some
one in the road—a colloquy, of which
such fragments as "bridge gone," "twen-
ty feet of water," "can't pass," were oc-
casional distinguishing above the
confused voices from the road shouted the
parting adjuration:

"Try Miggles!"

We caught a glimpse of our leaders as
the vehicle slowly turned, of a horseman
vanishing through the rain, and we were
evidently on our way to Miggles.

Who and where was Miggles? The
Judge, our authority, did not remember
the name, and he knew the country
thoroughly. The Washoe traveller
thought Miggles must keep a hotel.
We only knew that we were stopped by
high water in front and rear, and that
Miggles was our rock of refuge. A ten
minutes splashing through a tangled by-
road, scarcely wide enough for a stage,
and we drew up before a barred and
boarded gate in a wide stone wall or fence
about eight feet high. Evidently Mig-
gles did not keep a hotel.

The driver got down and tried the
gate. It was securely locked.

"Miggles! O Miggles!"

No answer.

"Miggles! You Miggles!" continued
the driver with rising wrath.

"Miggles!" joined in the expressman,
persuasively. "O Miggles! Mig!"

But no reply came from the appar-
ently insensate Miggles. The Judge
who had finally got the window down,
put his head out and propounded a se-
ries of questions, which, if answered
categorically, would have solved the
mystery, but which the driver evaded by
replying that "if we didn't want to sit
in the coach all night, we had better rise
up and sing out for Miggles."

So we rose up and called on Miggles
in chorus. Then separately, we called
on Miggles, a Hilberman fellow-passen-
ger from the roof called for "May-
gell!" whereat we all laughed. While
we were all laughing the driver called
"Shoo!"

We listened. To our infinite amaze-
ment the shades of "Miggles" were re-
called from the other side of the wall,
even to the final supplement "Maygell!"

"Extraordinary echo," said the Judge.

"Extraordinary d—d skunk!" roared
the driver contemptuously. "Come out
of that, Miggles!" and showed yourself.

"Don't hide in the dark!" cried the
Judge. "I wouldn't if I were you, Mig-
gles," continued Yuba Bill, the driver,
now dancing about in an excess of fury.

"Miggles!" continued the voice, "O
Miggles!"

"My good man! Mr. Maygell!" said
the Judge, softening the tones of the
name as much as possible. "Consider
the inhospitality of refusing shelter from
the inclemency of the weather to help-
less females. Really, my dear sir—"
but a succession of Miggles, ending in
a burst of laughter, drowned his voice.

Yuba Bill hesitated no longer. Tak-
ing a heavy stone from the road, he
threw it down the gate, and with the ex-
pressman entered the enclosure. We
followed. Nobody was to be seen. In
the gathering darkness all that we could
distinguish was that we were in the gar-
den from the rose-bushes that scattered
over us a minute spray from their drip-
ping leaves—and before a long, rambling
wooden building.

"Do you know this Miggles?" asked
the Judge of Yuba Bill.

"No, nor don't you," said Bill.
Shortly, who felt the pioneer stage com-
pany insulted in his person by the con-
tinuous Miggles.

"But, my dear sir," expostulated the
Judge, as he thought of the barred gate.

"Looker here," said Yuba Bill, with
fine irony, "hain't you better go back
in the coach till yer introduced? I'm
going in," and he pushed open the
door of the building.

A long room, lighted only by the em-
bers of a fire, that was dying on the
large hearth at its further extremity.
The walls were papered and the flicker-
ing firelight brought out its grotesque
pattern. Somebody sitting in a large
arm chair by the fire place. All this we
saw as we crowded together into the
room, after the driver and expressman.

"Hello, you Miggles!" said Yuba
Bill to the solitary occupant of the
chair. The figure neither spoke nor stirred.

Yuba Bill walked wretchedly toward it,
and turned the eye of his coach lantern
upon its face. It was a man's face, pre-
maturely old and wrinkled, with very
large eyes, in which there was that ex-
pression of perfectly gratuitous solemn-
ity which I had sometimes seen in an
owl's. The large eyes wandered from
Bill's face to the lantern, and finally
fixed their gaze on that luminous object,
without further recognition.

Bill restrained himself without an ef-
fort.

"Miggles! Be you deaf? You ain't
dumb anyhow, you know!" and Yuba
Bill shook the insensate figure by the
shoulder.

To our great dismay as Bill removed
his hand, the venerable stranger appar-
ently collapsed—sinking into half his
size and an undistinguishable heap of
clothing.

"Well, darn my skin," said Bill—look-

ing appealingly at us, and hopelessly re-
tiring from the center of the long, low
room.

The meal was a culinary success.
But more, it was a social triumph—chief-
ly, I think, owing to the rare tact of
Miggles in guiding the conversation, ask-
ing all the questions himself, yet bearing
throughout a frankness that rejected the
idea of any concealment on his own part.

So that we talked of ourselves, of our
prospects, of the journey, of the weather,
of each other—of everything but our
situation. It must be confessed that
Miggles's conversation was never
elegant, rarely grammatical, and that at
times she used expletives, the use of
which had generally been yielded to our
sex. But they were delivered with such
a lightning of teeth and eyes, and were
usually followed by a laugh—a laugh pec-
uliar to Miggles—so frank and honest
that it seemed to clear the moral atmos-
phere.

Once, during the meal, we heard a
noise like the rubbing of a heavy body
against the outer wall of the kitchen.

This was shortly followed by a scratch-
ing and sniffing at the door. "That's
Joquin," said Miggles in reply to our
questioning glances; "would you like to
see him?" Before we could answer, she
had opened the door, and disclosed a half-
grown grizzled bear, who instantly raised
himself on his haunches, with his fore-
paws hanging down in the popular atti-
tude of mendicancy, and looked admi-
ringly at Miggles, with a very singular re-
semblance in his manner to Yuba Bill.

"That's my watch-dog," said Miggles
in explanation. "O, he won't bite," she
added, as the two lady passengers dither-
ed into a corner. "Does he, old Toppy?"
—(the latter remark being addressed
directly to the sagacious Joquin.) "I
tell you what, boys," continued Miggles,
after she had fed and closed the door on
Ursa Minor, "you were in big luck that
Joquin wasn't hanging round when you
dropped in to-night."

"Where was he?" asked the Judge.

"With me," said Miggles. "Lord love
you; he trots round with me nights like
as if he was a man."

We were silent for a few moments,
and listened to the wind. Perhaps we
all had the same picture before us—of
Miggles walking through the rainy
woods, with her savage guardian at her
side. The Judge, I remember, said some-
thing about Ursa and his dog, but Mig-
gles received it as she did other com-
ments, with quiet gravity. Whether she
was altogether unconscious of the ad-
miration she excited—she could hardly
have been oblivious of Yuba Bill's
adoration—I knew not; but her very
frankness suggested a perfect sexual
equality that was cruelly humiliating to
the younger members of our party.

The incident of the bear did not add
anything in Miggles's favor to the inter-
est of those of her own sex who were
present. In fact, the report over a
childless radiated from the two lady pas-
sengers that no pine boughs brought in by
Yuba Bill and cast as a sacrifice upon
the hearth, could wholly overcome.
Miggles felt it, and suddenly declaring
that it was time to "turn in," offered to
show the ladies to their beds, an ad-
joining room. "You boys, will you
camp out here by the fire as well as
you can," she added, "for that ain't but
the one room."

Our sex—by which, my dear sir, I al-
lude of course to the stronger portion of
humanity—has been generally reared
from the impatience of curiosity, or a
business, for gossip. Yet I am con-
strained to say, that hardly had the door
closed on Miggles than we crowded to-
gether, whispering, snickering, smiling
and exchanging suspicious surmises and
a thousand speculations in regard to our
prize. I fear that we even hustled
that imbecile paralytic, who sat like a
voiceless Memnon in our midst, gazing,
with the serene indifference of the past
in his passionless eyes, upon our wordy
councils. In the midst of an exciting
discussion the door opened again, and
Miggles reentered.

But not, apparently, the same Miggles
who a few hours before had flashed upon
us. Her eyes were downcast, and as she
hesitated for a moment on the
threshold, with a blanketed lady, and
she seemed to have left behind her the
frank fearlessness which had charmed us
a moment before. Coming into the
room, she drew a low stool beside the
paralytic's chair, sat down, drew the
blanket over her shoulders and saying,
"if it's all the same to you, boys, as
I'm a little crowded, I'll stay here all
night," took the invalid's withered hand
in her own and turned her eyes upon the
dying fire. An instinctive feeling that
this was only preliminary to more con-
fidential relations, and perhaps some
shade at our previous curiosity, kept us
silent. The rain still beat upon the
roof, wandering gusts of wind stirred
the embers into momentary brightness,
until, in a lull of the elements, Miggles
suddenly lifted up her head and throw-
ing her hair back over her shoulder,
turned her face toward the group and
asked:

"Is there any of you that knows me?"

"There was no reply.

"Think again! I lived at Marysville in
'53. Everybody knew me there, and
everybody had a right to know me, I kept
the Polka Saloon until I came to live
here. That's six years ago. Per-
haps I've changed some."

The absence of recognition may have
disconcerted her. She turned her head
to the fire again, and it was some seconds
before she again spoke, and then more
rapidly:

"Well, you see I thought some of you
must have known me. There's no great
harm done, any way. What I was going
to say was this: Jim here—she took
his hand in both of hers as she spoke—
"used to know me, if you didn't, and
spent a heap of money upon me. I
reckon he's spent all he had. And one
day—it's six years ago this winter—Jim
came into a backroom, sat down on my
sofa, like as you see him in that chair,
and never moved again without help.
He was struck all of a heap, and never
seemed to know what ailed him. The
doctors came and said as how it was
caused all along of his way of life—for
Jim was mighty free and wild like—that
he would never get any bet-

ter, and couldn't last long anyway.
They advised me to send him to Frisco
to the hospital, for he was no good to
any one, and would be a baby all his life.
Perhaps it was that I never had a baby,
but I said 'No, I was rich then, for I
was popular with everybody—gentleman
like yourself, sir, came to see me—and
I sold out my business and bought this
yer place, because it was sort of out of
the way of travel, you see, and I
brought my baby home before I could get
with a woman's intuitive tact and po-
etry, she had as she spoke, slowly shifted
her position so as to bring the mute figure
of the ruined man between her and her
audience—hiding in the shadow behind
it—as if she offered it as a tacit apology
for her actions. Silent and expression-
less, it yet spoke for her; helpless,
crushed, and smitten with the divine
thunderbolt, it still stretched an invis-
ible arm around her.

Hidden in the darkness, but still hold-
ing his hand she went on—

"It was a long time before I could get
the hang of things about yer, for I was
used to company and excitement. I
couldn't get any woman to help me, and
a man I durstn't trust; but what with
the Indians hereabout, who'd do odd jobs
for me, and having everything sent from
North Fork, Jim and I managed to
worry through. The doctor would run
up from Sacramento once in a while.
He'd ask to see 'Miggles's baby', as he
called Jim, and when he'd go away, he'd
say, 'Miggles, you're a trump—God bless
you; and it didn't seem so lonely after
that. But the last time he was here, he
said, as he opened the door to go, 'Do
you know, Miggles, your baby will grow
up to be a man yet, and an honor to his
mother; but not here, Miggles, not here!'
And I thought he went away sad—and
—and—here Miggles, you were in big
luck that Joquin wasn't hanging round
when you dropped in to-night."

"The folks about here are very kind,"
said Miggles, after a pause, coming a
little into the light again. "The men
from the Fork used to hang around here,
until they found they wasn't wanted,
and the women are kind—and don't call.
I was pretty lonely until I picked up
Joquin in the woods yonder one day,
when he wasn't so high, and taught him
to beg for his dinner; and then that
Polly—that's the mangle—she knows no
end of tricks, and uses it quite soable
things. I don't think I could do it. I don't
feel like as I was the only living being
about the ranch. And Jim here," said
Miggles, with her old laugh again, and
coming out quite into the light, "Jim
—why, boys, you would admire to see
how much he knows for a man like me.
Sometimes I bring him flowers and he
looks at 'em just as natural as if he knew
'em; and then, when we're sitting here
alone, I read him those things on the
wall. Why, Lord!" said Miggles, with
her frank laugh. "I've read him that
whole side of the house the winter
there never was such a man for reading
as Jim."

"Why," asked the Judge, "do you not
marry this man to whom you have
devoted your youthful life?"

"Well, you see," said Miggles, "it
would be playing it rather low down on
Jim, to take advantage of his being so
helpless. And then, too, if we were man
and wife, now, well, both know that I
was bound to do what I do now of my
own accord."

"But you are young yet and attrac-

"It's getting late," said Miggles, grave-
ly, and you'd better all turn in. Good-
night, boys; and throwing the blanket
over her head, Miggles laid herself down
beside Jim's chair, her head pillowed on
an infinite cushion, and she spoke the
low words that led her to sleep. The
fire slowly faded from the hearth;
the embers, and presently, there was no
sound in the long room, but the pater-
ning of the rain upon the roof, and the
heavy breathing of the sleepers.

It was nearly morning when I awoke
from a troubled dream. The storm had
passed, the stars were shining, and
through the shuttered window the full
moon, lifting itself over the solemn pines
without, looked into the room. It touch-
ed the lonely figure in the chair with an
infinite compassion, and seemed to
baptize with a shining flood the lowly
bed of the woman whose hair, as in the
sweet old story, bathed the feet of him
she loved. It even lent a kindly poetry
to the rugged outline of Yuba Bill, half-
reclining on his elbow between them and
his passengers, with savagely-patient
eyes keeping watch and ward. And
then I fell asleep and only woke at broad
day, with Yuba Bill standing over me,
and "All aboard" ringing in my ears.

Coffee was waiting for us on the table,
but Miggles was gone. We wandered
about the house and lingered long after
the horses were harnessed, but she did
not return. It was evident that she
wished to avoid a formal leave-taking,
and had so left us to depart as we had
come. After we had helped the ladies
into the coach, we returned to the house
and solemnly shook hands with the
paralytic Jim, as solemnly settling him
back into position after each hand-shake.

Then we looked for the last time around
the long, low room, at the stool where
Miggles had sat, and slowly took our
seats in the waiting coach. The whip
cracked, and we were off!

But, as we reached the high road, Bill's
dexterous hand laid the six horses back
on their haunches, and the stage stopped
with a jerk. For there, on a little
eminence beside the road, stood Miggles,
her hair flying, her eyes sparkling, her
white handkerchief waving, and her
white teeth flashing a last "good-bye."

We waved our hands in return. And then
Yuba Bill, as if fearful of further fascina-
tion, hastily lashed his horses forward,
and we sank back in our seats. We ex-
changed not a word until we reached the
North Fork, and the stage drew up at
the Independence House. Then, the
Judge leading, we walked into the bar-
room and took our places gravely at the
bar.

"Are all your glasses charged, gentle-
men?" said the judge, solemnly taking
off his white hat.

They were.

"Well then, here's to Miggles; God
bless her!"

Perhaps he had. Who knows?—F.
Bret Harte, in Overland Monthly.

BEGINNING TO FARM.—A New York
clerk, 23 years old, unmarried, with
\$3000 capital, and an ambition to be a
farmer, but no knowledge of the business,
asked the Farmer's Club how he should
begin his new career, and got the follow-
ing answer:

Put all your money at interest at 7
per cent, on mortgage. Go hire yourself
to a thrifty, money-making farmer; work
for the first month for your board, then
get him to give you something till you
can make nearly full wages as a farm
hand. See everything, and remember
what you see. Read farm books and pa-
pers. In a year or two buy a place on
which the first instalment is \$1000. Use
\$1000 for stock and tools; keep the other
\$1000 at interest, and go to work. When
you have been on the farm a year, mar-
ry some young woman who can raise
chickens and knows how to make pantaloons.

Dr. Dio Lewis said in a lecture in
Providence last week, that married men
live the longest. The doctor considers
wives, home associations, and children
tugging at coat tails as highly conducive
to health. We suppose some fathers,
who have passed many sleepless nights
with helpless, fretful infants, may not

Song of the Traveller.
Am—"Sarah's Young Man."
A life on the wing and a home on the railway,
For twenty long years I have travelled by steam;
I've roamed over the mountain, by streamlet and fountain,
But all seems now like a beautiful dream.
From the east to the west, from the north to the south,
I've wandered where many a friend I have met;
But the beauty and fashion, the styles that are dashing,
While I saw when in Boston, I ne'er shall forget.
While through Boston travelling, I saw some fine clothing,
I wanted an overcoat, pants and good vest;
Of Gen. Richards I bought and always have thought,
That of all clothing dealers his goods were the best.
His fur heavier overcoats, best that you ever bought;
Are already marked far below the first cost.
Friends, believe what I say, call on Richards to-day.
Twenty-five in Dock Square, and let no time be lost.

Married
In Woburn, Feb. 21, by Rev. Jonathan Edwards, Charles A. Torrey, of Boston, and Elizabeth P. Kimball, of Woburn.

Died.
In Woburn, Feb. 20th, Lydia M. Bryant, aged 33 years.
In Woburn, March 1st, Louisa M. Morrison, aged 51 years and 6 mos.
In Winchester, Feb. 28th, Augustus W. Coffin, aged 50 years, youngest son of Warren Coffin.
In Reading, Feb. 20th, Mr. Hubbard Walker, aged 31 years.
In Reading, Feb. 20th, Mr. Ambrose Kingman, aged 31 years.

Save Money
New Dress Goods daily received. BLACK SILKS very cheap. ALPACAS from 25c to \$1.00.

In Buying your
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS in great variety. TABLE LINENS at low prices.

Dry Goods
CURTAIN LACES, PLAIN AND CHECK CAMBRIC, BRILLIANTS, MUSLINS, PEQUIES, COTTONS, LINENS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

C. A. Smith's,
BANK BUILDING,
Woburn.

SOUTHMAYD'S
CHEWING CANDY
CANNOT BE EXCELLED.
WARRANTED PURE.
102 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.

THE HOMOEOPATHIC
Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
No. 231 Broadway, New York.
Insures lives upon Homoeopathic, Allopathic or Eclectic principles, and upon any plan or method adopted by any responsible company—except the high rates of premium.
In terms of insurance upon either the stock or non-participating plan, the Mutual with annual dividends of profits are less than those of any other company, State of Nationality.
No extra charge on account of employment or travelling.
All Policies non-forfeitable.
Capital, Premiums, and Dividends all Cash.
Losses paid 30 days after proof of death.
Women taken at the same rates as men.
All contemplating life insurance will find their own interests best served by the Mutual Homoeopathic Mutual of New York, and which commenced business July 19, 1868, and has issued over \$100,000,000.
Our rates are the lowest and our responsibility unlimited.
D. D. T. MARSHALL, President.
JAMES C. SMITH, Jr., V. Pres.
ELIZABH WRIGHT, Cash. Asst. Secy.
A. HALSEY PLUMMER, Secretary.
STEWART L. WOODHULL, Counsel.
Dr. T. S. SCOTLAND, M. D. Examining Surgeon.
JOHN TURNER, H. B., Agent.

HACK!
For the convenience of the Travelling Public the subscriber will hereafter have a HACK at the Railroad Depot on the arrival of every train, for the purpose of conveying persons who wish to stay at any place, to their homes, or to any other place, from any desired point. Fare, within half a mile, 50 cents; over half a mile, 75 cents. Outside fare the same will be promptly attended to.
GILMAN F. JONES.
Woburn, Jan. 2, 1870.

WANTED—A small house and barn with as much land as will grow corn, potatoes, &c. Very desirable, located in a quiet neighborhood. All business retired after this date by A. L. Wheeler.
A. L. WHEELER.
Woburn, Jan. 1, 1870.

FRANK H. GOULD
Having purchased the
Photograph Rooms
IN KELLEY'S BLOCK.
Formerly occupied by S. W. Wyman, is now prepared to furnish
PICTURES
IN EVERY VARIETY OF STYLE.
Usually found in First Class Establishments.
PICTURES COPIED
With neatness, on reasonable terms; also, enlarged and finished in ink or color.
Remember the place,
Kelley's Block, opp. the Central House.
F. H. GOULD.

GEO. F. FOSDICK & CO.,
Successors to J. M. Grosvenor & Co.,
Apothecaries,
5 Wade Block.
In announcing the above change, the undersigned invite special attention to their superior and carefully selected stock of
STANDARD
MEDICINES
DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
EXTRACTS
Preparations, &c.,
Which will always be found
Fresh, Pure and Reliable.
Whether manufactured to order, or selected from the market.
Physicians' Prescriptions
AND
FAMILY MEDICINES
Compounded with extra care, at all hours of the day and night. Mr. Fosdick will occupy the dwelling directly opposite the store.
We have also added quite largely to our stock of
FANCY GOODS
AND
Toilet Articles,
Comprising English, French, and American
HAIR, NAIL AND
TEETH BRUSHES,
COMBS,
PERFUMERY,
SOAPS,
FOMADES,
HAIR OILS,
COLOGNES
Including Novelties in
Japanese Goods.
Constantly on hand a superior lot of
Fresh Herbs,
Warranted of extra purity and strength.
Perfect satisfaction guaranteed in every particular, and no efforts spared to make this a first-class order. Drug Store, and one worthy of public patronage and confidence.
The business will have the constant personal attention of Mr. FOSDICK, who has been connected with the store in this past.
GEORGE F. FOSDICK & CO.,
Woburn, October, 1869.

Tea, Coffee,
TOBACCO AND CIGARS
AT
L. S. WHITE'S
STONEHAM
Tea & Tobacco Store.
Every variety of TEA constantly on hand—Hyson, Japan, Black, English Breakfast, &c., including the famous "SUN SUN CHOP" and other brands from the "Great American Tea Company," New York.
COFFEE, ALL KINDS.
Cane, Rio, Maracabo, Old Gov't Java and Mocha, roasted and ground fresh every day, or in the form of
CIGARS,
Numerous Brands and qualities, to suit any taste, at retail or by the box.
TOBACCO,
A complete assortment, for Smoking and Chewing, in the plug or cut and put up in small packages.
PIPES OF ALL KINDS.
Call and examine our goods, and judge for yourselves.
Main Street, Gilmore's Building,
STONEHAM

Hoag Brothers,
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
MAIN STREET, STONEHAM,
Execute all kinds of
Photographic Work,
AND GUARANTEE
Perfect Satisfaction to all who
come.
They have the very best facilities for
Multiplying Pictures,
Thereby enabling them to wait upon all who come, requiring but a
FEW MINUTES TO TAKE AND FINISH A PICTURE.
They also pay particular attention to
OUTDOOR PHOTOGRAPHY,
Of Buildings, Groups, Scenery, &c.
COPYING
Pictures copied and enlarged to any size, and finished in India Ink, Oil or Water Colors. From the smallest Thimble, or from oil and faded Daguerotypes, or imperfect and damaged Pictures of any kind, if they preserve but a dim outline of the original picture, they can finish a most LIFE-LIKE PORTRAIT, making any desirable alteration in the dress, position or expression.
They also keep on hand and for sale an assortment of
Stereoscopic Views, Stereoscopes, Albums, Picture Frames, &c.
All orders by mail promptly attended to.
HOAG BROTHERS,
70 Main Street, Stoneham.
W. JENNINGS,
Dealer in all kinds of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Hats, Caps, Trunks, Umbrellas,
And Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,
No. 4 Dow's Block,
STONEHAM, MASS.
M. ELLIS & CO.,
Pearl Street, Boston.
BUILDING MOVERS,
Buildings raised and moved at prices which defy competition.
H. GOODRICH,
Dealer in
Dry and Fancy Goods,
Post Office Building,
STONEHAM
Fancy Goods, Pocket and Table Cutlery,
Toilet Articles, Brushes, Perfumery and Stationery.
Also a good assortment of
Dry Goods.

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Woburn, October, 1869.

BUY YOUR
Jewelry and Silver Ware
AT
DODGE'S
JEWELRY STORE.
You can have any article of
HAIR WORK
OR
Solid Silver Ware
Made to order, at less than Boston prices. You can buy all kinds of
AMERICAN WATCHES
AT DODGE'S,
AT LOW PRICES.
Howard Watches,
Waltham Watches,
Elgin Watches
A good assortment always on hand, in gold and silver cases.

Tea, Coffee,
TOBACCO AND CIGARS
AT
L. S. WHITE'S
STONEHAM
Tea & Tobacco Store.
Every variety of TEA constantly on hand—Hyson, Japan, Black, English Breakfast, &c., including the famous "SUN SUN CHOP" and other brands from the "Great American Tea Company," New York.
COFFEE, ALL KINDS.
Cane, Rio, Maracabo, Old Gov't Java and Mocha, roasted and ground fresh every day, or in the form of
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TOBACCO,
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PIPES OF ALL KINDS.
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GEORGE F. FOSDICK & CO.,
Woburn, October, 1869.

INSURANCE!
The subscriber desires to call attention to the following:
Old and Reliable Companies,
For which he is Agent. He is also prepared to
Insure Property of all kinds,
And to any amount, in all of the best American and English Companies represented in this Commonwealth. Persons desirous of obtaining insurance are invited to call and examine reports of the various companies.
Office No. 7 Wade Block,
Up stairs, rear of P. L. Converse, Esq.'s office.
Hours, 9 to 5 A. M.; 7 to 8 P. M.
Woburn, Jan. 4, 1870.

Ætna Insurance Co.,
HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital, \$3,000,000. Assets, \$5,500,000.
Losses paid in 50 years over \$20,000,000.
J. GOODNOW, Sec. L. J. HENDEE, Pres.
B. T. H. PORTER, Ag't at Woburn

People's Company,
OF WORCESTER, MASS.
Capital, \$200,000. Assets, \$625,000.
HENRY CHAPIN, President.
AUG. N. CURRIER, Sec.
B. T. H. PORTER, Ag't at Woburn

Holyoke Mut. Fire Ins. Co.
OF SALEM.
Statement October 1, 1869:
Amount Insured, \$10,471,984.16
Cash Assets, 234,932.28
No extra hazardous property insured. Dividends of profits made to members. No losses unpaid.
AUGUSTUS STORRY, President.
TIOS. H. JOHNSON, Sec.
B. T. H. PORTER, Agent at Woburn.

Merrimac Mut. Fire Ins. Co.
OF ANDOVER, MASS.
Amount Insured, \$5,394,567.09
Cash Assets, 58,406.14
Insures the safer class of property.
B. T. H. PORTER, Agent for Woburn.

Cambridge Mut. Fire Ins. Co.
JOSIAH W. COOK, President.
J. A. SMITH, Secretary and Treasurer.
B. T. H. PORTER, Agent.

Citizens Mut. Fire Ins. Co.,
BRIGHTON.
E. C. SPARHAWK, President.
S. W. THOMPSON, Secretary.
B. T. H. PORTER, Agent.

E. O. SOLES'
NEW
Meat and Vegetable
MARKET,
On Main St., Woburn Center,
First Door South of Woburn Bookstore.
Keeps constantly on hand, the best quality and all kinds of
Fresh and 3 alt Meats,
VEGETABLES AND FRUITS
IN THEIR SEASON.
Poultry, Lard, Tripe,
DRIED & SMOKED MEATS
AND
HOME MADE SAUSAGES,
Of the very best quality.
GAME FURNISHED TO ORDER.
His new store is the best and largest in town, and he hopes by always supplying the best in his line, to secure a liberal share of patronage.
E. O. SOLES.

Central Fish Market.
E. A. ADAMS
Would inform his old customers and the public that he is still to be found at the Central Fish Market,
On Main St., opposite the Common,
And that he continues to supply the public with
FRESH FISH
OF ALL KINDS,
OYSTERS AND CLAMS
In the shell, or by the pint, quart or gallon. Also Tongues and Sounds, &c.
Thinking the public for past liberal patronage he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable prices to merit a continuance of the same.
JANUARY 19
TO CONFECTIONERY DEALERS.
SOUTHMAYD & CO.,
Having enlarged their Wholesale Department, and largely extended their facilities for manufacturing Confectionery, and having
REDUCED THEIR PRICES
Of Candies at wholesale, are now prepared to supply the trade with the largest and best assortment of Pure Confectionery that can be produced.
Dealers and Consumers of Confectionery
Are informed that we do not manufacture or sell any goods but of the VERY BEST QUALITY and WARRANTED PURE.
SOUTHMAYD & CO.,
102 Tremont street, Boston.

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Would inform his old customers and the public that he is still to be found at the Central Fish Market,
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SOUTHMAYD & CO.,
102 Tremont street, Boston.

SELLING OFF New Lumber Yard.
At Less than Cost.
As we intend to greatly increase our business early in the Spring, we shall
Sell off our entire Stock at Less than Cost.
We know many will say impossible, but we ask all such to call and examine our goods, and the prices at which we are selling.
All Our Goods are Marked Down,
HOSIERY, YARNS & WORSTED,
Cheaper than ever before offered in Woburn.
Infants' Waists 75c, former price \$1.25.
HAMBURG LACES,
Ribbons, Gloves, Buttons, &c.
Very cheap. A few pieces of
DRESS GOODS and TABLE LINEN
Which will be sold at GREAT SACRIFICE.
Ladies, now is your time to secure BARGAINS.
Stamping, Pinking, Fluting and Millinery done to order.
MRS. N. J. FORD,
No. 1 Wade Block, Corner of Main and Park Sts.
Woburn, Jan. 28th, 1870.

STRAW MATTINGS.
CHECKED AND PLAIN
MATTINGS,
IN ALL WIDTHS,
FOR SALE
AT THE LOWEST PRICES,
BY
W. WOODBERRY,
OPPOSITE COMMON,
WOBBURN, MASS.
may 16

CALL AT
DODGE'S
Drug Store,
FOR ALL KINDS OF
FAMILY MEDICINES
AND
Medicinal Articles.
THE STRICTEST
Personal Attention

Choice Goods, Low Prices,
Miniature Almanac
MARCH, 1870.
PAID TO THE
OF ALL
MEDICINES
Upon Physician's Prescriptions,
AT
Dodge's Drug Store,
Next Door to Lyceum Building,
BOSTON.

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SOUTHMAYD & CO.,
102 Tremont street, Boston.

Central Fish Market.
E. A. ADAMS
Would inform his old customers and the public that he is still to be found at the Central Fish Market,
On Main St., opposite the Common,
And that he continues to supply the public with
FRESH FISH
OF ALL KINDS,
OYSTERS AND CLAMS
In the shell, or by the pint, quart or gallon. Also Tongues and Sounds, &c.
Thinking the public for past liberal patronage he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable prices to merit a continuance of the same.
JANUARY 19
TO CONFECTIONERY DEALERS.
SOUTHMAYD & CO.,
Having enlarged their Wholesale Department, and largely extended their facilities for manufacturing Confectionery, and having
REDUCED THEIR PRICES
Of Candies at wholesale, are now prepared to supply the trade with the largest and best assortment of Pure Confectionery that can be produced.
Dealers and Consumers of Confectionery
Are informed that we do not manufacture or sell any goods but of the VERY BEST QUALITY and WARRANTED PURE.
SOUTHMAYD & CO.,
102 Tremont street, Boston.

J. C. WHITCHER
LUMBER,
AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.
Shingles, Clapboards, Laths & Pickets,
All kinds of Mouldings, Cedar Chestnut and Locust Posts. Every variety of Builder's Material.
Lumber Yard at the Railroad Freight Yard, Woburn.
Carpenter and Builder,
Shop corner Railroad and Fairmount Streets,
WOBBURN.

New Fish Market.
The subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Woburn and vicinity, that he has opened a NEW FISH MARKET IN TOWN.
In the New Building
On Main St., opp. Salem St.
Where those who wish to obtain
The Best of Fish
AT REASONABLE PRICES,
Will meet with prompt attention and courteous treatment. He will keep constantly on hand every variety of
Fresh and Salt Fish,
OYSTERS, CLAMS,
Lobsters in their season, Tongues and Sounds, Pickled Fish, Quahogs, &c.
Customers may depend upon everything being fresh and neat, with a view to the accommodation of the public.
Please give me a call, and test my capability of keeping a FIRST-CLASS MARKET. Goods delivered free of charge.
WM. K. TURNER,
Woburn, Jan. 26, 1870.

W. S. FIFIELD,
Dealer in
Stoves, Furnaces,
Tin, Glass And Wooden Ware,
and all kinds of
Kitchen Furnishing Goods.
Also agent for the sale of the
"SILVER BELL" and "EMPEROR"
COOK STOVE.
"PALACE," and all the best varieties of
Parlor Stoves.
Henderson's Self Feeding and Base Burning
Repairing done, and all kinds of tin ware made to order. Tin roofing and repairing done at short notice. New Pumps set, and all kind of Pumps, Furnaces and Stove work repaired.
MAIN STREET, opposite Salem Street,
WOBBURN.

JOHN G. COLE & CO.,
Painters & Glaziers,
Have removed their place of business to the new two-story building on
Bennett Street,
opposite the First Congregational Church.
Paper Hanging, White-washing and Coloring done in the best manner.
Also, Graining and Marbling.
Sashes and Blinds of every description furnished, and painted to order.
PAINTS, OIL AND GLASS,
of the best quality constantly on hand.
Woburn, March 28, 1868.

WHITFORD'S
Meat and Vegetable
MARKET,
Next Door South the Central House,
MAIN STREET, WOBBURN.
Where he keeps constantly on hand and for sale all kinds of
FRESH & SALT MEATS,
BEEF,
PORK,
MUTTON, HAM,
LARD, TRIPE,
Vegetables, Fruit, Poultry,
Pigs Feet, Sausages,
DRIED BEEF.
And all articles usually found in a first class Meat and Vegetable Market.
H. WHITFORD.
Cash Paid for Second-Hand Pianos.
New Pianos sold at wholesale prices. Pianos tuned and repaired. Orders left at F. B. Dodge's Jewelry store, Woburn, Mass., or at 289 Washington street, Boston.
OLIVER GREEN

ROAD-DUST AND VEGETATION
Road-dust and Confectionery
Dry road-dust contains from eight to ten per cent. of organic matter, arising from the excrement of animals, from straw, hay or grain which may have fallen from wagons frequenting the road. After having been pulverized by carriage wheels in a fine dust, they form a large amount of already decomposed and soluble nutriment for vegetable growth. Road-dust may be very good for vegetation, but how exceedingly filthy Confectionery must become when exposed openly as it is on the corners of our streets to the filth of our horses, dogs, and children; yet hundreds of persons will purchase Confectionery for themselves and children from these street stands, which they would not touch if they knew how filthy it becomes after a few hours exposure to the street dust of a busy thoroughfare.
SOUTHMAYD'S CONFECTIONERY
Is not only entirely free from dust, but is made of the purest materials and warranted. The price charged is only a trifle more than that for the inferior quality.
No. 102 Tremont street,
BOSTON.

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No. 102 Tremont street,
BOSTON.

G. R. GAGE & CO.,
Are offering
Extra Inducements
To Purchasers of
Winter Goods!

Gentlemen's Garments
AT
REDUCED PRICES
They would call particular attention to their
Overcoatings,
Consisting of
Fur Beavers, Chinchillas, Castors,
and Bilibys.
And a great variety
Plaid Suitings,
The prevailing style in New York and Boston,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH,
ENGLISH and
AMERICAN
CASSIMERES,
Diagonal and Basket Weave Patterns. An extra line of MELTOS for
Fall Overcoats,
CASHMERES.
In great variety for
VESTINGS.
All of which will be made up in the
LATEST STYLES
to suit customers, and satisfaction guaranteed.

G. R. GAGE & CO.
BANK BLOCK,
WOBBURN.
Look! Look!
E. G. BERRY
Keeps constantly on hand at his New Shop
On Main, opposite Union Street.
A good assortment of
Harnesses, Collars,
Trunks, Valises, Whips, &c.
And would invite all to come and see him before purchasing elsewhere. Jobbing done at short notice. Carriage Trimming done with neatness and dispatch.
E. G. BERRY.

For Cabinet Organs and Melodeons,
There is no Book Equal to it!
CLARKE'S NEW METHOD
FOR
READING ORGANS.
BY WILLIAM H. CLARKE.
Already established as the leading text book for instruments of the Organ class, in Colleges, Seminaries, Conservatories, &c., and among the best teachers. For Self-instruction it is unequalled. Full of the finest pieces, Voluntarys, &c. in the right hand. Price \$2.50. Sent post-paid on receipt of price.
OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS—
J. M. SALMON, Esq., of Woburn, in the County of Middlesex, and to any and all other persons claiming any interest in
About 1 gallon of Whiskey, in 1 keg.
About 2 gallons of Rum, in 1 jug.
About 1 gallon of Wine, in 1 jug.
About 20 gallons of Ale, in two barrels.
For notice of a warrant issued by me, see, have been seized at the store of said John H. Connelly, in said Woburn, on the twenty-fourth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, the value of which liquors, with the vessels containing them, and for trial, and to show cause, if any you have, why said liquors and the vessels containing them, should not be returned for being kept for sale by said John H. Connelly, in violation of the laws of this Commonwealth.
Witness, my hand and seal, at Woburn, in said County, this twenty-fourth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy.
P. L. CONVERSE, Trial Justice.
JOHN E. TIDD, Deputy State Constable.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS—
J. M. SALMON, Esq., of Woburn, in the County of Middlesex, and to any and all other persons claiming any interest in
About one pint of Rum, in one bottle.
About six gallons of Ale, in a half-barrel.
Which by virtue of a warrant issued by me, have been seized at the store of said Thomas Salmon and Patrick McDonald, in said Woburn, on the twenty-fourth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, the value of which liquors, with the vessels containing them, and for trial, and to show cause, if any you have, why said liquors and the vessels containing them, should not be returned for being kept for sale by said Thomas Salmon and Patrick McDonald, in violation of the laws of this Commonwealth.
Witness, my hand and seal, at Woburn, in said County, this twenty-fourth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy.
P. L. CONVERSE, Trial Justice.
JOHN E. TIDD, Deputy State Constable.

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About six gallons of Ale, in a half-barrel.
Which by virtue of a warrant issued by me, have been seized at the store of said

SATURDAY, MARCH 12, 1870.

Greenbacks and Gold.

When we were a youngster and lived in the country, and went to rural parties, picnics, and sleigh-rides, we remember we had a pleasant game which we thought used to be called "Crossing the swamp." It was of the nature of a judgment or penalty, a sentence pronounced upon a lad and lass for some supposed "forfeit" or offence. The penalty was executed in this way: The parties were placed at opposite sides of the room facing each other, and then one asked of the other a question, which would be answered by "yes" or "no." If by "yes," they both advanced a step toward each other; if by "no," then they retreated a step away from each other. But as we remember, there were more affirmative than negative answers, and the parties gradually approached each other, with now and then a retreat, as it always is when young people are coming together, just to make the case interesting, and at last they meet and kiss and the game is up. Exactly this pleasant game has been going on between gold and greenbacks during the last four or five years. Now it has been a step forward, then two steps backward, then another forward, and again another. The "yes" have predominated over the "no's" in the long run, as they do between young people; and now gold and greenbacks, which in 1863 and 1864 were, as it were, miles apart, are very near together, just ready as it seems to rush into each other's arms, embrace, and be one for life. They have been coyly trying to come together, but, as is well known, a "maiden fair," it has been only by the most patient solicitation and the most heroic courting that she has been brought to her present favorable state of mind, just ready as it seems to pronounce the last final "yes," and reward the almost unprecedented patience of her wooer.

There have been two classes of persons in this country much interested in this contemplated match—the people and the speculators. The people have always been interested in trying to bring it about as speedily as possible. "Only marry gold and greenbacks," they have said, "once for good and all, get them fast tied to each other so that they shall not be separated,—so that even Indiana divorce laws can't cut them asunder,—and we all shall be happy." There never was a people more interested in their sovereign's making an eligible match for himself or his heir apparent,—a match which should, by cementing the friendships and interests of powerful nations, make both stronger,—than have the people of this republic in the marriage of greenbacks and gold. But the speculators, that class of brokers and usurers who subsist on the misfortunes of their fellow-men, have from the start opposed the union. They have constantly whispered in the ears of the maiden the most damaging reports of the character and intentions of greenbacks. They have lied beyond all belief; they have filled the very air with their everlasting din and clamor, so that no word could be heard favorable to the consummation of the union. They have purchased the voice of the press and of "statesmen," and for months and months together they have persuaded her to say only "no, no, no," or else to keep silent and stand stock still. And once we remember that prince of swindlers, Fiske, Jr., thrust his enormous "corpus" between the parties, and by main force pushed and thrust gold back and back a long distance. But there is a law of nature in this case as strong, as imperative, and as resistless as that which brings the brave lad and the modest maid to the consummation of their destinies and desires in the happy estate of matrimony. The laws of commerce, the increase of wealth, the sentiment of moral honesty among the people, have helped to force gold and greenbacks—which the exigency of the war separated—together again. How we have been able to do business so long with a constantly fluctuating currency or standard of values, and yet to prosper in any degree under it, is more than we can understand. If any one thing more than another could possibly do us good, and give us such a start in this new decade as would make it more prosperous than any other which the country has known, it would be the resumption of specie payments and the reduction of taxation. Give us a good, sensible, efficient revenue tariff, and we can show the world such progress as it never yet has seen in any people.

"RED AS A ROSE IS SHE," a new novel by the author of "Cometh Up as a Flower," is a very vivid and charming love-story, in which the characters are drawn with unusual vigor, and the incidents have probability and freshness—"Cometh Up as a Flower," and "Not Wisely, but Too Well," the preceding novels by the same author, attracted no little attention on account of their spirited character-sketching; they exhibited, indeed, in this particular, a really striking power. "Red as a Rose" has the same quality. A better-drawn heroine, or one more truly full of a delicious human nature, no recent fiction has supplied. The interest of the story is most absorbing, and, altogether, is the freshest and most readable book of the season. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York, who will mail a copy to any address, post-paid, on receipt of sixty cents, or three books by the same author, for \$1.50.

"Vide et Crede." Attention is directed to the advertisement in another column of the "Union Carpet Co.," a new house just established in Boston.

THE NEWS OF HOME.

Woburn.

What next—specie payments.

Played out—the sleighing.

A slight fall of snow covered the earth again last Tuesday.

More hopeful—the countenances of our ice dealers.

A Woburn necessity—the Middlesex County Journal.

The ladies are getting anxious about the Spring fashions.

Now is the time of year that requires every precaution against throat and lung diseases.

Rev. Dr. Alden, of South Boston, preached at the Congregational vestry Wednesday evening last.

Gold touched 110 yesterday. Greenbacks are worth about 90 cents in gold. We will sell ours for that.

Workmen are adding a story to the L. of Sylvanus Wood's residence, on Pleasant street.

On Monday, March 7th, George McDermott was brought before the court, charged with a single drunk, pleaded guilty, and paid \$3 and costs.

There will be a Sunday school concert in the vestry of the Unitarian church, next Sunday afternoon, at 2 1-2 o'clock. Mr. Barnes' subject in the morning will be "Three Objects of Groundless Terror." There will be no vesper service in the evening.

A new watchmaker, Chas. S. Dearing, formerly with G. W. Dearing, 165 Washington street, Boston, has opened a shop in the building occupied by P. W. Gorham, Main street.

The government bonds of Woburn "blaters" have been decreasing at a rapid pace the last few weeks, owing to the decline in the price of gold. So much the better for those who haven't any bonds.

Mr. Jesse Pearsons of this town, nearly severed the "big toe" from his left foot by an unlucky stroke of an ax, last Friday. Dr. Drew repaired damages.

Last Sunday morning, Francis McDonald, employed by the ice company, had the ankle joint of his left leg severely bruised by getting it jammed between two cakes of ice. Dr. Drew attended him.

Dr. S. W. Drew performed a surgical operation on Mrs. Martha Pearsons, on Wednesday, relieving her of seventy-one pounds or nine gallons of water. It will be remembered that she was subject to a similar operation several months ago.

From the forthcoming town report we gather these facts, interesting to our old ma-lady friends. The number of births in Woburn for the twenty-five years ending with 1869, is 4,907; the number of marriages, 1,193; of deaths, 2,560.

The members of the Musical Association, with others, made Mr. Charles Wood the subject of a surprise party on Tuesday evening, at his residence. Presents were given, supper furnished, and with singing and other amusements a very pleasant evening was passed.

J. G. Pollard entertained the teachers and adult scholars of the Orthodox Sunday school at his house, Tuesday evening, in a very pleasing manner.

Rev. Mr. Dennen will, on Sunday evening next, deliver in the church a lecture on "The Christian's Christ." Previous to the lecture a historical view of the doctrine of infant damnation will be given. Free seats and a cordial invitation.

The Selectmen and other individuals prominent in town were the recipients of the liberal hospitality of D. D. Hart, last Tuesday evening, at Still's hall. Everything was done to make the occasion one of unalloyed pleasure to the guests. Still catered.

Michael Duran attempted to "shin" or slide down a post of the framework outside one of the ice-houses at Horn Horn, Wednesday, but lost his hold and fell a distance of about thirty feet, striking on his head. Dr. Harlow was called, and pronounced his injuries to be concussion of the brain and spinal marrow. Up to our latest intelligence he was insensible.

A Mr. Barnes, of New York, gave what he called "lectures" last Sunday afternoon and evening, and on Tuesday evening, in Barbank Hall, but there is doubt whether Webster's definition of lecture could be applied to his discourses, they being conglomerations of Cardiff giant, "Shoo fly," and spiritualism.

Edwin Wiley, upon two complaints of the agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, "for not providing proper food for his horse," and also for subjecting his horse to unnecessary torture, in permitting it to live in a helpless condition for the space of twenty-four hours," was found guilty on Saturday, upon both charges, was fined \$25 and costs in each case, from which he appealed and gave bonds in \$400, the agent of the society taking the responsibility of killing the animal.

"Personal Beauty," by Drs. Brinton and Napheys, men eminent in their profession, is a book we commend to the attention of the public, it teaching how to cultivate and preserve personal beauty in accordance with the laws of health, how to regulate a tendency to either corpulence or leanness, how to obtain a clear complexion, prevent the hair falling out, and how to improve natural deformities and likewise to prevent them. Cosmetics and poisonous skin-powders are handled without gloves. Our American girls need sadly a good talking to on these matters. Handsomely bound and illustrated. Miss Susie F. Parker is canvassing Woburn, and we bespeak for her a liberal patronage.

Mrs. R. K. Carpenter, of Stoneham, had a hair-breadth escape from a horrible death last Wednesday evening, at Winchester, the details of which we gather as follows. Mr. and Mrs. Carpenter drove up in front of the post office, and the gentleman got out and entered the building, leaving the lady in the carriage. In a few minutes the 5 o'clock express train from Boston came in sight, whereupon the horse began to back directly upon the track, to the horror of the bystanders. The engine struck the carriage and broke into splinters all but the forward wheels and the dasher, to which Mrs. Carpenter had presence of mind enough to cling, and the horse in his fright swung round and was himself cut to pieces under the car wheels. The lady's escape was almost miraculous, some severe bruises being the extent of her injuries.

Extensive preparations are in progress for the grand union ball of the Woburn Fire Department, which comes off on Friday evening of next week, and it is safe to predict that it will be the most brilliant and successful affair of the kind ever given in this vicinity. Invitations have been extended to prominent officers of the fire departments of Boston, Malden, Lynn, Medford, and many other towns, who will all appear in uniform, and the music of Bond's band has been engaged. The name of our fire department is a synonym for efficiency and promptness, and therefore in the present instance those who attend balls can rely upon a first class entertainment.

Carlton's new book, "Our New Way Round the World," is being canvassed for in Stoneham, Woburn and Winchester, by Mr. H. A. Daniels, who will give all of our readers an opportunity of placing their names upon his subscription book. The name of the author is a guarantee of the fascinating character of the work, descriptive of his tour round the world, but if our commendation is needed we can cordially say, after looking it over, that in view of the information it gives and the interest it excites, the book is all and more that it is represented to be, and worth double the price asked for it.

Dr. Stone's lecture on "The Sunset Land," Monday evening, drew, as we predicted, a full house, even though a thick snow storm prevailed at the time.

We should judge there were at least twelve hundred persons present, to whom the lecture was a source of much instruction and pleasure. The speaker has evidently seen California under the most favorable light, perhaps more so than a majority of those who leave home and kindred for its far-off shores; still, laying aside this, there was a large amount of information given, told in the inimitable way peculiar to Dr. Stone. Some things, coming from any other source, would be hard to believe, for instance the height to which trees attain in the sunset land, some being only four hundred feet high, or about twice the height of the First Church spire. The audience evinced deep pleasure by the frequent and hearty outbursts that could not be suppressed at his anecdotes and comments.

A SURPRISE PARTY.—Last Tuesday evening, March 1st, was the anniversary of the thirteenth birthday of Miss Emma Stone, daughter of Wm. A. Stone, Esq. Her young friends to the number of about fifty, met at the house of Capt. Perham, and at 7 o'clock, "fell into line of march," under the gallant lead of "Gen. Lisha and Johnny," and made a flank move on Miss Emma, and took her completely by surprise. Of course she surrendered gracefully. The evening was spent joyously by the young folks. Miss Alice and Lizzie Howland, assisted by Miss Susie Buckman, added much to the pleasure of the evening by making the piano discourse sweet music. Miss Stone received several elegant presents from her friends, in honor of the occasion. Quite a large number of the neighbors called during the evening, and were made happy by seeing how perfectly happy and gay the little folks were. About 10 o'clock, the party retired to their several homes, with the unanimous verdict of, "Oh, my! haven't we had a good time!"

The town appropriated \$40,575 as follows: Lindenwood cemetery, \$300, public library \$500, schools \$8,000, evening schools \$400, highways \$2,500, Malden bridge tax \$75, new roads \$1000, school indebtedness \$1,500, interest \$500, paying town debt \$2,000, poor in and out of Almshouse 3,500, fire department \$1,000, State aid \$1,700, town officers \$1,800, incidental expenses \$3,000, new engine \$4,000, Marble street \$800, horse carriage and hose \$1,500, engine house \$2,000.

It is a consolation to know, notwithstanding the mild winter and the dire forebodings of the dealers, that ice will be plentiful and ought to be reasonably cheap next summer. There is no necessity of life with which we could dispense more readily during the hot and dusty months, when newspaper men and few other like unfortunates must remain at their posts. We can well remember the distress once created in New Orleans when there was no ice to be had for love or money. The small stock on hand was seized by the government for use in the hospitals. The bar keeper's occupation was gone. The pleasant clinking of tumblers on marble counters was low, and poor thirsty souls went like mourners about the streets. This lasted for several days, when the joyful tidings came that seven vessels loaded with ice had crossed the Bar. The saloons soon resumed business, and men were cheerful once more, despite of yellow fever, the pestilence that was walking so fearfully at noon-day. Admonished by this dependence on a far distant source for this indispensable article, a company was organized to manufacture ice by artificial means. We learn that the operation has been a very successful one. The machines are built in Paris, at a cost of \$25,000. They will make from ten to twelve tons of ice per day, which is sold at \$40 a ton, leaving a handsome profit to the manufacturer. But as for our own people, as long as the seasons preserve their old sequence and habits, and the gulf stream plays no antics so as to change the stern and icy winter into

mid spring weather, we shall not have to call upon art to do that which nature can do so easily and so well. The past winter has been an exceptional one. Our public spirited ice dealers, have been as much disappointed as any of the rest of us. But though our ponds have not yielded their crystal treasures to fill up their empty ice-houses, we are admonished only to be a little prudent in our consumption of it now, in order to secure an abundance when we shall need it more hereafter. We learn that the ponds in Maine and other neighboring States are yielding about their usual supply; and it is not long since some of our exchanges told us that, at the lowest estimate, a thousand vessels would be needed to carry away the ice packed and yet to be stored on the Kennebec river the present season. We may well take courage in view of these cheerful facts.

The Baptist Church recently organized in this town, with thirty-one members, celebrated the ordinance of the Lord's supper for the first time last Sabbath. There were present thirty-one to partake of the emblems of the Savior's dying love. This new interest is prospering under the faithful labors of Rev. John Peacock, an earnest and devoted laborer for Christ. On next Sabbath evening, at half-past six o'clock, the Sabbath school concert will be observed. A cordial invitation is extended to all to be present.

On Wednesday evening, March 16th, Wendell Phillips will deliver his lecture on Daniel O'Connell, in the Town Hall, Stoneham. As everybody wants to hear him the hall will certainly be crowded. Tickets may be had at Whittier's and Rice's periodical stores.

Last Monday—the day for our annual town meeting—was anything but pleasant. In fact it was about as rough a day as we have had since the year came in. But if it was stormy outside, it was peaceful within the portals of our old Town Hall, which was well filled with our citizens. L. F. Lynde was chosen moderator, and a list of Town officers elected as follows:

Town Clerk—Silas Dean.
Selectmen—Amos Hill, J. W. Osgood, M. J. Ferren.

Assessors—Jesse Curtis, John Best, Elisha Green.

Overseers of Poor—Silas Dean, C. M. Boyce, John Lahey, Jr.

Constables—Otis Bucknam, Lewis Maxwell, F. A. Cloutman.

Town Officers—Otis Bucknam, Hazen Whitteer, Richard Plummer.

Treasurer—Sumner Richardson.

Collector—D. N. Stevens.

Committee on Public Library—Lyman Dyke, W. B. Stevens.

Trustee of Lindenwood Cemetery—Sumner Richardson, 2d.

School Committee for three years—W. B. Stevens.

Highway Surveyors—J. W. White, W. C. Dustin.

Field Drivers—M. G. Dodge, Jesse K. Wilson, G. A. Jeffs, Ira Bucknam, J. A. Green, C. A. Edwards.

Pound Keeper—J. A. Green.

Fence Viewers—Amasa Farrier, B. F. Richardson, J. A. Green.

Surveyors of Lumber—B. F. Richardson, Orin Herson, W. W. Child.

Measures of Wood and Bark—C. H. Brown, Aaron Hill, B. F. Richardson, W. D. Rice, Amos Hill.

Sealers of Leather—John Allen, W. H. Hurd, C. H. Brown, Melzar W. Eaton.

Voted, to restrain cattle from going at large within the town limits.

To allow the same compensation for the fire department this year as last.

A well written and interesting report was read by Wm. B. Stevens, Esq., relative to the building of a high and grand school-house, and it was voted to build a high school-house and locate the same on land adjoining the town house lot, belonging to C. W. Tidd, Sarah K. Moore and Wm. Tidd, at an expense of about \$18,000. Arad Gerry, John Hill and Onslow Gilmore were appointed building committee.

The town appropriated \$40,575 as follows: Lindenwood cemetery, \$300, public library \$500, schools \$8,000, evening schools \$400, highways \$2,500, Malden bridge tax \$75, new roads \$1000, school indebtedness \$1,500, interest \$500, paying town debt \$2,000, poor in and out of Almshouse 3,500, fire department \$1,000, State aid \$1,700, town officers \$1,800, incidental expenses \$3,000, new engine \$4,000, Marble street \$800, horse carriage and hose \$1,500, engine house \$2,000.

It is a consolation to know, notwithstanding the mild winter and the dire forebodings of the dealers, that ice will be plentiful and ought to be reasonably cheap next summer. There is no necessity of life with which we could dispense more readily during the hot and dusty months, when newspaper men and few other like unfortunates must remain at their posts. We can well remember the distress once created in New Orleans when there was no ice to be had for love or money. The small stock on hand was seized by the government for use in the hospitals. The bar keeper's occupation was gone. The pleasant clinking of tumblers on marble counters was low, and poor thirsty souls went like mourners about the streets. This lasted for several days, when the joyful tidings came that seven vessels loaded with ice had crossed the Bar. The saloons soon resumed business, and men were cheerful once more, despite of yellow fever, the pestilence that was walking so fearfully at noon-day. Admonished by this dependence on a far distant source for this indispensable article, a company was organized to manufacture ice by artificial means. We learn that the operation has been a very successful one. The machines are built in Paris, at a cost of \$25,000. They will make from ten to twelve tons of ice per day, which is sold at \$40 a ton, leaving a handsome profit to the manufacturer. But as for our own people, as long as the seasons preserve their old sequence and habits, and the gulf stream plays no antics so as to change the stern and icy winter into

mid spring weather, we shall not have to call upon art to do that which nature can do so easily and so well. The past winter has been an exceptional one. Our public spirited ice dealers, have been as much disappointed as any of the rest of us. But though our ponds have not yielded their crystal treasures to fill up their empty ice-houses, we are admonished only to be a little prudent in our consumption of it now, in order to secure an abundance when we shall need it more hereafter. We learn that the ponds in Maine and other neighboring States are yielding about their usual supply; and it is not long since some of our exchanges told us that, at the lowest estimate, a thousand vessels would be needed to carry away the ice packed and yet to be stored on the Kennebec river the present season. We may well take courage in view of these cheerful facts.

The Baptist Church recently organized in this town, with thirty-one members, celebrated the ordinance of the Lord's supper for the first time last Sabbath. There were present thirty-one to partake of the emblems of the Savior's dying love. This new interest is prospering under the faithful labors of Rev. John Peacock, an earnest and devoted laborer for Christ. On next Sabbath evening, at half-past six o'clock, the Sabbath school concert will be observed. A cordial invitation is extended to all to be present.

On Wednesday evening, March 16th, Wendell Phillips will deliver his lecture on Daniel O'Connell, in the Town Hall, Stoneham. As everybody wants to hear him the hall will certainly be crowded. Tickets may be had at Whittier's and Rice's periodical stores.

Last Monday—the day for our annual town meeting—was anything but pleasant. In fact it was about as rough a day as we have had since the year came in. But if it was stormy outside, it was peaceful within the portals of our old Town Hall, which was well filled with our citizens. L. F. Lynde was chosen moderator, and a list of Town officers elected as follows:

Town Clerk—Silas Dean.
Selectmen—Amos Hill, J. W. Osgood, M. J. Ferren.

Assessors—Jesse Curtis, John Best, Elisha Green.

Overseers of Poor—Silas Dean, C. M. Boyce, John Lahey, Jr.

Constables—Otis Bucknam, Lewis Maxwell, F. A. Cloutman.

The new Unitarian church edifice in Winchester will be dedicated next Thursday evening, services commencing at half-past seven.

Rev. Mr. Robinson, the pastor of the Congregational society, started for Florida last Monday, in company with Mr. Harrison Parker, in hopes to benefit his health, which is very poor.

Workmen have commenced dividing the lower Lyceum Hall in various apartments, one portion to Mr. Brown, another to Mr. Lee as an extension of their present premises, and the balance to Mr. Smith for a provision store, so that no more will our citizens assemble in this as their town hall, nor shall we have the use of it for the various purposes to which it has been so long devoted. Is it not time we should have a new town hall, and that with the other edifices heretofore erected we should add this, so much needed? We believe there is a fund invested for this purpose, and why should not this amount and whatever additional is required be appropriated to this object?

The town meeting on the fourth Monday of this month, will be held in Lyceum Hall.

The will of Paul Adams, Jr., was admitted to probate on Monday. The real and personal estate is valued at \$45,000.

At the annual Town Meeting on Monday, everything was pleasant, and the citizens displayed their usual liberality in making the necessary appropriations, for the ensuing year, which are very large for a town of our valuation and number of inhabitants. The warrant comprised 28 articles, and was easily engineered under the moderators of Edward Appleton, Esq. The following gentlemen were chosen to fill the principal offices: Town Clerk—Wm. J. Wightman, James A. Bancroft, Charles Tweed, Assessors—N. P. Pratt, John Burrill, Wm. J. Wightman, Treasurer and Collector—James A. Bancroft. The School Committee were reduced from nine to six. This is the board—Hiram Barrus, E. Hunt, W. J. Wightman, J. P. Morton, S. E. Parker, C. B. McIntire. Female suffrage does not increase in popularity in this town very fast, as the object in reducing the Committee was to dispense with the services of three ladies who formerly constituted part of the board. It is for no lust of office seeking that one gentleman is elected to almost every office in town, but many of our best citizens have private business of their own, which they are not willing to neglect to serve their town. The following appropriations were voted: Ordinary expenses \$5,500, schools \$7,000, interest on town debt \$3,000, fire department \$2,300, public library \$150, cemetery \$300, highways 3,500, total, \$22,550, which your readers will see is very generous for a small town.

The number of marriages registered in town the past year was 25, all of whom were natives of the United States with the exception of 3 males and 2 females; whole number of births, 38; 18 males 20 females; whole number of deaths 52.

Our Library, which was only opened Feb 17th, 1869, is being highly appreciated. It comprises 1577 volumes, and is constantly receiving additions. At the meeting Monday, the town received the very liberal donation of \$500, from the Hon. H. P. Wakefield, M. D., of Monson, who, although having left this his native place, to serve the State in a very responsible capacity, has shown by this gift that he has not lost the interest he has always taken in the prosperity of old Reading.

Notwithstanding the season came on late, Mr. Edson Damon has secured a much larger supply of ice than ever before. It is of excellent quality, and being about ten inches thick, will be just right for the retail trade in this town. We hope the Boston & Maine railroad company will take into consideration the decline in the price of gold, and lower their fares to correspond.

The town of Reading have only four paupers at their Almshouse.

A large amount of pine lumber has been cut, and drawn to the sawmills in town. The most of it will probably be used by the cabinet manufacturers in town.

It is said, by those who know that there are five places in town between the post office and the railroad depot, where distilled liquors are sold at retail. This ought not to be.

At a town meeting held on Monday, March 7th, the following named persons were duly elected: Moderator—Jonathan Carter, 2d. Town Clerk—Wm. H. Carter. Selectmen, Assessors and Overseers of Poor—Lemuel C. Eames, H. Allen Sheldon, Henry Sheldon. Treasurer and Collector—Warren Eames. Constables—A. Porter Pearson, Henry L. Bancroft, School Committee—Lemuel C. Eames, three years, Warren Eames, one year. Public Weigher—Samuel B. Nichols. Highway Surveyors—Henry Sheldon, James K. Pearson, Simeon Jaquith, Frederick White, Thomas D. Bond, Solon L. Johnson, Charles Hopkins, Hiram Bancroft, Otis Harnden, Joshua Bond, Levi Manning, James J. Harnden, Sylvester Carter. Surveyors of Lumber—Henry Sheldon, Henry Harnden, Warren Eames, Silas Brown, H. Allen Sheldon, Edward A. Carter, Henry Harnden. Field drivers—Otis Harnden, Henry Sheldon, Daniel Gowing, Otis C. Buck, Solon L. Johnson. Pound Keeper—Samuel B. Nichols. Fence Viewers—Henry Sheldon, Wm. E. Gowing, Otis C. Buck. Voted to raise \$1,075 for schooling, \$4,000 to defray annual expenses and pay town debts, and \$1,000 for highways.

New Hampshire is all right. The Republicans have made a clean sweep. Gov. Stearns' majority will be about 1500.

Enterprising traders in several American cities, have begun to make change with their customers in silver. The movement is becoming quite general, and we look upon it as the harbinger of the days, which we hope are not far distant, when a dollar in paper money will be equal to a dollar in specie.

Mr. Joshua Billings says: "One of the funniest scenes I ever saw was two old maids waiting on one sick widower."

"Come here my dear," said a young man to a little girl, to whose sister he was paying his addresses; "you are the sweetest thing on earth." "No I am not," she replied, artfully; "sister says you are the sweetest!"

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TO RENT.—A two story and a half house on Main street, containing ten rooms. Very nicely located, and houses every want. Rent \$150 per year. Inquire of JAMES D. LEY.

25 cents; over half a mile, 50 cents. Orders to the Stable will be promptly attended to.

GILMAN F. JOHNSON
Woburn, Jan. 22, 1879.

RECEIVED
P. TEARE, Merchant Tailor
March 13, 1869.

MURKIN, at E. Trail's, after T. F. M.

NO LET.—A tenement of four rooms. For
1 &c., inquire at this office.

Read and Personal Notice by Auction. In
in first class offices, both Fire and Life. Of
during the day and evenings, except Wednesdays
and Friday.

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BARNEY has been delivering a lecture entitled "How to be Happy," but we cannot see that he has improved on the old receipt: "Be virtuous."

England has released a man who has been confined twenty-seven years for \$1 debt.

Americans are the champion skaters on the aristocratic \$20 pond in the Paris Bois.

Philadelphia has exported 4,699,999 gallons of petroleum oil since the 1st of January.

Young gentlemen who are fascinated by the "curl of the period," are styled switch tenders.

The latest synonym for the place to which the wicked are condemned is "everlasting Anguish."

Green peas and canfielders of this year's growth have been received in New York from California.

A jilted chemist finds love to be composed of fifteen parts of gold, three of fame, and two of affection.

Two hours is the time of a White House dinner, consisting of eleven courses, with sherry, hock, Sauterne, Champagne, and Madeira.

THE ESSEX DISTRICT CADETSHIP.—Gen. Butler has appointed to the Cadetship of the Essex District at West Point, a young man named Sumner Wilson, of Salem, a son of Thomas C. Wilson, a private soldier, who died in the service of the United States. His widowed mother resides in Salem, where she has given him an excellent education at the public schools, and he is said to be well qualified for the appointment. His complexion is the same as that of the senator from Mississippi.

Memory presides over the past; action over the present. The first lives in a rich temple hung with glorious trophies, and lined with toms; the other has no shrine but duty, and it walks the earth like a spirit.

GRAIN.

I would respectfully call the attention of consumers of grain to the

Superior Quality of Meal
Which I am offering to the people of this vicinity.

Made from the Best of Sound Corn
and FRESHLY GROUND.

Parties that are using it will have no other; and being determined to keep up the reputation of it, I warrant every bag to be so.

These wishing an article which they can rely upon and not wishing need made from green and damaged corn, can be sure that what they get from the

WOBBURN GRAIN MILLS,
Is all that it is recommended.

Be sure and get the **WOBBURN MEAL**, when you order from your grocer.

S. SIMONDS.

Wood Sawing

By Steam.

The subscriber has a Circular Saw in operation
At his Wood and Coal Yard

With which he is prepared to

SAW WOOD.

For his customers, and deliver it to them ready for the stove, at a slight advance upon the price of the wood. Customers are invited to call and examine my improvement.

J. B. McDONALD.

J. O'CONNELL, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

RESIDENCE,
House of the late Mr. E. J. Jones, Warren Street,
Woburn Centre.

Office Hours: 1 to 4 P. M., 1 to 4 and 7 to 9 P. M.,
6 to 10 P. M.

Sewing Machines to Let
BY THE WEEK OR MONTH.

At DODGE'S.

North Woburn Street Railroad

On and after FRIDAY, Oct. 1st, 1893.

CAHLS will leave North Woburn at 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, A. M.; 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45, P. M.

On Sundays at church hours as usual.

D. D. BART.

BUY YOUR
Jewelry and Silver Ware

AT

DODGE'S

JEWELRY STORE.

You can have any article of

HAIR WORK

OR

Solid Silver Ware

Made to order, at less than Boston prices. You can buy all kinds of

AMERICAN WATCHES

AT DODGE'S,

AT LOW PRICES.

Howard Watches,
Waltham Watches,
Elgin Watches

A good assortment always on hand, in gold and silver.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every class of society, as Ayer's Cathartic Pills. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and certain remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cures them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always.

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A. T. YOUNG,
AGENT FOR
VALENTINE & BUTLER'S
ALUM PATENT

Fire Proof and Burglar
SAFE.

Sample can be seen at C. A. SMITH'S Dry Goods Store.

GEORGE H. MILLER,
Paper Hanger.

Orders left at Paint Shop, Walnut St.,
OR AT HIS HOUSE ON FAIRMONT STREET,
Promptly attended to. om11

M. ELLIS & CO.,
BUILDING MOVERS, STONE MASONS
AND CELLAR BUILDERS,
Park St., Rear of Baptist Church,
WOBBURN.

Laborers furnished by the day. Having had an experience of twenty-five years in the moving and cellar building, we guarantee to give good satisfaction.

C. S. ADKINS,
Keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of

WRITING PAPER,
ENVELOPES, PENS, PENCILS AND INK
ALSO

Diaries and Blank Books,
Albums, Games and Toys.

ALL THE

Daily Newspapers
AND PERIODICALS OF THE DAY.

A fine assortment of

CONFECTIONERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, SOAP, AND
PERFUMERY.

Agent for the sale of

Movsey's Hair Balm,
Which is the best preparation for the hair in the market, and gives entire satisfaction.

Next Door to the Post Office
MAIN STREET, WOBBURN.

MRS. E. L. WEBBER,
MUSIC TEACHER,
COURT STREET,
Woburn N. H.

DENTAL CARD.
BEAUTIFUL SETS OF
ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

INSERTED FOR \$15 AND \$20, BY
DR. C. T. LANG,
WINN STREET, WOBBURN.

Bookkeeping and Penmanship.

J. A. BOUTELLE
Withdrawing

EVENING SCHOOL.
At his Room in BANK BLOCK, Woburn, on
Thursday Evening, Sept. 30th.

At 7 o'clock, where the above branches will be taught. The school will be on Monday and Thursday evenings. Pupils received at any time. No class system. Ladies and gentlemen preferring to attend in their own homes can meet on the above days in the room of J. A. Boutelle.

TERMS.—For a course of 12 Lessons in Writing, \$2.00. For a course of 12 Lessons in Bookkeeping, \$3.00. Mr. Boutelle will continue to make general investigations, compile genealogies, execute family charts, fill out diplomas, &c.

CENTRAL HOUSE
Livery, Hack, and Boarding
STABLE
MAIN STREET, WOBBURN.

G. F. JONES, Proprietor

ICE CREAM
Of the Best Quality
furnished at all seasons
of the year to Fairs, Parties,
Families, &c., at low rates, by the
BOSTON ICE CREAM CO.,
9 Spring Lane, Boston.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to
its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which
is at once agreeable,
healthy, and effectual
for preserving the
hair. Faded or gray
hair is soon restored
to its original color
with the gloss and
freshness of youth.

This hair is thick-
ened, falling hair checked, and bald-
ness often, though not always, cured
by its use. Nothing can restore the
hair where the follicles are destroyed,
or the glands atrophied and decayed.
But such a result can be saved for
usefulness by this application. Instead
of fouling the hair with a pasty sedi-
ment, it will keep it clean and vigorous.
Its occasional use will prevent the hair
from turning gray or falling off, and
consequently prevent baldness. Free
from those deleterious substances which
make some preparations dangerous and
injurious to the hair, the Vigor can
only benefit but not harm it. It wanted
merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,
nothing else can be found so desirable.
Containing neither oil nor dye, it does
not soil white cambric, and yet lasts
long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy
lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE \$1.00.

The best and Cheapest Place to Buy

CLOTHES WRINGERS,
OR WASHING MACHINES.

Or to get your WRINGERS REPAIRED at

H. S. THAYER'S,
42 ELM STREET, — BOSTON.

Entrance from the Yard of Widdie's Hotel. city42

Sewing Machines.

All the best kinds, for sale at DODGE'S at Boston
prices, or by installments.

TO MY CUSTOMERS
And the Public generally
OF WOBBURN AND VICINITY.

From modest motives my advertisement has not
appeared in the columns of this Journal for some
time, but feeling sensible of the acknowledgments
due to my many customers, I feel it my duty to
tender my signature once more. Besides acknowl-
edging the many favors bestowed upon me, I
again tender my thanks for your liberal patronage
for the past year, and flatter myself with the
general satisfaction manifested. I would give
a cordial invitation to all to call and examine my
well selected stock of

Fall Goods,
Consisting of
CHINCHILLAS,
ESQUIMAUX,
MOSCOW AND
CASTOR BEAVERS

A choice variety of

German Tricots, Broadcloths,
DOESKINS AND CASSIMERES.

ALSO,
CHOICE PLAIDS
AND CASSIMERES,

Manufactured by the celebrated E. Harris. Also,
a large stock of

Ready-Made Clothing,
Just received, consisting of

Beaver Sacks and Surtouts.
OVERCOATS,
Men's Suits,
Hanging in price from \$12 to \$20 per suit.

Vests and Pants
In great variety.

Furnishing Goods,
Consisting of
White and Fancy Striped Shirts,
Outside Vests, and Working Shirts,
Under Shirts and Drawers.

HATS, CAPS,
COLLARS, NECKTIES, HANDKERCHIEFS,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES of every description.

GENTLEMEN'S WHITE SHIRTS
Made to order from New style of measurement,
and warranted to fit.

All of which will be sold at a very
Low Price for Cash,
AT THE "OLD STAND."

A. GRANT,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Main Street, Woburn,
First Door South of Bank Block, first Door North
of St. Martin's Woburn Bookstore. 22

P. CREHAN,
Commission and Merchant Tailor,
Corner Main and Union Streets,
WOBBURN, MASS.

Bege to inform the public that he has just opened
for sale the largest and

FINEST STOCK OF GOODS
Ever seen in Woburn, consisting of

Beavers, Doeskins,
TRICOTS, CASSIMERES, MELTONS, BROAD-
CLOTHS, FLANNELS.

And other goods suitable for the season. Also,
Cloths for Ladies' Cloakings,
A fine assortment of
Custom & Ready Made Clothing,
BOYS' SUITS.

Hats and Caps,
Shirts and Drawers, Neckties and Collars, Socks,
Gloves, and Mitts, can be always found in his store,
which will sell low.

Men's and Boy's Suits, and Ladies' Sacks and
Cloaks cut and made to order and warranted to
give satisfaction.

A Splendid Lot of Overcoats,
FOR SALE LOW.

Thinking his friends for past patronage, he wishes
to inform them that he is special agent for all the
steamers to and from Europe, California and Aus-
tralia. Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland for
one pound and upwards, for sale at lowest rates.

December 1st Store,
227 Corner Main and Union Streets, 227
WOBBURN CENTRE. 811

COAL
AND

LUMBER. 75 Barrels

Pure Lackawanna Coal,
Old Company's production, freshly mined, Egg and
Stove sizes.

Mammoth Vein,
Excelsior and Suffolk Coals.

Furnace, Egg, Stove and Nut sizes, for steam and
domestic uses.

CUMBERLAND
COAL,
Or the best quality, for Blacksmith's use. The best
and cheapest Coal for steam purposes.

Wood Sawed
TO ORDER.

Office at the Lumber Yard,
Main street,
Nearly opposite the Depot.

J. E. Littlefield & Sons

At Dodge's
JEWELRY STORE,
Only \$60 for Your Choice.

The Howe Sewing Machine,
Singer
Weed
Grover & Baker,
Wheeler & Wilson's,
Florence only \$63.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.
One of the best articles for a

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS PRESENT,
IS A

Sewing Machine.

Every Machine warranted to give satisfaction.
Machines delivered anywhere within ten miles free
of charge. Persons purchasing machines will be
tempted to operate them either at my store or their
homes. Also all kinds of Machine Needles and
Findings.

JAMES W. TURNER,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
47 Hanover Street, Boston.

The public are respectfully informed that
his old establishment has been recently
entirely remodelled. A new glass front for making
all kinds of

Photographs, Tintypes, Porcelains, &c.
In an improved and rapid manner. Pictures made
almost instantaneously. One of the Largest Oper-
ating Rooms in the City. Fitted up with all the
latest improvements known in the Art.

New and elegant Parlors, Reception Rooms and
Offices have been added, making it altogether one
of the best appointed Picture Establishments in
New England. Prices the same as usual. All
work warranted to give satisfaction.

Particular attention given to Copying Old Pic-
tures or enlarging of any size. Also, finished in
India Ink, Oil, or Water Colors. Please call and
see.

Woburn County Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North Reading, Wakefield, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XIX : : No. 26.

WOBURN, MASS., SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1870.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 5 CENTS

ED. H. HUTCHINGS M. D.,

ELECTIC

Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate of the University of Medicine and Surgery, and of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York; also, of the Eclectic Medical College of Cincinnati.

LUNGS, HUMORS, CANCERS, AND ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

Have been treated with unprecedented success by him for the last ten years.

Skin Diseases and Humors.

Dr. H. has long been successful in treating all diseases of the skin, and is not only a specialist in this branch, but also a general practitioner.

CATARH.

Which is not arrested is sure to lead to consumption, and is quickly and permanently cured by his popular remedies.

Office and Residence Main Street,

(Opposite the High School).

Office hours—12 M. to 2 P. M.; 5 to 9 P. M.

FRED. GAGE,

House Painter, Grainer,

AND GLAZIER.

ALL KINDS OF COLORED PAINTS,

PUTTY AND GLASS ON HAND AND

FOR SALE.

Blinds furnished, painted and hung to order.

Shop Room of M. E. Church, Walnut

STREET, WOBURN, CENTRE.

HENSHAW & Co.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

Cast Steel Saws,

CURRIES, BLADES, LIXING AND STIP-

PER, AND ALL KINDS OF

Slickers, Scrapers and Springs.

All orders promptly attended to at their Mill in

East Woburn, or at their store at Exchange street,

Room 2, Boston.

The highest price, a Silver Medal, was awarded to

them for their display of Saws, &c., at the exhibi-

tion of the Massachusetts Mechanics' Association in 1868.

F. J. BANOROFF,

Organ, Piano Forte and Melodeon

Tuner and Repairer,

At Oliver Dimes' Music Store, 277 Washington

Street, Boston.

Orders left at Harlow's Bookstore in Woburn, and

at the Post Office in Stoneham, will be promptly

attended to.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PETER KENNEY,

Dealer in

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS.

First Door South the Post Office,

WOBURN, MASS.

A large and fresh assortment of Ladies', Gents',

Boys', and Children's Boots and Shoes of

every description. Rubbers and Rubber Boots

selling at the Lowest Prices. P. KENNEY.

Woburn, Dec. 1st, 1869.

A. E. THOMPSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

DRY GOODS,

Woolens and Small Wares,

West India Goods, Flour

AND GRAIN.

Groceries and Glass Ware, Paper Hangings, Paints,

Oil, &c.

No. 3 WIDE BLOCK,

A. E. THOMPSON & CO.,

WOBURN.

J. C. OSGOOD,

33 Winter Street, - Boston,

Dealers in

DRESS, CLOAK AND MANTILLA

TRIMMINGS.

Of all kinds.

Buttons, Braid & Thread Store Goods,

French and German Corsets.

Of German Corsets we have a nice article, sixteen

bones, for 1.00.

We are constantly receiving the new styles of

TRIMMINGS.

As they come out, and will sell them at the lowest

market prices.

Neptune House

CHELSEA BEACH.

Game and Fish Suppers.

JOSEPH NASON, Proprietor.

232 Essex Street, Rooms secured by address-

ing No. Chelsea F. O.

THOMAS R. CORBETT

CARPENTER AND BUILDER.

(Late of the firm of De Laun & Corbett) would

respectfully inform his friends, Woburn and vic-

inity, that he has not retired from business, but

intends to continue the same, as formerly.

Grateful for favors in the past, he hopes to merit a

The Country Tavern.

"A low, old-fashioned house, built on a brook
with all the appearance of a comfortable
home, save only a leaning and antiquated
signpost." Willie's Letters from under a Bridge.

Oh, well! I remember that building so quaint,
From the foot to the rear on its hills;
And the traveller, however so weary he were
Might rest in those honest old walls.

On a warm summer's day, that massive front
door
Always open invitingly stood;
While a red-bottomed chair, with rockers and
a bow,
Gave a welcome as well as the roof.

How many a traveller there I have seen
With his hat thrown down on the floor,
Fast asleep in the chair, all unconscious of
the
Of the school-children passing the door.

While his horse in the yard so quietly fed,
Not even attempting to start;
And nibbled the grass, while the brave Newfoundland
dog
Fast asleep, lay under the cart.

The well, too, was there, with its bucket so green
In which the cool water came up;
More refreshing it seemed than the contents do
now
Of the golden lined, silver cup!

But the building's torn down, and on the same
spot
Is built a fine mansion of stone.
The well, too, is covered, and every trace
Of twenty years since is now gone!

The weary, worn traveller also has passed
Away from the scenes of earth's strife—
To dwell in the mansion prepared for us all,
And to drink of the "waters of life."

"Vide et Crede."
THE
UNION CARPET CO.

Just Established at
51 Hanover Street,
Are Opening at
POPULAR LOW PRICES.

An Invoice of
Japan Mattings.
The finest known, at \$10 per Roll of 30 yds.
The most modern
ENGLISH TAPESTRIES,
At \$1.50 per yard,
INGRAINS,
3-PLYS,
At \$1.50.

Also a complete stock of new, rich and fine
CARPETINGS,
All at prices to suit every customer.
UNION CARPET CO.
51 HANOVER ST., BOSTON. 4123

SAVE MONEY
BY
Purchasing your ORGANS & PIANOS
OF
JOHN C. HAYNES & CO.,
33 Court Street,
BOSTON, MASS.

Price lower than any other establishment in New
England.
Organs and Pianos of every variety of style,
All instruments first class, and warranted five
years.
Instruments rented, and sold on instalments.
CALL AND SEE THEM.

We also keep on hand a large stock of SHEET
MUSIC, and every variety of MUSICAL MER-
CHANDISE, AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
P. KENNEY.

E. O. SOLES'
NEW
Meat and Vegetable
MARKET,

On Main St., Woburn Center,
First Door South of Woburn Bookstore.

Keeps constantly on hand, the best quality and all
kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats,
VEGETABLES AND FRUITS
IN THEIR SEASON.

Poultry, Lard, Tripe,
DRIED & SMOKED MEATS
AND
HOME MADE SAUSAGES.

Of the very best quality.
GAME FURNISHED TO ORDER.

His new store is the best and largest in town, and
he hopes by always supplying the best in his line, to
secure a liberal share of patronage. E. O. SOLES.

VERY CHOICE
SOUTHWAY'S
BROKEN CANDY.

Consisting of twenty-one varieties, is one of the best
Candies that can be manufactured.
For purity and quality it cannot be excelled.
Wholesale and retail, by TREMONT STREET,
BOSTON. 4124

REMOVAL.
HOWE SEWING MACHINES
AND
BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.

Removed from
21 AND 23 BROMFIELD STREET, BOSTON,
TO
144 Tremont Street, - Opposite Common
PLUMMER & WILDER,
General N. E. Agents. 4129

My Visit to the State Prison.

I told you last week, says a corres-
pondent of the Youth's Companion, about
my visit to the warden's office in the
Massachusetts State Prison, and the
curiosities we found there. From that
room we were conducted through the
prison.

There are never less than four or five
hundred persons in the penitentiary, all
of them for grave crimes and for long
terms of imprisonment, all of them kept
constantly at work, under kind, but in-
flexible overseers, who while they never
treat a convict cruelly, never suffer him
to live away his time.

We crossed the yard, and first entered
the hospital, where the sick inmates are
cared for. The room was warm and
pleasant, and the cells that led from it
were decorated with a few rude pictures,
which the friends of the prisoners had
brought to them from time to time.

Prisoners like to make their cells as
pleasant as they can, and so they cut out
from illustrated journals and magazines
the fashion plates and engravings, and
hang them upon the bare stone walls.

WORK SHOPS.
We next went to the casting shop
where from ninety to a hundred men are
employed. In this long, low, brown,
wooden building, with its wide roof
checked all over with skylight, the convicts
are taught the trade of a moulder,
and before their terms expire, some of
them become skillful workmen.

In one part of the shop we saw half a
dozen men standing up in a row, each
with a mug in one hand and a shaving-
brush in the other, with which he was
lathering his face, might and main.

That's the way we shave, said the
warden; you see it saves time. Every
inmate shaves twice a week. The barbers
go round as the men are at their
work—they lather themselves, and so the
barbers can shave a great number in a
very short time.

Are the barbers prisoners, too? I
asked.

O yes, said the warden, all of them.
Why do you have the prisoners shaved
at all? I asked.

Well, said the warden, it gives them a
uniform appearance, and induces a habit
of cleanliness; and then without degrad-
ing the men, as wearing a parti-colored
dress does, it serves to detect them if
they try to escape in the day-time.

How do they escape? I asked.

Well, replied the warden, once in a
while a chance occurs; and a prisoner
longs for liberty so ardently that he never
lets it slip. When the wagons come in
from the outside, for instance, if a convict
should be able to change his dress, he
might slip out unobserved. But now, as
all our men are clean shaven, we
should detect a convict at the gate at once.

I glanced at one of my companions—
for, besides the artist, a bishop's son was
with me, and he, being a priest, was clean
shaven! But I made up my mind that,
no matter who should suspect him, he
should be permitted to go out as freely
as he entered!

From the moulding shop we went into
others. First, into one room in which
the castings were rubbed down; into
another, in which they were run into a
furnace and bronzed; into a third in
which the various parts of the gas-fix-
tures and chandeliers were put together;
into a fourth, and the last one, in which
they were packed up in paper for the
market.

From the metal shops we went to the
wood shops, where the men were em-
ployed in manufacturing portable cots or
spring beds for the army, summer camp-
life, and the over-crowded hotels.

It is not necessary that I should de-
scribe these rooms, because they differed
in no respect from ordinary work shops;
and I am sure that every boy and girl
who reads these sketches must have
visited a lathe shop, and heard the shrill-
ing and whining of the machinery, as,
without rest and without cessation, it
cuts, and shaves, and tears the stubborn
wood into the exact size and shape that
the master mechanic wishes it to assume.

So with the machine shops, so with the
shoe shops, and so with the shops in
which brushes are made. Each process
is interesting in itself, but it does not
properly come within the province of a
description of prison life.

Thus we have seen all the men at
work.

THE PRISONERS.
Each of us had remarked that if we
had not known that we were in prison,
we should never have suspected the fact
from the appearance of the workmen.

They were, on the whole, quite as re-
spectable looking men as you will find on
an average, in any large manufacturing
establishment in the country.

Warden, I asked, how do you account
for these men being here? Are they
really worse than the average of men, or
what is it that brings them here?

I think that they average quite as well
as the ordinary range of men, said the
warden. Eight out of every ten come here,
directly, or indirectly, by liquor. When
they are sober they are, in general, as

good men as you will find. I don't give
a guess when I say eight out of ten, I
have examined every case individually,
and know it, from the statements of the
prisoners and the records of the courts.

And what cause, do you think, I asked,
lead men into these habits of drinking?

The great cause is, not learning a
trade, said the warden. Young fellows
are getting the notion that it is not
gentle to learn trades; they idle away
their time and get into saloons, and ac-
quire the habit of drinking. Then they
go to gambling places, and when they
lose they are desperate. There are bad
characters who push men into crime
and keep out of it themselves—keepers
of gambling saloons and similar places—
who watch the victims, and, when they
are desperate from their losses, suggest
some burglary or robbery. They are
easily led to do anything. Then they get
caught and come here.

Are they well educated?

No, said the warden, they are not.
How many have been committed for
murder, since you have been warden?

Twenty-four, he answered. Twenty-
one for killing their wives, two for kill-
ing their fathers, and one for killing his
mother.

Warden Haynes is one of the kindest
jailors in America, and the Charlestown
State Prison is one of the best peniten-
tiaries in the country; but at the same
time there is nothing cosy and comfort-
able about cells. The life of a prisoner
is a dull, weary, dreary life; under the
most favorable circumstances it is dread-
ful.

It has a tendency, said the warden, to
undermine and destroy the constitution.
Few men, he added, I am giving his own
words—few men, it matters not how
strong or physically developed they may
be, can live through a ten years sentence.
The necessary restriction, the monotony
surrounding them, the deprivation of
almost all social enjoyment, bad habits,
the hopes and fears in regard to execu-
tive clemency, and the looking forward
to long, tedious years of confinement, all
have a tendency to depress the spirits,
injure the health, and break down the
strongest constitutions.

THE CELLS.
After visiting the shops, we made the
tour of the cells. Within strong iron
bars, like huge cages, the cells are built;
ranged along corridors, one above an-
other, several stories in height. Outside
and inside they are kept as white as constant
whitewashing can make them. Their
doors are made of iron, grated and
massive; their floors are of granite, solid
and cheerless. An ordinary cell is seven
feet high, seven feet long, and four and a
half in width. Some of them—those in
which the disorderly prisoners are con-
fined in "pitch darkness," until they
learn to submit to the rules of the jail—
are only three and a half wide. So you
see that when a bed is put into this nar-
row space, there is very little room left
for walking about, as we all love to walk
about our chambers.

The cell contains an iron bedstead,
which turns up by the side of the wall,
a palm leaf mattress and pillow, with
cotton sheets, a pillow-case, blankets and
spread, a small table and stool, a shelf,
a Bible, a catalogue of the books in the
library, a bottle of vinegar, pepper, salt,
knife, and fork, and spoon.

A CONVICT IN PRISON.
Now, then, let us see how a prisoner
spends his day.

When the convict is first brought in,
he is taken to a bath-room; he is bathed,
shaved, and has his hair cut; a new
suit of clothes, made of blue satinet, is
given to him, and then he is taken to a
cell and locked up for one day's solitary
confinement. His outfit consists, besides
the outside suit, of a pair of stout shoes,
two pairs of stockings, two shirts, two
pairs of drawers, under-shirts and a
towel. They are all marked with his
name.

After the first day of solitary confine-
ment, he is instructed in the rules of the
prison, and taken to a workshop. A cell
is assigned to him.

The printed rules of the prison are
pasted up. Save a few wood cuts taken
from papers and stuck on walls, these
articles constitute all the furniture of
the little room, which is to be the home,
if such a place can be called by that
sacred name, of the unfortunate, erring
man, for years, or for life!

After he has been in jail a few days,
the warden visits him, and asks about his
history, and assures him of kind treat-
ment as long as he shall deserve it. It
is seldom that the convict does not
unburden his soul, and shed tears at this
interview.

The chaplain, also, performs the same
duty, and enforces the lessons that the
situation calls forth.

In the summer months the prisoners
leave their cells at five o'clock in the
morning, and go straight to the shops, in
file, and under the direction of an over-
seer. There they wash and work till
half past six.

They are sent back to their cells, each
one receiving his breakfast in a bucket,
as he marches past the officer at the

door. The grated doors of the cells close
on them, and they take their meals alone.
Thirty-five minutes are allowed for this
repast. Now comes the order to repair
to the chapel, in the upper story of the
jail. The Scriptures are read, prayer is
offered, the convict-choir sing the praises
of God, and the chaplain makes such
suitable remarks as the occasion sug-
gests.

The congregation then disperses, and
the prisoners march back to their shops.
They labor till noon, when they rest for
an hour; again tramping across the
yard, under guard; again taking iron
stairs within the massive iron bars;
again entering the solitary cells; again
locked in behind grated iron doors, and
again take their repast alone.

Back again to the shops, where they
work till six o'clock.

Then, once more, they are sent in
single file, bucket in hand, past the sen-
tinel, up the iron stairs and into their
whitewashed cells. No talk is allowed
between them either when they are at
work, or marching, or, of course, be-
tween cell and cell.

The corridors are lighted, so that they
can read until nine o'clock, when they
turn into their beds.

Day in and day out, month in and
month out, year after year, this is their
life, without change and without hope
of change, excepting, (and this is pecu-
liar to Charlestown prison, only) once
or twice on national holidays, when the
warden allows them a free play for an
hour or two in the large yard under the
walls.

At Thanksgiving and on the glorious
Fourth, this great boon is granted; and
then the long pent-up torrent of
speech rushes out and overspreads the
dry lips, and leaps into a thousand forms
of joy.

On Sundays, says the warden, they
leave their cells at seven o'clock in the
morning, going to the workshops to
wash themselves; returning, they take
their breakfast, and are locked up till
ten o'clock. At that hour the Sabbath
school commences.

How many scholars have you, war-
den?

From seventy to ninety, he said.
Why, where are the others?

We can't make room for them all, he
answered, and so we give the preference
to those who can't read. We teach them
to read.

Have you regular Sunday services?

O yes, he said, regularly. They be-
gin in the chapel at eleven o'clock and
close at noon.

How do the prisoners spend the rest
of the time, then? I inquired.

They take their dinner to their cells
with them, said the warden, and are
locked up for the remainder of the day.

What do they read?

We don't allow newspapers, he said,
except such religious papers as the
chaplain chooses to distribute among
them. Then we have a prison library,
and they can change their books twice a
week.

These are mitigations of the hardships
of prison life; but in its best aspect it is
harsh and repulsive, dreary, stern.

It is sad to think that it is possible
some one of sixty thousand young folks
who read this sketch, will yet commit
crimes that will send him to prison.
Will it be you?

UNCLE JAMES.
MASCULINE VANITY.—Are men ever
vain? Oh, no! A young gentleman in the
excitement of dressing for the prince's
ball at Washington, tore the lace
neck-tie he intended to wear. In despair
he rushed to a lady friend and begged
her assistance. She kindly fastened her
best point-lace barb over a ribbon, in
color matching his gloves—tied it in the
most approved square knot and sent him
to the prince rejoicing.

Among the many elegantly dressed
gentlemen at a late reception, we par-
ticularly noticed the toilet of one who
wore a lawn shirt-bosom puffed with
pink cambric, with an artificial pink
rosebud in the button-hole of his coat,
and his hair parted in the middle and
frizzed.—Brooklyn Union.

WHAT A MAN KNOWS.—What a man
can write out clearly, correctly, and
briefly, without book or reference of any
kind, that he undoubtedly knows, what-
ever else he may be ignorant of. For
knowledge that is vague, hazy, indistinct,
uncertain,—I for one profess no respect
at all. And I believe that there never
was a time or country where the influ-
ences of careful training were in that re-
spect more needed. Men live in haste,
write in haste, only that perhaps the word
thinking is hardly applicable to that
large number who, for the most part,
purchase their daily allowance of thought
ready-made.—Lord Stanley.

"Miss," said a poetical swain to a bux-
om country girl, "let us walk in yonder
beautiful meadow, where the clover is in
blossom and the amorous zephyrs play."

"Oh, darn the amorous heifers," she
replied, "I see enough of them on dad's
farm."

Somebody's Boy.

Is somebody's mother thinking
That somebody's boy gets "right,"
While somebody's boy is drinking
Somewhere or other to-night?

Who was that somebody logging
Too heavy a load to-day,
Of brandy and rum, and hugging
The posts on the corner, eh?

Who was that handsome young fellow—
The handsomest face we met—
Who comes home so late and mellow
He can scarcely keep his feet?

Who is that somebody reeling
First from the left to the right
With empty pockets, yet feeling
As rich as Croesus to-night?

Ah! pavements have grown unsteady;
They wave like a wind-blown sheet,
And have interfered already
With somebody's drunken feet.

And still to the world his drinking
Is neither here nor there;
But somebody's pa, I'm thinking,
Or sister or mother would care.

He'll waken to-morrow, it's patent,
And he'll come down stairs all right,
And look almost like he hadn't
Been on a "tear" last night.

A Protective Tariff.

We are convinced that if the people would once think upon the matter earnestly and candidly, a very great majority of them would come to the conclusion that a "protective tariff," so called, is a humbug, or what is really worse, a wrong and an injustice to the masses. The fact is, people have thought very little upon this question during the present generation. Parties interested one way or the other for "protection," or "free trade," have made some controversy about it. But the people have not as a general thing, thus far, taken much interest in it. They ought to do so at once. It is a question in which the poor—the working men especially—are very deeply concerned. If "protection" creates, establishes and perpetuates monopolies, as it clearly does, which enables a certain individual to become disproportionately rich, and gather enormous profits from his business, because the tariff enables him to sell his goods at a high figure, then clearly the poor man, the consumer, is being taxed unjustly to make a rich man richer. On the other hand, it is contended that the poor man's wages are proportionately higher, so that he really loses nothing by the tariff, but rather gains by reason of having a variety of business open to him out of which he may always get plenty of work. Doubtless, there is some justice in the plea. But we are fully convinced, after having looked into the matter somewhat, that the disadvantages of a tariff, which creates monopolies, are not adequately compensated to the people, to the country at large, by any advantages which come from it. We can see how it will greatly benefit some particular trade or business, which has the influence to get the special protection, care and interest of Congress, like the powerful iron interest for example. But there are several other quite as important interests which suffer by the protection of the iron business, in exact proportion as the iron interest is helped. For example again, ship-building, which is literally dead in this country, depends for life upon cheap iron. But we cannot have cheap iron when the iron masters can levy a bonus of nine dollars per ton on every ton of pig iron which they make. Cheap railroad building, equipping and running, and with that, cheap transportation, so very essential to the farmer, especially the western farmer, is impossible without cheap iron. So many branches of manufacture depend for their prosperity upon having cheap iron. Either this must die out altogether, or the Congress must put on a still higher "protection" upon their goods. Now it is impossible that Congress can understand all the various ramifications and dependencies of the ten thousand kinds of business carried on in this country, as to rightly and evenly balance and adjust the "protective" tariff system. If some are helped, certainly others must suffer, and we yet have seen no man who is able to demonstrate that even the manufacturing business of the country is not damaged more than it is benefitted by "protection." While at the same time we know that there are other immense disadvantages which come to the country by it, that it is not even pretended there are compensations for. For instance, there are these two things. It makes high prices rule here for everything, and the poor have to suffer for it. There are high prices for rent, for clothing, for all that a man eats and drinks.

But this protective tariff, which fences the country round with a very high wall, not only keeps others out, it keeps us in. It has the effect to cut other producers off from us, but it also has the effect to cut us as producers off from other consumers. Now just this is the mischief of the business. Really we must benefit from having access to the open markets of the world as anybody else. But we are shut out; everything in the country rules high. We cannot export any manufactured article. We have facilities for cheap manufactures which no other people in the world have. We have not cheap labor—that is cheap man labor—but we might have cheap machine labor, if we only had cheap iron and coal, which we might have but for protection. We have vast rivers, which might and would turn all the mills, and run all the machines needed to do the whole world's work. In this respect we surpass any other country. Now give us cheap raw material, and we can afford to pay our workmen high wages, and yet make our manufactured articles at such a price as will enable us to go into the markets of the world with the best of them. But a wall is built up around us, prices are higher here than elsewhere. We cannot export anything except farm products and cotton. Take off the "protective tariff," and we can export leather, and boots, and shoes, and machinery, and carriages, and a thousand things that now we cannot export at all. We should have cheap living and high wages, for then we could afford to pay high wages to our workmen, when we were getting our machine work cheap. But the "protective" system making machine wages high, makes men's wages low.

The fact of the matter is, there is but one thing in which the American manufacturer stands at a disadvantage with his European competitor, and that is, in the price of manual labor, and a little disadvantage in the cost of capital. But in the price of raw material, as found here, in the cost of land and buildings, and power and fuel, he has an immense advantage over his rival, and these more

than compensate. Does anybody suppose that Yankee genius, enterprise and skill, really need to be bolstered up, and helped on, and coddled, and nursed, and fed with the government spoon to make it able to cope with the manufacturing interests of slow going Europe?

THE NEWS OF HOME.

Woburn.

Some more weather.

Surprise parties are all the rage in Woburn.

Horton has made some very convenient alterations in his bookstore.

The next holiday—Fast Day, about four weeks hence.

Some of the shops have cut down the men's wages five per cent. and over.

Winter lingers in the lap of Spring. We should think he had sat there about long enough.

Owing to the storm on Sunday, Rev. Mr. Dennen was obliged to postpone the delivery of his lecture on "The Christian's Christ," for one month.

The walking of the past few days has been rough on boot leather and old tones.

Two new provision stores, of the Celtic persuasion, have opened on Union street, one under P. Crehan's and the other under Trull's store.

Wednesday and Thursday gave us some specimens of bad travelling seldom excelled.

The Irish Literary Association celebrated St. Patrick's day with a social assembly in Central House Hall.

The Selectmen have appointed Mr. George W. Rand, keeper of the Woburn almshouse, in place of Mr. Lewis, resigned.

Rev. E. Fay, of Woburn, has been invited to the pulpit of the Unitarian church in Lowell. Mr. Fay is now in Bangor, Maine.

Peter Kenney has made alterations in his shoe store, to accommodate his increased stock in trade. He makes a specialty of children's goods.

Messrs. Stearns, Brown & Co., have heard of the fall in the price of gold, and have lowered the prices of their groceries accordingly.

J. P. Pease and J. W. Francis of this town, have formed a copartnership for the manufacture of ladies' boots and shoes, under the name of Pease & Francis. Their place of business is in Kimball's building, over Wyman's shoe store.

The severest storm of the season raged in this vicinity last Sunday, preventing the holding of the usual services in most of the churches. The snow drifted to a considerable extent, and made rather poor travelling.

Daniel Richardson's horse, standing in front of Poole, Mann & Co.'s store, on Thursday, got a little frightened, and turned round quick to run, thereby spilling out the contents of the sleigh, viz., a young lady, buffalo robes and a small boy, in a promiscuous heap.

It is stated that the rate of taxation on the pews in the First Congregational church, of Woburn, is from two to eight per cent. less than in any church in this vicinity. In an adjacent town, in one of the churches, the rate is eight per cent. higher.

We have received the report of the Middlesex Agricultural Society, of which our townsman, John Cummings, Esq., is president. It makes a large and handsome pamphlet of 98 pages, and contains the secretary's report, the address of the president, reports of the various committees, and interesting articles on orchards, vineyards and gardens; also the names of the officers for this year, and a list of premiums and committees for the seventh-sixth exhibition, which occurs Oct. 4th and 5th, 1870. There is a great deal of matter interesting to the agriculturist, and much that will benefit and instruct him.

A sad case of death by drowning came to light last Tuesday evening, in the discovery by a boy of the body of George F. Doherty, in the brook near Cummings' tannery, at Cummingsville, where it had doubtless laid since Wednesday of last week, as he has been missing from that day. He left work at the shop about eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and, as is supposed, got under the influence of liquor. In crossing the brook, on his way home, he must have fallen into the water, and in his intoxicated state, being unable to rise, was drowned. The water where he laid was only twelve or fourteen inches deep, and he was face downwards, so that this view of the manner of his death seems highly probable. After taking the body out, the man with whom Doherty had boarded, Barney Grant, being unwilling to receive it into his house, it was brought to the Centre and placed under the Town House, and his friends out of town notified. Coroner Porter was called, but did not deem an inquest necessary. Deceased was an unmarried man, and had served three years in the late war, in the Ninth Regiment, of which Dr. Drew was surgeon, losing one of his fingers.

Parish Meeting.

The annual meeting of the First Congregational Parish was held last Monday evening, in the vestry of their church. W. A. Stone, Esq., was chosen moderator. The following named gentlemen were appointed as the permanent officers of the parish for the ensuing year:

Clerk, Treasurer, Collector, and Receiver of Names—L. L. Whitney.

Parish Committee and Assessors—James Tweed, J. G. Pollard, J. M. Harlow, Charles A. Smith and William H. Howland.

Auditors—L. G. Richardson, Stephen Dow, and L. Thompson, Jr.
Dr. J. M. Harlow, for the Parish Committee, made a very clear, able and comprehensive report of the doings of the committee with reference to parish affairs during the past year; also recommended important financial measures for the ensuing year.

It was voted to raise five thousand dollars for current expenses.

A vote of thanks was tendered to Des. G. R. Gage for successful efforts in raising by subscription during the past year, for current expenses, the sum of one thousand dollars, which he has paid into the treasury.

Waverley.

Last week was considerably devoted to the exhibition of the several schools, which closed on Saturday for the usual Spring vacation. As a whole, the committee speak well of the progress that has been made for the year. The exhibition of the High School on Saturday afternoon, varied some from the usual routine of exercises. Various experiments in natural philosophy and electricity, with apparatus, were given in connection with their recitations, much to the entertainment and profit to the visitors. The entire class of six young ladies went through with their graduation exercises in the Town Hall, on Saturday evening, and received their diplomas. The hall was literally packed, showing the interest of the citizens in the welfare of the young.

John Hennessey, of Boston, was last week at the Criminal Court at Cambridge, convicted of setting fire to the house of John McKay in this town, last fall. Hennessey is a young man, almost 19 years of age, but this is not his first conviction for crime. He was employed by Mr. McKay for a short time previous to the fire, and was discharged against his own will. He has earned the sentence to State prison for life, which has been passed upon him, as the fire was set soon after midnight, with three families in the house, who barely escaped their lives.

The snow storm of Sunday did not prevent exercises at the churches, though those attending had the choice of seats. The evening meetings were dispensed with. Some of the roads were impassable on Monday, until cleared by highway surveyors. On Tuesday, a team from North Woburn, passing through the northern part of this town, eastward, found the quantity of snow too great for progress, and application was made to our town authorities for assistance, which was immediately rendered. A.

PAPER HANDKERCHIEFS.—The Japanese paper handkerchiefs are assuredly coming, if a contemporary be right. The paper collar manufacture now has been extended to less prominent but more important garments of great strength and flexibility, which can be sewed with a machine, giving seams almost as strong as a woven fabric. The inventor has particularly applied it to the production of petticoats, which are either printed in imitation of the fashionable skirts of the day, or stamped out with open work of such beauty and delicacy as no amount of labor with scissors and needle could imitate. The marvel is that these really beautiful productions can be sold at retail at fifteen cents each!

Imitation cretonnes and chintz for bed furniture are also made, and cost costing at retail about \$1.50. The felted material is so flexible that a curtain may be twisted into a rope and shaken out again, showing as little creasing as chintz similarly treated. There are also table cloths embossed with signs of great beauty. This felted paper may in the end have a serious influence on the production of the woven fabrics it is intended to displace. Imitation leather, impermeable to water, is likewise made of it, and produces a cheap and useful covering for furniture, and even serves for shoes.—*Paper Trade Reporter.*

Novelties in Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry and Sterling Silver Wares at prices suited to the decline in gold, are offered by W. T. Gale & Co., of Boston and Ancon inspection of their French and Cuckoo Clocks and Silver-Plated Table Ware will repay all who are desirous of purchasing. The new Sleeve, Stud and Collar Buttons is a real desideratum to all who dislike to see a wrinkled cuff or collar. See advertisement.

Jeff Davis is engaged in the life insurance business, and is quite successful. It is said he took 500 policies in three days in one town in Alabama. If he had employed himself in the insurance business instead of secession, several years since it would have been better for himself and his countrymen, living and dead.

A gentle Quaker had two horses, a very good one and a very poor one. When seen riding the latter, it turned out that his better half had taken the good one. "What!" said a sneering bachelor, "how comes it that you let your wife ride the better horse?" The only reply was: "Friend, when thee art married, thee'll know."

Senator Revels, of Mississippi, made his first Congressional speech, Wednesday, and with singular appropriateness he spoke in behalf of the people of his own race, the loyal colored men of Georgia. The speech shows that he is a man of considerable ability.

TOWN MEETING.—Moderator, James Gould; Selectmen, Charles Hudson, S. C. Whitaker, R. W. Reed; Assessors, J. P. Simmons, Nathan Fessenden, John P. Reed, L. N. Damon, Eli Simonds; Highway Surveyors and Overseers of the Poor, John P. Reed, Eli Simonds, F. M. Harrington; School Committee, three years, Rev. E. G. Porter; Constable, Oliver W. Kendall.

Appropriations—For Schools, \$7000; for Highways, \$2000; for the Poor, \$1650.

The Pope is again reported very ill and weak.

There is a growing feeling in Madrid in favor of abandoning Cuba, and letting the United States take possession of the island.

The longed hopes and fond desires of the liberal Christians in this town during the past few years, for a church edifice of their own, have at last been realized, and the building towards the erection of which the incipient steps were taken about a year since, has been completed, furnished, and on Thursday evening of this week was dedicated to its sacred uses as a meeting-house of the Winchester Unitarian Society.

The land is pleasantly located near the centre of the town, fronting on Main street, the rear overlooking Winchester Park, and commanding a fine view of the surrounding country, and was purchased of Mr. Francis Johnson and others in May, 1869. The old homestead located on this land was sold, and on the 24th of June following the land was cleared, July 24 the foundation of the church edifice was staked out, and a contract made with Messrs M. Ellis & Co., of Woburn, for excavating and building the stone walls. The ground was broken July 31st, and on the 21st of August the foundation was completed, and the sills laid, on the 25th of August the corner stone was laid with appropriate ceremonies.

The design of the building was made by T. W. Sillaway of Boston, architect. The building above the foundation was finished by Samuel Sweet, the granite finished by Andrew James of Woburn, the brick work by Hosea Dunbar of Winchester.

The house is 46 feet wide in front and 42 in the rear, the extreme length being 81 feet. The tower is on the right hand end of front, and the steeple thereon is 110 feet high. The auditorium is 62 by 41 feet, 25 feet high and contains 72 pews, with seats for 380. There is also room in the gallery for 14 pews. The pews are made of chestnut with black walnut trimmings. The auditorium is frescoed very nicely by Philip Guelph of Boston, the walls of the vestibules and basement are tinted. The vestibules are finished with chestnut, with southern pine floors and stairs and black walnut rails. There are 15 steps from front to the auditorium floor on the right and left you enter from the main door. In the basement, which is gained by descending a few steps, is a vestry 87 by 40, 11 feet 6 inches high, with two rooms connected therewith by folding doors, 14 by 21 each, intended for the ladies' meetings, and another room for a kitchen, 14 by 16. In the large vestry are two of McGregor furnaces, furnished by Cyrus Carpenter & Co., of Boston, which heat the vestries and auditorium. The sashes in the vestries are glazed with ground glass, excepting those in the small rooms, which are plain, all the other windows on the building are with tinted channeled glass, the auditorium having colored borders with a colored emblem at the top of each window.

On the right of the pulpit is the pastor's room, and on the left is a recess to receive an organ. On the wall in the rear of the pulpit is a painted tablet, over the words, "Enter into His gates with thanksgiving," below is an open Bible and selections from Luke 2:10, and John 15:12. There is also another small tablet on the right of the pulpit, over the door leading to the pastor's room, containing selections from Psalm 114:1, and 1st Corinthians 8:6. The cost of the building, exclusive of furniture, is for land and grading, \$3600; foundation, \$1200; building above the foundation, including pews and furnaces \$16,600; total \$22,400.

The auditorium is furnished in a very neat manner. The carpet is a green and black shade of Lowell superior quality, and purchased of J. B. Jenkins. The cushions, covered with green rep, were obtained of E. H. Brabrook. The vestries are also furnished with brackets for gas lights of a neat pattern, from the same source. The pulpit is of black walnut, made by Wentworth of Cambridge, and is the gift of some of the pastor's friends in Providence. The pulpit furniture consists of three chairs covered with maroon. The carpet for the ladies' room was furnished by John Pay & Son. The total cost of the building will be about \$1900, making the total cost of house and furnishing to be about \$23,000.

The building committee were Thomas P. Ayer and F. W. Perry, who have executed their important trust with a fidelity worthy of the highest commendation.

The expense of the church edifice and furnishing has been met by subscription, excepting \$5000, which was the extent of the debt which the committee were allowed to incur. The society have for the past four years occupied Lyceum Hall, and many disbelievers in the society have been able and devoted ministrations of their pastor, (Rev. Richard Metcalf), have enjoyed an unwonted degree of prosperity.

The pews for the next Sunday in the new meeting-house will be free to all, and on the Tuesday following the society will meet to decide in what form the pews shall be allotted. At the last meeting of the society, Emmons Hamlin was chosen to fill the vacancy upon the standing committee caused by the decease of Paul Adams. Dr. G. W. Reed, of the late hour in the week at which the dedication took place, we cannot give any extended account of the interesting ceremonies attendant upon it, but only the outline. The following were the order of services:

Organ Voluntary; Invocation; Hymn sung by the choir; Reading of the Building Committee through Thomas Prentiss Ayer, Esq., their Chairman, and Response of the Standing Committee through Dr. Frederick Winsor, their Chairman; Hymn; Dedication Sermon by the Pastor; Hymn; act of Dedication in which the minister and the congregation repeated alternately appropriate sections from Scripture; Prayer; Hymn; Benediction.

The annual assembly of the Excelsior Engine Co., took place at Lyceum Hall on Friday evening of last week, and was a very successful affair. The hall was quite prettily decorated for the occasion, and the fireman in their showy uniforms, with the gay dresses of the ladies, gave to the scene a brilliant appearance. Gilmore's Quadrille Band discoursed some excellent music, and inspired the young men and maidens to trip the light fantastic toe in all the winding ways of the merry dance. Delegation of firemen were present from neighboring towns, and the fire during the evening was fully improved by the dancers, and quite a number of invited guests were present as interested spectators of the scene. Supper was provided in good style and with the gay essays of the ladies, gave one hundred and fifty persons, and partaken of at 12 o'clock. After this dancing was resumed and kept up until a late hour; completing the order of twenty-two dances, when the company broke up, feeling satisfied that they had had a

good time. The committee of arrangements, of which Capt. Mack was the efficient chairman, were untiring in their efforts to have all present enjoy themselves to the full extent in a rational manner.

A stranger called at the house of Hubert Broderick, on Monday last, and wished to obtain board, stating that he was engaged to go to work for Joel Whitney. He selected his room, and during the night decamped, taking with him \$150 in money belonging to Mr. Broderick, and a watch and chain the property of Mr. Johnston. The police are on the track of the robber.

J. F. Stone, Esq., and family, with Mrs. Paul Adams, Jr., left town last Saturday for a short sojourn in Florida.

Stoneham.

C. R. Gerry, a brakeman, was jammed between two cars at Winchester, last Wednesday, and severely injured.

The band concert last Tuesday evening was a very successful thing, and gave lots of satisfaction.

Wendell Phillips' lecture was postponed on account of the storm, Wednesday evening. Due notice will be given as to when it will be delivered.

The Congregational Social Circle met at the residence of Mrs. Warren F. Sweetser, Friday evening, 11th inst., and presented her with a handsome gold pocket and chain while there.

The Atlantic base ball club have a social party at Harmony Hall this Friday evening, March 18th. Simonds' full band will furnish the tunes.

St. Patrick's day, or rather, night, was duly observed in Stoneham by the performance of a company of tragedians and comedians in Harmony Hall. Their drama, farce, songs, &c., were of a very entertaining character.

Hubbard, the horse-car man, found his track buried in the snow, Monday morning, but with the energy usual to him, he set the plough to work and had the road bare and the cars running in time for the ten minutes of six train for Boston. That's quick work.

J. A. Wilson has filled his ice house full of good ice, nine inches thick, from Spot Pond. Mr. Littlefield has taken from Doleful Pond enough ice to fill his house full, and stacked up a large quantity outside, which he intends to put a house over—in all about 12,000 tons. This will be a nice thing to have next summer.

Last Saturday, twenty of the employees of Mr. C. C. Dike, of this town, (now doing business in Haverhill, Mass.) presented him with a splendid gold headed cane. Wm. H. Young, Esq., made the presentation speech, which was responded to by Mr. Dike in a brief and happy manner. The donors were all Stoneham people.

The evening school in Dow's building is progressing favorably. There is an attendance of about thirty scholars, who are under the tutelage of Mr. Dame, principal of the High school, with Messrs. Benjamin A. Flanders, a graduate of Yale, and Frank Robertson, a pupil at Amherst, as assistants. All the money needed by the Selectmen for this school was appropriated by the town at its annual meeting, so that it is now a permanent institution.

A company of friends made a call on Mrs. Fanny Stockwell, Saturday evening, March 5th, and surprised her with the presentation of a number of very acceptable articles, which the widow and her family were in need of,—four, etc., amounting to about \$30 in value. These are the kind of surprise parties we like where some good is done, and people do not use themselves, unwelcome guests, into the privacy of home circles, and force the inmates to entertain them.

"Personal Beauty," by Drs. Brinton and Napheys, men eminent in the profession, is a book we commend to the attention of the public, it teaching how to cultivate and preserve personal beauty in accordance with the laws of health, how to regulate a tendency to either corpulence or leanness, how to obtain a clear complexion, prevent the hair falling out, and how to improve natural deformities and likewise to prevent them. Cosmetics and poisonous skin-powders are handled without gloves. Our American girls need sadly a good talking to on these matters. Handsomely bound and illustrated. Miss L. Teale is canvassing Stoneham and Winchester, and we bespeak for her a liberal patronage.

Call on C. TAY & Co., Main street, and try a barrel of their choice St. Louis Flour, which they are selling at \$5.50 per barrel, and warrant to give satisfaction.

The whole country was made glad Wednesday by a dispatch from Queens-town saying that the missing steamer City of Boston had arrived there, and the disappointment was bitter when it was discovered that the story was a hoax. The whole south coast of Ireland has been explored for traces of the steamer without success.

The most interesting feature of the legislative proceedings of Wednesday was the rejection of the license law by the Senate. It received 17 votes and 22 were cast against it.

Flour.—If you want a good barrel of Flour, go to C. TAY & Co., where they keep constantly on hand such brands as the German Haxall, Coler F. F. G., Sherman's Excelsior, Great Republic, French Patent Haxall, and various other brands to suit the trade.

The great question of the period—"Why is it that the price of butchers' meat does not fall with the decline in gold?" It would be interesting to know by what peculiar process butchers manage to evade the effect which the fall of gold produces upon the prices of all other commodities except the necessary one of meat.

Rev. William T. Stone, of East Lexington has resigned the pastorate of the Church of the Redeemer in that town, and accepted a call from the First Congregational Unitarian Church in New Orleans, Louisiana.

Woman's suffrage fails in the Ohio legislature by a vote of 51 yeas to 54 nays.

Last Wednesday the Governor signed the bill incorporating South Malden as a separate town with the name of Everett.

Just received.—A large invoice of choice Oolong, Japan, English Breakfast, and Young Hyson Teas, by C. TAY & Co.

For Moth Patches, Freckles, & Tan. Use "PERRY'S NORTH AND FREEKLE LOTION." The Only Reliable and Harmless Remedy known to science for removing brown spots from the Face. Prepared only by Dr. C. H. PERRY, 49 Bond St., N. Y. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

PIMPLES ON THE FACE. For Comedones, Black-Heads, Flesh Worms or Grains, Pimples, Freckles, and blotched disfigurements on the Face, use Perry's Comedone and Pimple Remedy. Reliable, Harmless, and contains no Lead Poison. Depot, 49 Bond St., N. Y. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat. Requires immediate attention, as neglect often results in an incurable Lung Disease.

Brown's Bronchial Troches. Brown's Bronchial Troches are most invariably given instant relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, they have a soothing effect. SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS use them to clear and strengthen the voice. Owing to the good reputation and popularity of the Troches, many worthless and cheap imitations are offered, which are good for nothing. Be sure to obtain the true.

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New Advertisements.

ALL persons are hereby notified that any person on my account after this date, without a written order from me, WILLIAM E. STACEY, 3136 Woburn, March 18th, 1870.

Absolute Divorce legally obtained in New York, from any State or County, legal evidence, description, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause, no publicity, full charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address, M. HOUSE, Attorney, No. 72 Nassau Street, New York City.

CARPETINGS.

Upholstery Goods, G O L D Window Shades and Paper Hangings.

We shall offer for the Spring Trade an unusually attractive assortment of

CARPETINGS,

in every variety of Style and Quality.

We have enlarged our UPHOLSTERY and WINDOW SHADE DEPARTMENT, and have placed it under the immediate charge of

Mr. J. WARREN WILDES,

whose long experience, well-known skill and excellent taste, is a sufficient guarantee that all orders entrusted to him will be executed in a manner that cannot fail of giving entire satisfaction. We have added a Department of

Paper Hangings,

and have been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. CHARLES O. WELCH, whose long experience in some of the first houses in the city fully qualifies him to take the entire charge of this department. It is our purpose to keep a full assortment of goods in all the departments, and offer them at the very lowest prices, and on the most favorable terms. We shall now be able to meet a want that has long been felt, and which we are anxious to have their CARPETS, DRAPERIES and PAPER HANGINGS harmonize in colors and designs, see the effect of close comparison, which we are enabled to make.

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116 Tremont Street, Boston.

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Has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost every nation known to Americans. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the missionary and the traveler, on sea and land, and no one who travels on our LAKES or RIVERS WITHOUT IT. It is a speedy and safe remedy for burns, scalds, cuts, bruises, wounds and various other injuries, as well as for dysentery, diarrhoea, and bowel complaints generally, and is admirably suited for relief of men on the face of the globe. Be sure you call for and get the genuine Pain Killer, as many worthless nostrums are attempted to be sold on the great reputation of this valuable medicine.

Directions accompany each bottle.

Price 25 cts., 50 cts. and \$1.00 per Bottle Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

THE RIGHTS TO SELL.

DR. IRISH'S OTTAWA BEER.

HAVE BEEN REDUCED FROM TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS TO ONE HUNDRED, including ten gallons of Extract. Persons who want to sell Ottawa Beer, must call at once and secure the right of SELLING MAY & Co., who are the General Agents for the New England States, 102 Tremont Street, Boston.

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A series of Music Books adapted to Schools of all grades. Progressively arranged with each book complete in itself. By Dr. WILLIAM M. MAY & Co., who are the General Agents for the New England States, 102 Tremont Street, Boston.

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VOL. XIX : : No. 27.

WOBURN, MASS., SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1870.

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Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, &c., he eradicates from the blood, and does not let it poison the whole system. Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Lame-ness, from whatever cause, are treated with success by him.

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Which if not arrested is sure to lead to consumption, is quickly and permanently cured by his popular remedies.

Particular attention paid to all diseases of Women and Children.

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Slickers, Scrapers and Springs.

All orders promptly attended to at their Mill in East Woburn, or at their store 31 Exchange Street, Boston, 2 Boston.

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First Door South the Post Office, Woburn, Mass.

A large and well assorted stock of Ladies', Gents', Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of every description. Repairs and Rubbers boots selling at the lowest prices.

P. KENNEY, 11

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THOMAS R. CORBETT

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(Late of the firm of De Lucia & Corbett,) would respectfully inform his friends in Woburn and vicinity that he has not retired from business, but proposes to continue the business as formerly conducted for the benefit of the public confidence and patronage.

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Stitching and Stamping, also MILLINERY WORK at short notice. Residence, No. 3 Canal Street, Woburn.

The Dog That Goes in for the Right.

BY REV. J. L. HATCH.

Now that your upper and bottom dog, And your outside dog, in the fight, Have each had their post—let me be heard For the dog that goes in for the right.

When a little dog by a big one is wronged, He goes in with all his might, For the little dog's loss or win, Does the dog that goes in for the right.

He may for a time be a bottom dog, But he knows by an instinct bright, That the dog that will come out at the end Is the dog that goes in for the right.

He loves his case and he loves his bone, But he's not so selfish quite, As to care for no other dog but himself! Not the dog that goes in for the right.

He will die sometime; and then you must know, Having fought while he lived a good fight, He will go, without fail, where the good dogs go Will the dog that goes in for the right.

So here's a bumper, with health and success, To the dog that's my heart's MESSAL, The noble dog—the generous dog! The dog that goes in for the right.

SAVE MONEY

Purchasing your ORGANS & PIANOS

OR

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Price lower than any other establishment in New England.

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All instruments first class, and warranted five years.

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Poultry, Lard, Tripe,

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HOME MADE SAUSAGES,

Of the very best quality.

GAME FURNISHED TO ORDER.

His new store is the best and largest in town, and he hopes of all his neighbors to be in his line, to secure a liberal share of patronage.

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VERY CHOICE

SOUTHMAST'S

BROKEN CANDY.

Consisting of twenty-one varieties; is one of the best candies that can be manufactured.

For purity and quality it cannot be excelled.

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HOWE SEWING MACHINES

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Look! Look!

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Keeps constantly on hand at his New Shop

On Main, opposite Union Street.

A good assortment of

Harnesses, Collars,

Trunks, Valises, Whips, &c.

And would invite all to come and see him before purchasing elsewhere. Jobbing done at short notice. Carriage Trimming done with neatness and dispatch.

E. C. BERRY.

CLAMMER & BROTHER'S Serge Boots

superior to all others, may be found at A

CLAMMER'S Shoe Store.

CLAMMER & BROTHER'S Serge Boots, sold at

G. A. BUCKMAN'S Shoe Store, Main Street,

1323

CUPID ASTRAY.

Bob had no idea that the doctor was behind him as he poked the valentine under the front door. Had he not been too frustrated to look round he would have seen him, and had not the doctor been deep in a medical reverie about Jane Todd's collar bone, he must have spied the dapper figure as he darted away. But as it was he fumbled for his key a minute, and then rang the bell, and while doing so, spying something white under the door, he picked it up and tore it open. Tote it open? That letter! that letter over which Boy had sat up till two A. M. rounding his periods and curling the tails of his P's and Q's. Was it for this that he bestowed so many slaps on his forehead? O Fate.

Bridget, that faithful servant, answered the bell, charged with a message which she was bent on delivering with the least possible delay. "If you please, sir, Morton Jones's wife's sister a been here, and little Johnny's a-fell through the loft and took up for dead, and they'd like you to come this minute, and two Irish women called and a baby, there's a little by a fayer it is in Long Lane, and Miss Usher's sent this note."

"Long Lane must wait," muttered the doctor, as he threw his instrument-case and the letter on the table and took the note Bridget held out. "Morton Jones, hey? He's that man on the Flats, isn't he?"

"Yes, sir."

"I'll go at once. Hum!" (skimming the dainty notelet in his hand) "Dear doctor, so nervous and depressed—my old foe neuralgia upon me again—come as soon as you have leisure, and meantime send that prescription which did such good last year." "Prescription!"

Yes, of course, she longs to be dosing herself—all females do. "Yours, sincerely, Madeline Usher." If she comes of being alone and fanciful. If she had one earthly thing to do, she'd be a well woman. I'll see she gets nothing to hurt her. And tearing a scrap from a pocketbook, he pencilled some cabalistic signs.

"Here, Bridget, Fetch a sheet of paper, will you?—or, stay this will answer." And seizing Bob's valentine, the unconscious doctor wrote upon its back as follows:

"MY DEAR FRIEND: I send you something which will suit you better than the prescription you ask for. It isn't exactly medicine, but will do you more good than it if it were, and be a great deal better for you at this season of the year. Be sure to take a brisk walk after it. You know I always told you that half your bad feelings come from loneliness and want of occupation. I wish I could make you feel this half as strongly as I do. I'll drop in this evening if possible. Yours faithfully, L. RAYMOND."

"Poor girl," he muttered: "she puts me out of patience sometimes, but she's a good creature. Bridget, see that this goes to Miss Usher as soon as Willy comes from school. I'm in a great hurry." And he huddled the papers into an envelope, and was off with a bang of the door, leaving the note in Bridget's custody. The prescription lay upon the floor, where it had fallen unperceived.

Miss Usher, sitting in her parlor by her bright fire, pale, dejected, wrapped in a shawl, was not a little amazed when, two hours later, the missive was put into her hands. Dr. Raymond had written her notes before, half professional, half friendly, but this was something unexampled. Silver doves, a smirking cupid, with one pink wing and one blue one, roses, eglantine, and what-not round the edges, these flowery lines enclosed:

"Oh say not it is wrong to love, To love, to worship thee, The stars look on the sea, The hot moon waxes the scented gale, The parched flower the dew— Their love, their loving does not fail, And why should mine for you?"

Like a bird alight upon wandering, All weary must I roam, Until I feel my restless wing In the dear nest of home. But what were home without thy face, O fairest love of mine! Then deign that humble home to grace And bless your Valentine."

It was really not so bad considering that but eighteen short summers had passed over Bob's head, and that for some time back his restless wing had been furling in the large dry goods shop round the corner, which he hoped some day to adorn as a partner. Whether the doctor would have admired it as addressed to Kitty—that baby, as he called her—is questionable. But Miss Usher quite glowed as she read. It was so poetical, so sweet. The little confusion of pronouns in the first verse escaped her notice altogether. She read and re-read, and then turned to the more prosaic second page.

"Not exactly medicine!"—O that funny man! Much better suited to this season of the year! Oh! very much. Dear, dear! What could it mean? But there was no doubt about that—it could mean one thing! Lonely! Yes, indeed. Dear, delicate little Miss Usher had often felt so, and there seemed to be no help for it. There was nobody in particular she wished to have live with her, and no one to marry suited to her taste. Dr. Raymond, to be sure—

was so superior—so good; but then she had never thought he would marry again—he was so devoted to his first wife. And thinking how fond he had once been of that wife, and how fond he still was of that little Kitty and Will, and what a lonely life it was, after all, for a man to try and keep house for himself, Miss Usher felt her cheeks flushing, and a glow and stir coming into her heart, which made her forget how ill she had fancied herself just before.

That same becoming flush lit her cheeks as she made her toilet for the evening after the brisk walk recommended, which had sent her home with an appetite for her simple dinner.

What with the little cap of muslin and blue ribbons on her head, and the dainty apron, and the bit of work on her fingers, and bright fire, and all, she was a pleasant picture, the doctor thought, when he came in an hour later, and what is more, he said so.

"Well! this looks cheerful. Women certainly have a knack of making rooms look cosy and inviting which men never get. Now, I found out at once that I was growing cold as I sat in my office, and I don't think you have felt it at all in this snug little bower of yours; and how are you to-night?"

The doctor was shaking hands all the time he said this. He had that warm, cordial way with him which is so valuable in a physician; but somehow to-night it seemed more marked than usual. Miss Usher withdrew her fingers with a little twitter.

"Take this chair, doctor; it is a comfortable one."

The doctor sank, nothing loth, into the soft depths.

"Well, did you take the prescription?"

"The walk? Oh! yes and feel much better for it, thank you?"

"That's right; I knew you would. And how did you like the other?"

"The other? With deepening color—" "Oh! I liked it very well—that is—very much."

"I am glad to hear it. It was a simple thing but I thought it would suit you. I scribbled a line to go along with it, because I wanted to insure your getting out to-day, and now I want a little plain talk with you on the same point. Let me ask, to begin with, don't you think you have lived all alone long enough?"

"Perhaps so," replied Miss Usher, with maidenly hesitation, "but—"

"You see," interrupting, "if we could make an arrangement by which you could have some young person with you—a bright, lively girl of Kitty's age, for instance—who would be a companion, and not too much of a charge, it would be the very thing. It's sitting here, forlorn and solitary, and having nobody to keep you company or urge you to go out, which is playing the mischief with your nerves and making you fancy yourself an invalid. You are no more sick than I am. You only need rousing. Now don't you think so yourself? Couldn't you bring your mind to like it?"

Miss Usher fluttered, looked up, turned scarlet, and looked down again.

"It is easy enough to find the person you want," went on the unconscious doctor. "I'll see to that. Only say the word."

"I have been so used to living alone," faltered Miss Usher, "that I'm half afraid to try the experiment. But if I had you to help me—"

"Of course you'd have me," said the hearty physician; "that's my business, you know."

"Business!"

"Oh! well—pleasure, too, of course; but it is business after all. What's a great strong man fit for if he cannot look after little delicate souls like you; to say nothing of my being your doctor, and school friend? 'Tis an agreement, then? In that case I'll look about me at once, and begin to make arrangements."

"But," interposed Miss Usher, timidly, "are you sure as to Kitty's and Willie's feelings, doctor?"

"Kitty and Willie!"

"Yes. Because, you know, even if you meant every word of that sweet letter this morning, it would depend a great deal upon that. I couldn't do anything to grieve their dear little hearts."

"My letter! What was my letter? I missed the puzzled doctor. Do you happen to have it about you? I want to see if I made any mistake in the quantities."

With deeper blushes, Miss Usher drew it from her pocket.

"Here it is," she said. "I think a great deal of it, I assure you."

Doctors, by dint of long practice, acquire great command over the facial muscles. Our doctor was master of his.

He surveyed the flowery page with outward composure; but within his soul was rent with a convulsion of wonderment and mirth which was terrible.

"How in the world did I come by that nonsensical farraogo?" he asked himself, "and how I am ever to explain to this poor little soul?"

And suddenly it popped into his head, "Why not?" With the blue ribbons, the flushed cheeks, the pleasant little room, his full knowledge of her sweet temper and lady-like ways, the idea was not unattractive.

"Not a bad thing for any of us," he muttered half aloud.

"What did you say?" inquired Miss Usher.

"I say," responded the doctor, with great presence of mind, "that you have heard enough—quite enough for to-night. You won't sleep a wink if I let you go on. Go to bed at once, please, and tomorrow I'll come and discuss it thoroughly." And after a gallant leave-taking, he stole out on the professional tip-toe, saying to himself: "I'll sleep over it at all events."

I need go no further. When a widower asks himself, "why not?" and decides to sleep over it, the case is settled beyond a peradventure.

I don't think Miss Usher, nor Mrs. Raymond, knows to this day exactly how it was, though the doctor cleared himself sometime later of the responsibility of the verses. And I shall not believe to my dying moment that the idea would ever have entered his head had it not been for this accident to Bob's little adventure. Poor Bob! That cupid, with parti-colored wings, failed in his duty as far as he was concerned; but then he turned round and wove a spell for two other people, and perhaps that is as much as one can expect of a cupid.

—Heath and Home.

Time for Matrimony.

Among the ancient Germans, than whom a finer race never existed, it was death for any woman to marry before she was twenty years old. By the laws of Lycurgus, the most special attention was paid to the physical education, and no delicate or sickly women were on any account allowed to marry.

Dr. Johnson, in his work on "Economy of Health," says that matrimony should not be contracted until the first year of the fourth septennial on the lady, nor before the last year in the same in the case of the gentleman. In other words, the female should be at least twenty-one years of age, and the male twenty-eight years.

The doctor says there should be a difference of seven years between the sexes of whatever period or time the connection is contracted. There is a difference of seven years, not in the actual duration of life in both sexes, but in the stamina of the constitution, the symmetry of the form and lineaments of the face. In respect to early marriage, so far as it concerns the softer sex, for every year at which marriage is entered upon before the age of twenty-five, there will be on an average, three years of premature decay, more or less apparent of the corporeal fabric.

Female Influence.

How often have I seen a company of men, who were disposed to be riotous, checked all at once into decency by the accidental entrance of an amiable woman; while her good sense and obliging deportment charmed them into at least a temporary conviction that there is nothing so beautiful as female excellence, nothing so delightful as female conversation. To form the manners of men, nothing contributes so much as the caste of the woman they converse with. Those who are more associated with women of virtue and understanding will be always found the most amiable characters. Such society, beyond anything else, rules off the protrusions that give to many an ungainly roughness; it produces a polish more perfect and more pleasant than that which is received from a general commerce with the world. This last is often spacious, but commonly superficial; the other is a result of gentler feeling, and a more elegant humanity of the heart itself is moulded, and habits of unselfish courtesy are formed.

COLDS.—An English professor has lately been lecturing on the theory of "catching cold." We know of several people who understand the practice

National Taxation.

We spoke last week about "protection," and a "protective tariff." We do not believe such a tariff to be either just, humane, or philosophical. No doubt the government has a right to tax the people to any just extent for its support, and for the payment of the principal and interest of the national debt. But that it has any moral right whatever—legal or technical right it may have—to tax one man or one class of men for the express benefit of helping another man or another class of men—that it has a right to impose burdens upon one business in order that another business may thrive, we most emphatically and most solemnly deny. We have a right to legislate money out of our pockets for the support of the civil government, whose protection and benefits we enjoy, but it has no right to legislate money out of our pockets into our neighbors' pockets without giving us at the same time a just and equal recompense. And yet this is exactly what a system of "protective" taxation in practice actually does. It taxes the things which we buy abroad, not for the purpose of a revenue, but for the purpose of compelling us to buy of our neighbor, or our fellow citizen in New York, or Lowell, or Worcester, who makes the article we want, but who persists in asking two or three times as much for it as the foreign maker. Now we do not hesitate to call this downright fraud and robbery. Even though it could be shown that indirectly we should have some of the loss made up to us by the prevailing of other high prices, as for instance, for our labor or our products, yet this is an unwarrantable interference with private right on the part of the government, and must in the long run result in great injustice and great injury to the country.

There has been doubt entertained and expressed of the practicability of a strictly revenue tariff. It is sometimes said that we could not get all the hard cash we want for the payment of interest, out of what would be justly classed as strictly revenue articles. But this is a mistake. Protection yields very little revenue. Protective taxation throws its chief resources not into the treasury of the nation, but into the treasury of the corporations protected. It is not designed for national benefit, but for private advantage, and therefore it ought not to be expected to do much for the national treasury. The fact is the protective tariff is so imposed that the articles most fully reached by it are in many cases prohibited from entering the country. This of course prevents them yielding a revenue to the government, and only suffices to make them, the American productions, enormously high in our markets. So very few of the "protected" articles are good for anything as sources of revenue. The great proportion of our tariff revenue, is raised from articles which would be and could be taxed, under the rule of a purely revenue tariff. They are such articles of luxury and general use that they will bear taxing, and yet the burden will be distributed over the whole people very evenly. These are the principal elements of a true revenue tariff. Tea at twenty-five cents per pound tax would yield ten millions of dollars. Coffee at five cents per pound would yield twelve millions. Spices, fruits, nuts, sardines, chocolate, opium and liquorice, at the present rates of the tariff, would yield six and one-half millions; flax eight cents manufactures five millions more; gloves of skin furs, and silk manufactures about twelve millions; tin plate, blocks, figs, etc., two millions; tobacco and cigars, fifteen millions; spirits and wines of all kinds, twenty-two millions; sugar at three cents per pound, thirty-five millions; and molasses at eight cents per gallon, five millions more.

Now every dollar of the tax thus paid would go into the hands of the government, and none to enrich the monopolists whom this "class legislation"—the most dangerous as well as the most infamous legislation known—has created. Then how simple is it all. Not over twenty articles against the upwards of two thousand which we now levy tax upon. How much easier and cheaper would it be to collect, than the present cumbersome and complicated tax. The price of these things named would be enhanced somewhat, though not very sensibly. But the great business interests of the country would be left free to work their way onward to success. They would have the privilege of buying their raw material where they should choose and where they could get it cheapest; import it and make it up so cheaply that they would defy foreign competition, or else they would make it so much better than the foreign that there would be no real competition.

We should be glad enough when we can see the day that we shall pay all our taxes, direct and indirect, into the public treasury, and not one cent of them into the pockets of monopolists. We have got heartily sick of being taxed for Smith's, or Jones's, or Brown's private advantage.

The President, Wednesday, sent a message to Congress on the subject of the decline of American commerce. He says that it is a national humiliation for this country to be compelled to pay from twenty to thirty million dollars yearly for ocean freight which American citizens should share with other countries. He says a direct money subsidy is less likely to be abused than indirect aid, but recommends the passage of the bill reported by the special committee on the subject.

THE NEWS OF HOME.

Woburn.

An assembly, complimentary to Prof. Atwood, the dancing master, was given in Lyceum Hall, Thursday evening.

The small building next to Bulfinch's market has been torn down and taken away.

The firemen's ball in Lyceum Hall, last week, was very successful in point of numbers, there being some two hundred couples on the floor.

G. R. Gage & Co. have a word to say to the public, especially gentlemen, this week, in another column, which will be read with interest now that the season for a change in clothing approaches.

Mr. Roundy's basement shop, at the corner of Main and Railroad streets, is being fitted into two good stores, one to be occupied by Charles S. Dearing, the watchmaker, and the other by Warren Pierce as a periodical stand.

Rufus Pickering has sold out his granite works, on Prospect street, to Messrs. Roberts & Owens, recently of Quincy, Mass. The latter gentleman is said to be one of the best carvers in granite known to the trade. Mr. Pickering is to have a first class monumental marble establishment on Winn street.

There was an entertainment of a pleasing character in Still's Hall, Thursday evening, given by the members of the Mishawam Division, S. of T., and consisting of interesting dialogues, declamations, singing, &c. The Amateur Cornet band favored the audience with a number of instrumental pieces, produced with fine effect, and much enjoyed.

The Woburn Musical Association will give the last public rehearsal of the season, next Monday evening, in the Congregational vestry. Admission only ten cents,—dors passage cheap, as Billings says.

The services of Mr. Wm. H. Clarke have been secured to give musical instruction in the Grammar schools each Tuesday, the time being divided between the High, Central, Plimpton, Union street, and North Woburn schools.

Stearns, Brown & Co. invite the attention of sober-minded people in general and of old ladies in particular to their large stock of freshly imported teas, only sixty days from Japan, which they are selling at a large reduction from former prices. We recommend the reader to an examination of the tea, assuring you that its strength and flavor will suit to a T.

The main vestry of the First Congregational church presents as elegant and attractive an appearance as that of any similar room we recollect to have ever seen. It has been frescoed and newly painted, and is to have a new desk and clock. It will be ready for occupancy to-morrow, Sunday.

Perley M. Griffin, a graduate of the Woburn High School, and at the breaking out of the rebellion a student at Harvard, and who enlisted and served through the war, at the close of which he settled in Kansas, proposes to give, sometime in April, a lecture in Woburn, on that interesting part of our country.

We are informed that James Buel in tends to move his house, on Main street, near the depot, from its present position, and to erect on the site thereof a large and handsome brick building, as soon as the weather is warm enough to break ground. The building proposed will be let for stores.

Mr. Burges, one of our public spirited merchants, commenced paying out specie this week. But one of his customers "went back on him." He had paid her in change 47 cents, and she stood turning over the ten cent pieces and said, "will you give me the other?" "O yes," replied Mr. B., and gave her the promises to pay in place of specie,—thus betraying a confidence in our national credit.

The manager of the Amateur Dramatic Association, of this town, announces that said Association, with the assistance of well known amateur talent from Boston, will give a second grand dramatic and musical entertainment, in Lyceum Hall, April 6th, when they will present for the first time a new drama written by a Boston gentleman, entitled, "On the Lost." Mr. D. O. Story, the scenic artist, is at work upon new and elaborate scenery expressly for this piece.

C. Tay & Co. have made a practical application of the lesson which the fall in the price of gold has taught, and are reducing their prices to a corresponding low standard. In the one item of crockery ware, they have lowered the price twenty per cent,—housekeepers should make a note of this,—and in other goods likewise. They have on hand a large stock of the best brands of flour, which they are willing to part with for a trifling consideration, and also a full line of groceries.

The establishment of a Conservatory of Music in Woburn bids fair to be a permanent success. In addition to the departments already made known through our columns, Mr. Clarke has engaged Mr. S. C. Perkins, the well-known and popular teacher of military bands, to give instruction upon the Clarinet, Cornet, and other brass instruments. Mr. Perkins is a gentleman of genial manners, much respected as a man who always wins the esteem of those who come under his charge. No one is better fitted to develop the talents of players who are desirous of forming brass bands, or small orchestras.

On Friday evening, March 11th, James W. Horner, Cornelius Corcoran, and several other young men, went on a "lark," visiting several places when they procured that which "steals away the

brain," proving themselves to be more beastly than the beasts themselves. While they were engaged in a fight on Main street, the aforesaid Horner and Corcoran were arrested and committed to the lockup. On the following day they were brought before Justice Converse, and Corcoran pleaded guilty to a charge of "single drunkenness," and paid \$3 and costs. Horner was tried on a charge of assault and battery on Corcoran, found guilty and was required to pay a fine of \$10 and costs, and recognize with sureties to keep the peace for six months, from which he appealed and gave bonds to prosecute his appeal. March 14th, Henry Marcy pleaded guilty to a charge of single drunkenness, and paid \$3 and costs. Same day, Elizabeth Curry, for an assault on Patrick Holloran, pleaded guilty, and paid a fine of five dollars and costs.

Winchester.

The services at the dedication of the new Unitarian Church edifice, of which we made a brief allusion in last week's paper, were very fully attended, notwithstanding the inclement weather, and exceedingly interesting. The services were simple and unique, yet quite appropriate. As a full account of them has been given in the daily papers, we need not repeat it here. All seemed to be greatly pleased with the building and its interior arrangements and adornments. The first of the Sabbath services last Sunday morning, was well attended, and the sermon of the pastor was well adapted to the occasion. The Sunday School occupied the vestry in the afternoon, and seemed more than ever to be prospering, and the teachers and classes found the arrangement of the seats much more convenient.

The Town Reports have made their appearance, bearing the imprint of the Journal Office, and contain the usual amount of interesting matter. The town debt appears to be \$37,882, and was reduced the past year \$3,715. Had the taxes all been paid, there would have been \$4000 of the debt liquidated. The Selectmen in their report refer to some of their doings the past year, and offer suggestions for future action. We commend these words of theirs: "Our highways will require a considerable outlay for some time to come. Your Board believe there is no one thing that adds so much to the attractiveness of a town, as good streets, and that it is of very little use to drop a load of gravel here and there, but to take hold of one street and fix it properly." The engineer of the fire department report the engine and apparatus in good condition, excepting the hose, and they ask for new suction hose, hose carriage and bell. They also recommend the building of reservoirs in parts of the town where water is scarce.

The Committee on the present school report a good account of their doings, and show that their labors have been crowned with a reasonable amount of success. The Trustees of the Library report that the Library is in good condition. They wish for more denominational works, for which they are dependent on individual liberality. Sets of the Baptist and Orthodox publications, alongside of those presented by our Universalist and Unitarian citizens, would constitute a highly desirable addition, making our collection more complete and valuable for reference.

In the report of the School Committee, we are reminded that it is now twenty years, two decades, since Winchester was set off and organized into a town. The committee think that the present is a time to look back to the beginning and trace our educational history—its commencement, its progress and its results—and by comparison of our earlier days with the present, to gather lessons which may aid us in the future. The report goes on to give us the interesting statistics which we have not space here to quote. We will only state that the appropriation for teachers' wages and incidentals was \$1500; the past year \$9000. The schools are said at no time to have been in a more satisfactory condition than now. The school houses need special and extensive repairs. Prof. J. C. Johnson, the present School Committee man, gives as a part of the committee report a brief detail of the duties of this Committee, and wisely suggests an improved method of caring for our school-houses and grounds by having an officer of the town assigned for this special duty, who should have authority to the School Committee much as the surveyor does to the Selectmen. Our own experience upon the Committee in years past leads us to think highly of this suggestion, as relieving the school committee of an onerous burden, and also enabling the schools to have their wants more promptly met than is possible under the present circumstances. We have more than doubled the number of schools within twenty years, while the number upon the Board of School Committee has been reduced one-half. We are of the opinion that our schools are now so numerous, that a larger number upon the Board is not only expedient but highly desirable in view of the numerous calls which must be made upon their time and attention.

A caucus for the nomination of town officers, will be held this Saturday evening, in Lyceum Hall. We hope that there will be a general attendance.

During the session of the High School, last Friday, two valuable overcoats belonging to the pupils were stolen from the ante-room of the school-house.

The town meeting was held on Monday next, at 2 P. M. There were twenty-three articles in the warrant—a larger number than usual—many of them of great importance.

The Ladies Friendly Society connected with the Unitarian Church, have chosen a new Board of officers for the ensuing year, of which Mrs. E. A. Eaton is the President, with an efficient corps of associates officers. This society occupy their new rooms in the vestry of the church this week for the first time, which have been fitted up in a neat, tasteful and convenient manner.

Seven merchants, all doing business on the same street in Halifax, were lost in the steamer City of Boston. They had gone out to purchase their spring supply of goods, and will never more return. This is a sad affliction, indeed.

Having made a scapegoat of Mr. Whitmore, Mr. Butler of Quincy, Congregationalist, has been elected to retain his seat in the house. The offense of the latter, in selling the appointment of a cadet to West Point, was quite as aggravated as that of the former. Whitmore was a loyal man, and did service in the army during the war. Butler was a rebel, and has a record anything but creditable.

The Cambridge School Committee, after a year's trial of a rule that no corporal punishment should be inflicted in the public schools in that city, finding it often violated, and not working satisfactorily, have abandoned it, and adopted a rule that it may be restored under certain restrictions.

Stonham.

Mr. Benjamin Randall, a master carpenter in the employ of the Boston and Lowell Railroad Company, was severely injured at the depot in Stonham, on Monday forenoon, by a fall. When the depot was built, a quantity of unseasoned timber was used in the construction of the roof, and this timber had shrunk, leaving the bolts loose and the roof in a shaky condition. Mr. Randall was engaged in tightening the bolts, and was standing on a beam inside the building, near the roof, when he lost his balance and fell, striking the floor on his hands and feet, and breaking the left wrist and spraining the right. His head struck a barrel, which broke his jaw, cut and bruised his face, and otherwise injured him. He was taken to Dr. Cowdrey's office, where his wound was dressed, and in the afternoon was conveyed to his home in Cambridgeport.

Walden.

The fair that was held here on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, under the auspices of the Grand Army of the Republic, was very satisfactory in its results. The weather and walking most of the time were very unfavorable, or rather perhaps it should be said, that they were very favorable to the preservation of life and limb, for as it was, the hall was too much crowded for comfort or business. With a severe snow storm raging on Wednesday afternoon it was thought by many that there would not be enough present in the evening to pay for lighting up, but the hall was filled almost to suffocation, and numbers went away without gaining access. Many of those who found admittance appeared very much diminished in size the next day, on account of the exceedingly limited space they were obliged to occupy. If the weather had been pleasant, it is impossible to say what disastrous results might have followed. On each afternoon and evening, there was scarcely less than a crowd. Besides the stands of the G. A. R., tables were furnished and tended by several religious Societies, all of which had fine displays and did a thriving business.

The account has not yet been balanced, but it is believed that at least \$1500 profits have been realized. Such facts are very encouraging to the multitude, but a vast amount of labor is required to make them successful, and this labor must be performed by a few individuals comparatively, who, as in the present case nearly exhaust themselves to sickness, and are useless to their families for days, if not for weeks afterwards.

Last Sabbath, Rev. Mr. Adkins delivered his valedictory discourse, in anticipation of an appointment to another field of labor. In his removal from town, the Methodist Society will lose an earnest worker, and a valuable friend, and the community a much respected citizen.

Reading.

Lord's pond sawmill, in North Reading, was burned Sunday morning, March 13th. It caught from the chimney. Loss, \$100. As the wind blew the flames away from the mill, that was not injured. The festival of the Methodist Society last week netted them \$175, which was given as a donation to their pastor, Rev. H. D. Weston. As this Society by an unanimous vote have expressed a desire to have Mr. Weston remain with them another year, is hoped the presiding elder will so decide.

Our roads and sidewalks have been much improved and preserved by the prompt action of highway surveyor G. C. Gleason, in clearing the snow from the gutters and drains, thereby enabling the water to pass off by proper channels instead of washing out the roads and sidewalks as heretofore.

Messrs. James Reid & Co., have lately obtained a new sale, which indicates that they are exchanging their dry goods for cash rather than ever before. Fletcher says he is selling his prints, sheeting and shirting, and ready-made clothing faster than ever, but we think it would pay him to advertise in the Middlesex Journal.

STRANGE TRANSFORMATION.—Recently a couple of young men, representing two fire companies, hired a horse and sleigh to be gone over night. The horse was a bay with black mane and tail. They put their horse up at a hotel stable, and attended a ball given by the Woburn Fire Department. Early in the morning the team was called for, and the parties arrived at Peabody at about six o'clock. The hostler unharmed the team, placed the horse in the stall, and it was not noticed until about eight, that the animal had changed in color, from a bay to a sorrel, and that he had three white feet and a white nose. The sleigh, also, was changed in appearance, and the buffalo robes were of a different pattern. The stable keeper not liking the transformation that had taken place, the team was again hitched up, and after going over the road a second time, all was restored to their former appearance. Undoubtedly the true reason of this transformation was, that there was a great many strange vehicles at the hotel that night, and in consequence the teams got mixed up, and it being in the night time, the parties didn't notice the color of their animal, and the hostler being new at the place, or the mistake would have quickly been discovered.—Peabody Press.

RETAILERS MUST COME DOWN.—The retailers of all kinds of produce and wares are the most tenants of high prices of any class of merchants in the whole mercantile service. They are so, because the people, the consumers, let them set their own price. Each consumer has something else to do beside running about to see where he can buy the cheapest; and individually he buys in so small quantities on single occasions that really the difference does not seem worth minding. If he goes out to buy ten pounds of sugar, a variation of one cent on a pound makes but ten cents difference though it makes thousands of dollars difference in a year.

All other buyers, but the consumer, make it a business to buy in the cheapest market, and hence wholesale prices come down with gold, while retail prices do

not. The wholesale prices of coal, flour, sugar, molasses and wool have followed gold downward with remarkable fidelity since the war. Country produce has not been quite so sensitive, butter having declined only thirty per cent, and apples and potatoes about ten per cent. Pork within a few weeks has fallen twenty-five per cent, but beef has been firm. But in all this list of articles, in which the average wholesale price has declined 50 per cent, the retail price has not fallen 20 per cent. A steak, an oyster stew, and a week's board at a boarding house or at a hotel are as high as during the war. Flour has fallen one-half, but the loaf of bread is sold at the war price for war weight.

Much interest is felt in the price of building material, as affecting new buildings and thus rents. In New York, North river brick sell now for \$9 per thousand, against \$17 a year ago, and Philadelphia brick at \$40 against \$75; good red brick sold before the war for \$1.50 and have never been higher than \$5.75. Lime is \$2 per barrel against \$3 in 1868. Cattle hair for mortar has fallen within 18 months from 65 to 35 cents a bushel and goats' from 80 to 45 cents. Spruce and pine laths sold before the war for \$1.50 per thousand, in 1869 for \$6 and now for \$3 or 3.50. Pine lumber has ranged within 10 years from \$40 to \$80 per thousand and is \$50 now; spruce is worth just half as much and has suffered the same variations, while hemlock is \$5 cheaper than spruce. Brown stone before the war was \$50 cents per surface foot, in 1867 \$1.75 and now is \$1.40. Before the war brickmakers had from \$8 to \$12 a month and they now get \$50, board included in both cases. Bricklayers used to get \$1.75, for the last two years have had \$3, and now get \$4 per day, and plasterers have had about the same experience.—Springfield Republic.

The millennium has come to Westchester, Pennsylvania. Its trial-judge has sentenced a man to a month's imprisonment for stealing an umbrella. Vivacious young damsels may be interested to know that the fashionable handkerchief for flirtation, is an article with diamond medallions of Valenciennes in the corner and a border of the same lace.

The rum bill—and a very "rum" bill it was—that was put through by our House of Representatives has been put out by the other branch of our Legislature. In a full Senate, thirty-nine Senators voted,—the question whether it should pass to a third reading was decided in the negative; 22 yeas to 17 yeas. That matter is disposed of, we may suppose,—for the present.

The Wyoming women having secured their "rights," they forthwith insisted upon being made jurywomen. Having carried this point, they kept half a dozen ladies in a room with them for four successive nights, "waiting for the verdict." The World thinks something ought to be done for the protection of our sex; if the women are going to "carry on" in this way, we agree with the World.

TOWN WARRANT.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, Middlesex, ss.
I, the undersigned, the Town of Woburn, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the warrant of the Town of Woburn, passed at a meeting of the Town, held at the Town Hall, on the 21st day of March, 1870, in pursuance of the provisions of the Statute in that behalf made, and that the same is now in force and effect.

ART. 1. To see to it that the Town Officers to be chosen at the ensuing year.
ART. 2. To hear and act on the reports of the Auditor of Accounts, of the Selectmen, the School Committee, the Library Committee, the Cemetery Committee, and the Highway Committee, for the year ending March 1, 1870.
ART. 3. To hear and act on the report of the Surveyor of the Town, for the year ending March 1, 1870.
ART. 4. To see to it that the Town will comply with the provisions of the Statute in that behalf made, and that the same is now in force and effect.

ART. 5. To see to it that the Town will comply with the provisions of the Statute in that behalf made, and that the same is now in force and effect.

ART. 6. To see to it that the Town will comply with the provisions of the Statute in that behalf made, and that the same is now in force and effect.

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ART. 9. To see to it that the Town will comply with the provisions of the Statute in that behalf made, and that the same is now in force and effect.

ART. 10. To see to it that the Town will comply with the provisions of the Statute in that behalf made, and that the same is now in force and effect.

Fast day, April 7.
Among the best parlor organs is that of a pleasant talking woman.

Ira E. White of Wakefield was sentenced on Monday, by Judge Brigham of the Superior Criminal Court, now in session at East Cambridge, to pay a fine of \$75 and costs for failing to provide sufficient food for his horse.

The Massachusetts Homoeopathic Medical Society is the oldest existing society of that school in this country. It was formed in December, 1840, under the name of the Homoeopathic Fraternity. Its four original members were Drs. Gregg, Flagg, Wilde and Spooner. It now has about one hundred and twenty-five active members.

Idleness and Industry.
A sorrowful sight it is to see
Young men when in their prime,
At blooming twenty—neither prime,
Wasting their golden time,
Sad and the thought, but such is life,
Let us help them if we can,
In idleness let us show humanity to man.

For Moth Patches, Freckles, & Tan.
Use "PERRY'S MOLE AND FRECKLE LOTION." The only Reliable and Harmless Remedy known to remove every blemish from the face. Prepared only by Dr. C. B. PERRY, 49 Bond St., N. Y. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

PIMPLES ON THE FACE.
For Comedones, Black-Heads, Pimples, Warts, Grabs, Pimples, Eruptions, and Blisters, disfigurements on the Face, use Perry's Comedone and Pimple Remedy. Reliable, Harmless, and contains no Lead Poison. Depot, 49 Bond St., N. Y. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat
Requires immediate attention, as neglect often results in an incurable Lung Disease.
Brown's Bronchial Troches will most invariably give instant relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all the Diseases, they have a soothing effect. SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Brown's Bronchial Troches
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

New Advertisements.
SHOEMAKERS WANTED.—Four good workmen on men's slippers, immediately. Steady through the season. Sent forth furnished them. Woburn, March 23, 1870.

Academy Bill.
LAND FOR SALE.—FOUR HOUSE LOTS on Center Street, being part of the Homestead of the late Eli Jones. Terms easy. S. M. ALLEN, 23 Congress St., Boston.

Citizens' Caucus.
The citizens of Woburn are requested to meet at the TOWN HALL, on FRIDAY EVENING, April 1st, 1870, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating Town officers to serve the Town the ensuing year.

House For Sale.
A double house situated on North Warren Street. The house contains 16 rooms, with water in the house. The lot contains about 25,000 feet of land with upland and pear trees in bearing condition. Also, gray cellars, &c. For further particulars inquire of A. A. TRULL, Canal Street, 4127.

Woburn Musical Association.
The last public rehearsal of the season, will be given on Monday Evening, March 28th, at the vestry of the First Congregational Church. Many new Solos and choruses will be presented. To commence at 7 o'clock. Admission, 10 cents.

A Card.
The subscriber having sold his Granite business to Messrs. ROBERTS & OWENS, recently of Quincy, Mass., takes pleasure in introducing them to the trade of Woburn and vicinity, as practical workmen, and well qualified to execute any work pertaining to the granite business. Mr. Roberts being one of the best carvers upon granite to be found in the trade. Consoling among you with these qualifications, I trust they will recommend me to the favorable consideration of all who may want anything in their line.

Granite Work.
The subscribers having purchased of Rufus Pickering his Granite Works on Prospect street, in Woburn, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Woburn and vicinity, that they will continue to do all the business at the same place. We propose to give special attention to the fitting up of

Cemetery Lots with Granite.
In the most appropriate style, and at prices that will not fail to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage. Also, all kinds of Granite Stone for Building Purposes, Furnished at short notice and at reasonable rates. In short we intend to do business on the square, with promptness and dispatch.

Granite Stone for Building Purposes.
Furnished at short notice and at reasonable rates. In short we intend to do business on the square, with promptness and dispatch.

Prospect Street
Woburn, Mass.
ROBERTS & OWENS.

R. PICKERING'S
NEW
Monumental Marble Works,
Winn Street, Woburn, Mass.

Italian Marble Monuments, Tablets and Headstones,
Made of the best material and workmanship. Also MARBLE SHELVES AND MANTEL PIECES.

Sculpture Work done to order. Cemetery Lots fitted up with Granite of American Marble. Carving and Polishing.

All of which will be sold at prices which can not fail to give satisfaction. Remember the place.
Winn Street, Woburn.

MIDDLESEX
Conservatory of Music,
Railroad St., Woburn, Mass.

WM. H. CLARKE
PRINCIPAL.

Two Class Lessons per week for term of 10 weeks, upon the PIANO-FORTE, GABINET ORGAN, and other instruments. Also in SINGING and HARMONY, on Mondays and Thursdays, and Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 2 to 4 P. M. First Term will begin May 20. No new pupils can be received in the classes for the term after that date. Special attention given to beginners. Private Lessons \$10.

FOR

TWENTY

DAYS.

20 Per Cent.

DISCOUNT

ON

CROCKERY,

AT

C. TAY & CO'S.

February Magazine.
The April number of DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, just received, is, if possible, more valuable than any of its predecessors—fine engravings, beautiful spring fashions, entertaining reading matter, etc., etc. If DEMOREST'S MONTHLY is not the model Magazine of this country, we should like to know which one is. Certainly no other one presents such an array of high-toned literary articles, in connection with a brilliant display of reliable fashions, not to mention the numerous other valuable features which go to make up this unique and beautiful Magazine. DEMOREST'S is a decided and unapproachable success. Yearly, \$3.00, with a large and splendid Engraving, worth \$10, as a premium to each subscriber. Address, DEMOREST'S MONTHLY, 838 Broadway, N. Y.

DEMOREST'S YOUNG AMERICA—Young America will find in their favorite periodical for April a fine display of novelties and entertaining stories, which are quite up to its usual standard of beauty and excellence. The April number contains a fine, chromo supplement of the Bobolink, worth the whole cost of the magazine. Yearly, \$1.50, with a beautiful premium, and a chromo supplement in each number. Address W. JENNINGS DEMOREST, 838 Broadway, New York.

The Atlantic Monthly comes with an attractive table of contents. "Joseph and his Friend" is continued with increasing interest. An entertaining narrative is given, entitled "The English Government on the Chinese Court." J. T. Trowbridge continues his lively notes of a trip "Through the Woods to Lake Superior." Mr. Parton devotes himself to some observations, delivered in his usual graphic style, on "Reviving Virginia." J. W. DeForest begins an exciting story "The Lagoon Tragedy." "The Gods of Wo Lee," by Sidney Andrews, is full of instructions on the Chinese topic. "The Blue Jay Family" is pleasantly described by Dr. T. M. Brewer; and Charles Lummis sketches the "Chief of the Choctaws."

Our Young Folks for April has two first rate full-page engravings, entitled "Rye's Fritters," and "The Goose Race," and an abundance of other good illustrations. Among the capital articles, poems, &c., are "We Girls," "Daddy Long Legs and The Fly," "Berrie's Pioneering," "How One Blue Jacket Captured the Picket Boat," "My Hyacinth," "The Two Caterpillars,"—all readable for the young or old folks.

CLEARING OUT SALE OF CARPETS—In order to make room for new spring goods we are selling English Tapestry for \$4.00 per yard, Superfine Ingrains \$1.50 per yard, 3 ply Carpets very low.

See rolls of Cloth and 75 cts. per yard. Ingrain Carpets, all wool, 90 cts. to \$1.15 per yard. A lot of State Carpets for about half price.

JOHN J. FRASLEY & Co., 47 Washington Street.

Died.

In Woburn, March 21, Mrs. H. Josephine Winn, wife of Wm. H. Winn, and daughter of Stephen Dr. W. Esq., of Woburn, aged 25 years, 11 months. Funeral on Monday, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from her father's residence in Woburn. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

In Woburn, March 21st, Mrs. Mary Peabody, formerly of this town, aged 77 years, 3 months.

In Woburn, March 16th, Samuel P. Parker, aged 68 years and 10 months.

In Woburn, March 20th, Margaret Costello, aged 1 month.

In Woburn, March 21st, Oliver G. Parker, aged 32 years.

In Lexington, March 19, William Chandler, Esq., 81 yrs 5 mos.

In Melrose, March 21, Sarah Elizabeth, wife of Rev. F. W. Webster of Stow, 28 yrs 6 mos.

New Advertisements.

Spring Opening!

NEW.

AND

Fashionable Cloths

FOR

SPRING

AND

Summer Wear.

Great Inducements

IN

Goods and Prices.

G. R. GAGE & CO.,

Are making extensive preparations for the season now at hand, and wish to direct the attention of the public to their large assortment of materials for

Gentlemen's Garments.

They are now offering extra bargains in

PIQUETS, CREPES, DIAGONALS, AND FANCY

COATINGS

Of French and German manufacture, and in SPRING OVERCOATS, HATS, and all other kinds of Millinery and Mixtures, in fact and variety. An assortment of

FLAID, STRIPE, and MIXED

CASSIMERES,

For PANTALOONS, will suit all tastes.

Cashmere and Silk Vestings

Involved, all of which will be made up in the LATEST STYLES to suit customers, and satisfaction guaranteed.

A full line of FURNISHING GOODS constant on hand.

G. R. GAGE & CO.

BANK BLOCK,

WOBURN.

EXTRA JAPAN TEAS.

NEW CROP,
60 Days from Japan.

OOLONG
AND
JAPAN
TEAS,

Large
Reduction

FROM FORMER PRICES.

STEARNS, BROWN & CO.

Gold At Par!

DE LAINES.

SPRING ALPACAS.

SPRING PLAIDS.

BLACK ALPACCA.

PLAIN PONGEE.

25,000 yds. DUNNELL'S BEST SPRING CAMBRICS.

Ladies' undergarments and Infants' clothing, very cheap.

All Other Goods in Proportion at

S. H. LIBBY'S,

37 TREMONT STREET.

Opposite Museum.

BOSTON.

Central Fish Market.

E. A. ADAMS

Would inform his old customers and the public generally that he is still to be found at the Central Fish Market.

On Main St., opposite the Common.

And that he continues to supply the public with

FRESH FISH

OF ALL KINDS.

Cod, Haddock, Halibut, Fresh and Salt Mackerel, Pickled and Smoked Fish, and all other kinds of fresh and salt Fish and Lobsters in their season.

OYSTERS AND CLAMS

In the shell, or by the pint, quart or gallon. Also Cakes and Soups, &c.

Thanking the public for past liberal patronage he hopes to attract attention to business and reasonable prices to merit a continuance of the same.

Feb 20 1900 E. A. ADAMS.

Featuring Business For Sale and Stable to Let.

The subscriber offers for sale a good teaming route between Woburn and Boston, doing a large and profitable business. Also, a Stable to let on horse for use of four teams.

Also to let, a small Farm in Woburn, about twenty minutes walk from the center, containing seven acres of land, with good house, barn and outhouse. Terms cash.

For further particulars, inquire of J. B. DAVIS, 325

WANTED.—A small House and Barn with an acre or so of land attached, at reasonable price, with privilege of buying within ten minutes walk from the center, by JAMES MCINTIRE, Main street, Woburn.

Save Money

New Dress Goods daily received. BLACK SILKS

very cheap. ALPACAS from 25c to \$1.00.

In Buying your

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS in great variety.

TABLE LINENS at low prices.

Dry Goods

CURTAIN LACES, PLAIN AND

CHECK CAMBRIC, BRILLIANTS,

MUSLINS, PEQUIES, COT-

TONS, LINENS, HOSIERY.

GLOVES, &c.,

AT

C. A. Smith's,

BANK BUILDING,

Woburn.

MARCH, 1870.

J. W. HAMMOND

Respectfully informs his friends and former patrons, that he has secured the services of a good Hatter as can be found in the State, and will make

CUSTOM HATS

On the "French Contourment," which always insures an easy fit. Old hats made over in the latest style. Repairing of all kinds done at short notice.

All the new and stylish styles of Hats and Caps on our counter as soon as they are to be found in the trade.

J. W. HAMMOND,

Lyceum Building, Woburn.

Having purchased the

Photograph Rooms

IN KELLY'S BLOCK.

Formerly occupied by S. W. Wyman, is now prepared to furnish

PICTURES

IN EVERY VARIETY OF STYLE.

(Usually found in First Class Establishments.)

PICTURES COPIED

With neatness, on reasonable terms; also, enlarged and finished in Ink or Colors.

Remember the place,

Kelley's Block, opp. the Central House.

3rd St. P. H. GOULD.

NOTICE.

The subscriber has disposed of his stock of

PICTURES to WILLIAM B. WYMAN, at the Central House, where may be found all the best of both old and new customers from the Manufacture of Fletcher & Sons, Acton.

Books and Shoes, in all of their varieties of style and quality. Grateful for past favors I hope by strict attention to the wants of the public to merit a continuance.

WILLIAM B. WYMAN,

Woburn, March 9th, 1870.

Having purchased of Mr. A. Roundly his stock of

PICTURES, I will endeavor to supply the wants of both old and new customers from the Manufacture of Fletcher & Sons, Acton.

Books and Shoes, in all of their varieties of style and quality. Grateful for past favors I hope by strict attention to the wants of the public to merit a continuance.

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GEO. F. FOSDICK & CO.,

Successors to J. M. Grosvenor & Co.,

5 Wade Block.

In announcing the above change, the undersigned

invite special attention to their superior and carefully selected stock of

STANDARD

MEDICINES

DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

EXTRACTS

Preparations, &c.,

Which will always be found

Fresh, Pure and Reliable.

Whether manufactured to order, or selected from the market.

Physicians' Prescriptions

AND

FAMILY MEDICINES

Compounded with extra care, at all hours of the day, and delivered by express, or by mail, to any part of the country.

We have also added quite largely to our stock of

FANCY GOODS

AND

Toilet Articles,

Comprising English, French, and American

HAIR, NAIL AND

TEETH BRUSHES,

COMBS,

PERFUMERY,

SOAPS,

POMADES,

HAIR OILS,

COLOGNES

Including Novelties in

Japanese Goods.

Constantly on hand a superior lot of

Fresh Herbs,

Warranted of extra purity and strength.

Perfect satisfaction guaranteed in every particular, and no efforts spared to make this a first class

entirely Drugstore, and one worthy of public patronage and confidence.

The business will have the constant patronage, as usual, of Mr. FOSDICK, who has been connected with the store in the past.

GEORGE F. FOSDICK & CO.,

Woburn, October, 1869.

CARPETINGS,

Upholstery Goods,

Window Shades and Paper Hangings.

We shall offer for the Spring Trade an unusually

attractive assortment of

CARPETINGS,

In every variety of style and quality.

We have enlarged our UPHOLSTERY AND WINDOW SHADE DEPARTMENT, and have placed it under the immediate charge of

MR. J. WARREN WILDES,

whose long experience, well-known skill and excellent taste, is sufficient guarantee that all orders entrusted to him will be executed in a manner that cannot fail of giving entire satisfaction.

We have added a Department of

Paper Hangings,

and have been fortunate in securing the services of

MR. CHARLES C. WELCH, a long experienced artist in some of the first houses in the city fully qualified him to take the entire charge of this department.

It is our purpose to keep a full assortment of goods in all the departments, and offer them at the very lowest prices, and for the most liberal terms. We shall be able to meet a want that has long been felt, in making these customers who desire to have their CARPETS, DRAPERIES and PAPER HANGINGS harmonize in color and design, see the effect of close comparison when making their selections.

THE RIGHTS TO SELL

DR. IRISH'S

OTTAWA BEER.

HAVE BEEN GRANTED BY TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS TO ONE HUNDRED, including ten gallons of BEER.

Persons who want to sell Ottawa Beer, send call on one and secure the RIGHT OF SELLING THE BEER.

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